

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION



## Reno, Sparks and Washoe County, Nevada

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021









#### **REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION**

Reno, Sparks and Washoe County, Nevada

#### **COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Bill Thomas, AICP Executive Director

#### PREPARED BY THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT

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#### **REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION**

Metropolitan Planning • Public Transportation & Operations • Engineering & Construction Metropolitan Planning Organization of Washoe County, Nevada

### RTC BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS



NEOMA JARDON RTC CHAIR City of Reno Council Member



ED LAWSON RTC VICE CHAIR City of Sparks Mayor



VAUGHN HARTUNG
Washoe County Commissioner



BOB LUCEY
Washoe County Chairman



OSCAR DELGADO
City of Reno Council Member



KRISTINA SWALLOW, Ex-officio
Director
Nevada Department of Transportation

AMY MCABEE CUMMINGS,

Deputy Executive Director/

AICP/LEED AP

Director of Planning

### **RTC DIRECTORS**



BILL THOMAS, AICP Executive Director



STEPHANIE HADDOCK, CGFM
Director of Finance/
Chief Financial Officer



MARK MALONEY
Director of Public Transportation
& Operations



ANGELA REICH, SPHR
Director of Administrative Services



ADAM SPEAR, ESQ
Director of Legal Services



**BRIAN STEWART, P.E.**Director of Engineering



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**INTRODUCTORY SECTION** 

December 17, 2021

Honorable Chair, Vice Chair and Members Regional Transportation Commission 1105 Terminal Way Reno, Nevada 89502

Dear Chair Jardon, Vice Chair Lawson, Members of the Commission, and Citizens of Reno, Sparks and Washoe County:

I am pleased to transmit to you the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Regional Transportation Commission of Washoe County (RTC) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed Certified Public Accountants.

The ACFR consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the RTC. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the RTC has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the RTC's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the RTC's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The RTC's financial statements have been audited by Crowe LLP, a firm of licensed Certified Public Accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the RTC's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's opinion is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. The independent audit of the financial statements of the RTC was part of a broader, federally-mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance

with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The RTC's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### **Profile of the Government**

The RTC is located in Northern Nevada. It serves the cities of Reno and Sparks and the county of Washoe. The RTC's designated urbanized service area is 165 square miles and serves a population of 478,355.

Two major sources of revenue for the RTC are fuel tax and sales tax (public transportation tax). Fuel tax and sales tax can be designated for the RTC transportation purposes by the Nevada State Legislature and must be implemented by Washoe County ordinance. By statute, the RTC may exercise the power of eminent domain with the approval of the City or County in which the property lies.

The RTC has operated as a special purpose unit of government since 1979, as a result of legislation approved in the 1979 Nevada State Legislature.

Overall agency guidance is provided by the Commission, which is composed of locally elected officials. Members of the Commission are appointed by their respective political jurisdiction and include two (2) members representing Washoe County, two (2) members representing the largest city in the jurisdiction (City of Reno), and one (1) member representing the other city in the jurisdiction (City of Sparks). They serve staggered two-year terms.

The Commission establishes and approves policy direction for the agency in all program areas. Policy established by the Commission is implemented through a professional/technical staff supervised by an Executive Director.

As the Executive Director, I serve at the pleasure of the Commission and I am considered to be an unclassified employee. The Commission establishes compensation for the Executive Director position. Department Directors and certain administrative and senior level personnel are also unclassified employees of the RTC and are subject to a classification and compensation plan approved by the Commission. Remaining staff are classified employees of the RTC and are also subject to a classification and compensation plan approved by the Commission.

The RTC is responsible for three major transportation programs:

<u>Public Transportation Program</u> – The RTC operates public transportation, for fixed-route, paratransit, and vanpool in conformance with Nevada Revised Statutes. The RTC has the responsibility and the authority to appropriate money from the Public Transit Fund for such purposes and may provide for all functions incident to the administration and operation of public transportation.

Separate contracts have been established for the public transportation elements of the RTC. Keolis Transit Services, LLC, provides turnkey operation for RTC RIDE, the local fixed-route bus system, RTC RAPID, the bus rapid transit service, and RTC REGIONAL CONNECTOR, a commuter service between Reno/Sparks and Carson City. The RTC REGIONAL CONNECTOR service is funded by the RTC and the city of Carson City. The RTC also has a turnkey contract with MTM Transit, LLC, for the operation of RTC ACCESS, the ADA paratransit service and RTC FlexRIDE, an on demand area service. RTC established general service delivery policies for both systems and receives all revenues and purchases and maintains ownership of all assets of the transit operations.

In addition, the RTC helps fund transit service on the North Shore of Lake Tahoe for the Tahoe Truckee Area Rapid Transit (TART) system. The service is provided by Placer County, California, through a contractual agreement, with RTC reimbursing Placer County for the transit service provided in the Washoe County portion of the Tahoe basin.

<u>Transportation Planning</u> – The RTC is designated as the Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) for Washoe County. In that capacity, the RTC is responsible for establishing policy direction for transportation planning. This responsibility includes the approval of the Regional Transportation Plan (RTP), the annual Five-Year Financial Plan, Regional Transportation Improvement Program (RTIP), Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP), and the establishment and approval of federal funding priorities in certain program areas. The RTC provides major project review of the transportation impacts of new projects and developments.

<u>Regional Street and Highway Program</u> – The primary responsibility of the RTC in the Regional Street and Highway program is to approve and implement road projects through a priority-setting process in both the technical and political levels.

#### **The RTC's Budget Process**

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the RTC's financial planning and control. All Department Directors of the RTC are required to submit their budgets for approval by the Executive Director in March of each year. The RTC uses zero-based budgeting. department's budget is presented in extensive line item detail. A budget workshop is held for the Commissioners in February. A draft budget is presented to the Commission in April. Any Commissioners' changes are included in the final document, and that document is presented for a public hearing and approval in May. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., Street and Highway), and department (e.g., Finance). Department Directors may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Executive Director. Any increase in Fund Budgets requires the approval of the Commission. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the major governmental funds, the General Fund, the Regional Road Impact Fee Fund, and the Paratransit Services Fund, these comparisons are presented as part of the basic financial statements. For the nonmajor governmental fund, with appropriated annual budgets, these comparisons are presented in the Nonmajor Governmental Fund subsection of this report, following the basic financial statements. For the Public Transit Fund, the comparison is presented as part of the other supplementary information.

#### Agency Accomplishments – FY 2021

- Adopted 2050 Regional Transportation Plan
- Completed RTC 2020 Annual Report
- Completed Virginia Street Bus RAPID Transit Extension project in Midtown and University of Nevada, Reno areas
- Completed Coordinated Human Services Transportation Plan
- Completed Bicycle, Pedestrian and Wheelchair Count Annual Report
- Completed Affordable Housing Study
- Completed University Area Transportation Study
- Completed Electric and Alternative-Fuels Vehicle Infrastructure and Advanced Mobility Plan
- Completed Lemmon Valley Spanish Springs Connector Alignment and Planning and Environmental Linkages (PEL) Study
- Completed preventative preservation projects:
  - **❖** East Prater Way
  - Greg Street
  - Lakeside Drive
  - Kuenzli Lane
- Completed Safety Improvements:
  - ❖ 270 new pedestrian ramps
  - ❖ 159 new ADA-accessible driveways
  - ❖ 8.1 miles of new sidewalks
  - ❖ 6 new crosswalk warning devices
  - ❖ 5 new crosswalks
  - 6 miles of new bike lanes
- Completed 66 regional signal timing improvements
- Completed 11 bus stop improvements
- Completed ADA improvements at Centennial Plaza & 4<sup>th</sup> Street Station
- Implemented "Dusk to Dawn" safety campaign
- Implemented "Get On. Get Happy." RAPID Virginia Line new extension marketing campaign
- Implemented "Locked Eyes Save Lives" safety campaign

- Implemented expanded FlexRIDE services
- Purchased 17 replacement hybrid-electric buses
- Purchased 2 expansion electric buses
- Purchased 12 replacement paratransit vans
- Received competitive \$23 million BUILD grant for Pyramid Highway project
- Received competitive \$4 million Hybrid Electric Bus & Bus Facilities grant
- Received competitive \$131,700 Transit Infrastructure Monitoring grant
- Received competitive \$298,600 Safety Data Initiative grant
- Received unmodified opinion Certified Audit

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

Local economy – Washoe County experienced strong economic recovery during Fiscal Year 2021 as businesses re-opened post COVID-19 pandemic shut downs. The area's economy is principally based in the trade and service sectors. Although gaming and other recreational activities represent a major portion of Washoe County's economy, the area has diversified its business base with the expansion of distribution, warehousing, and manufacturing facilities. During the fiscal year, Washoe County added 19,500 jobs since June 2020. Several areas of Washoe County employment experienced job growth during the fiscal year, however, the majority of the workforce increases were in leisure and hospitality industry, retail and manufacturing. Manufacturing grew by 2,500 jobs or 10.5%, leisure and hospitality grew by 5,400 jobs or 19.1%, and retail trade grew by 1,900 jobs or 8.3%. Washoe County's unemployment rate as of June 2021 was 4.9%, a 3.7% decrease over June 2020.

Gross gaming revenues showed signs of recovery as statewide they were up 14.2% over the prior year and Washoe County gross gaming revenues were up 33% as of June 2021.

Washoe County's median home sale price increased 27.4% over prior as of June 2021 creating affordable housing challenges in the area.

Due to Washoe County's economic diversification and stimulus funding from the federal government, sales tax revenue for FY 2021 was 16% higher than the prior year. Additionally FY 2021 fuel tax revenues increased 7.7% over the prior year due to a 2% increase in gasoline gallons sold resulting from increased tourism, return to in person school attendance and the reduction of remote work as employees returned to their offices.

Nevada has no personal income tax, and it is a right-to-work state. The State has no estate and/or gift taxes, no unitary taxes, no franchise taxes, and no inventory taxes. These factors have contributed to the State's tremendous growth over the last 20 years and will continue to be important for the State's future growth and continued recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic.

Long-term financial planning – As the Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) for surface transportation in the Truckee Meadows, the RTC uses a cooperative strategy inclusive of all local and state governments and community input. The RTC coordinates, plans, and executes Washoe County's transportation projects to serve the present and the future.

#### As the MPO, the RTC:

- designs and implements the short-range and long-range regional transportation plans for Washoe County;
- acquires federal, state, and local funding for major regional transportation projects;
- coordinates with local jurisdictions to identify traffic impacts from current and proposed residential and commercial development;
- defines measures to relieve congestion;
- creates traffic projections to anticipate and respond to future regional growth; and
- recommends, implements, and monitors new technologies for transit programs.

The foundation of the RTC planning program is a 20-year Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). The current RTP 2050 plan was adopted in March 2021. The RTP had substantial citizen involvement. The RTP serves as the region's long-range transportation plan to accommodate the master-planned developments in the City of Reno, City of Sparks, and Washoe County. The plan addresses all modes of travel including automobiles, transit, bicycles, pedestrians, aviation, rail, and goods movement as well as transportation management strategies to make the system more efficient.

#### Short Term Planning

The Short-Range Transit Program (SRTP) for the fiscal years 2021-2025 was adopted in March 2021. The SRTP serves as the implementation plan for public transit with annual updates over the next five years. The SRTP is driven by the goals and policies of the RTP. The SRTP is a capital-intensive plan. Approximately \$913 million in capital and operating expenditures are programmed over 5 years. Continued changes in the economy and periodic financial forecasts may affect how some projects move forward. RIDE and ACCESS service levels are projected and implemented from this plan.

#### **Debt Management**

The Road Program received a substantial revenue boost when NV Senate Bill 201 (indexing of Local, State and Federal fuel taxes) was approved by the Legislature in June 2009. Collections began in January 2010. In an effort to stimulate the local economy, the Commission deviated from their usual pay-as-you-go philosophy and has initiated four bond sales totaling \$434.6 million. The first bond sale was completed in July 2009, the second in March 2010, the third in December 2010, and the fourth in April 2013. All bond sale funds have been expended and RTC has moved back to the pay-as-you-go method. RTC refunded the 2009, 2010B, 2010C and 2013 bonds providing an average of \$6 million in annual debt services savings. Key future projects in the road program between now and the next 10 years include: the Oddie Boulevard & Wells Avenue corridor project; the Sparks Boulevard corridor project; the Lemmon Drive corridor project, the Mill Street capacity project, Arlington Avenue Bridges, and Pyramid Highway lane widening.

#### **Operational Model**

RTC uses privatization for implementation of the majority of its programs. RTC contracts out with engineering and construction firms for implementation of the road programs. Corridor studies are prepared by engineering and consulting firms. RTC contracts out the operation of RIDE and ACCESS through "turnkey" contracts which are common in the transportation industry. The RTC maintains a staff of 67 employees to oversee the RTC programs.

#### **Awards and Recognition**

The RTC staff, projects, and services were recognized on various occasions in FY 2021 for their commitment to quality and meeting the needs of the community:

- American Planning Association (APA) DeBoer Award for Outstanding Implementation
   Virginia Street Bus RAPID Transportation Project, October 2020
- American Planning Association (APA) DeBoer Award for Outstanding Public Outreach & Journalism South Meadows Multimodal Transportation Study, October 2020
- American Planning Association (APA) DeBoer Award for Outstanding Community Partner – Vision Zero Truckee Meadows, October 2020
- Sun Valley General Improvement District Community Service Award Sun Valley Corridor Study & Improvements, October 2020
- Nevada Governor Sisolak Names RTC "Battle Born Business" for its community contributions during COVID-19 pandemic

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Regional Transportation Commission (RTC) for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This was the 34<sup>th</sup> consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that RTC's FY 2021 ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and anticipate continuing to receive certificates for future fiscal years.

The preparation of the ACFR on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department and the Certified Public Accountants from Crowe LLP. We would like to express our appreciation to all who assisted and contributed to its preparation.

Respectfully submitted,

Bill Thomas, AICP Executive Director

Regional Transportation Commission

Respectfully submitted,

Stephanie Haddock, CGFM Director of Finance/CFO

Regional Transportation Commission

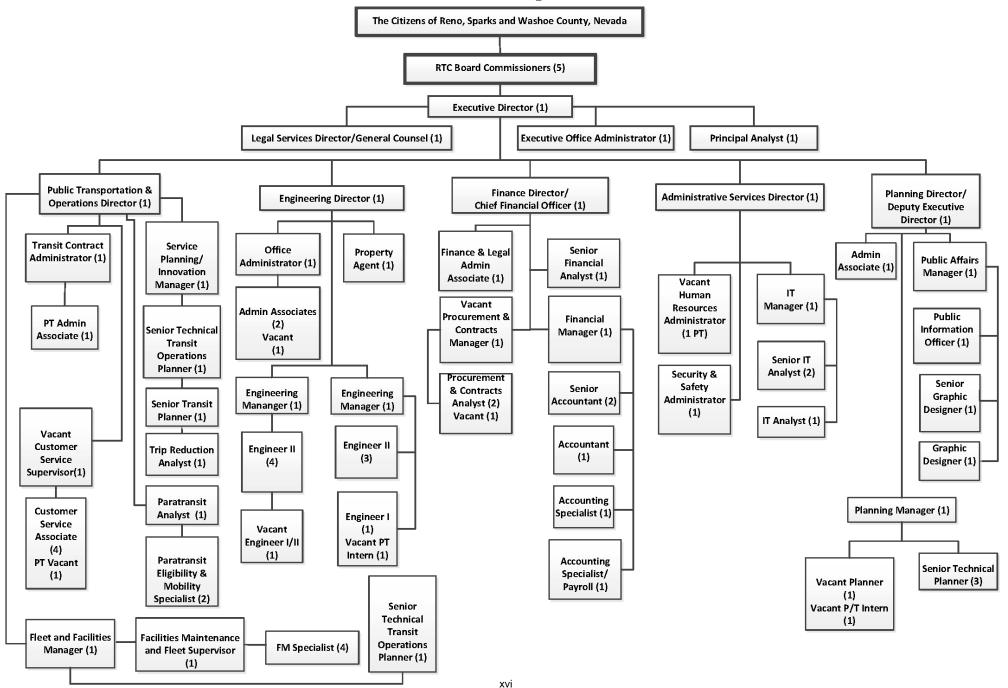
#### PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

#### REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

<u>OFFICE</u>	<u>NAME</u>	TERM OF OFFICE	TERM <u>EXPIRES</u>
Board Members			
Chair Vice-Chair Board Member Board Member Board Member  RTC Staff	Neoma Jardon Ed Lawson Bob Lucey Oscar Delgado Vaughn Hartung	2 years 2 years 2 years 2 years 2 years 2 years	December 31, 2021 December 31, 2022 December 31, 2021 December 31, 2022 December 31, 2022
Executive Director * Director of Legal Services Administrative Services Director Chief Financial Officer Engineering Director Deputy Executive Director Public Transportation Director Legal Counsel	Willam A. Thomas, AICP Adam Spear, Esq. Angela Reich, SPHR Stephanie Haddock, CGFM Brian Stewart, P. E. Amy M. Cummings, AICP Mark Maloney Dale Ferguson, Esq.		Appointed Appointed Appointed Appointed Appointed Appointed Appointed Appointed
Contracts  Acting General Manager General Manager Independent Auditor	Tricia Mumford, Keolis Transit Services LLC Geo Jackson, MTM Transit LLC Crowe LLP		Contracted Contracted Contracted

<sup>\*</sup>The Executive Director is appointed by the Regional Transportation Commission. All other staff members are appointed by the Executive Director.

## Regional Transportation Commission of Reno, Sparks and Washoe County, Nevada Fiscal Year 2021 Organization Chart





#### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## Regional Transportation Commission of Washoe County, Nevada

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



#### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## Regional Transportation Commission of Washoe County, Nevada

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



**FINANCIAL SECTION** 



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Commissioners Regional Transportation Commission Reno, Sparks and Washoe County, Nevada

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Regional Transportation Commission, Reno, Sparks and Washoe County, Nevada (RTC), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the RTC's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the RTC, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Regional Road Impact Fee Fund, and Paratransit Services Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedules of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of RTC Contributions as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the RTC's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, Individual Fund Statements and Schedules, Budget and Actual schedule for the Metropolitan Planning Organization Fund, Capital Assets Used in Operation of Governmental Funds, Other Supplementary Information, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Statistical Section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Individual Fund Statements and Schedules, Budget and Actual Schedule for the Metropolitan Planning Organization Fund, Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Individual Fund Statements and Schedules, Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds, the Budget and Actual schedule for the Metropolitan Planning Organization Fund, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory Section, Other Supplementary Information, and Statistical Section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Prior Year Comparative Information

We have previously audited the RTC's fiscal year 2020 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated November 20, 2020. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 24, 2021, on our consideration of RTC's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the RTC's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering RTC's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California November 24, 2021

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2021

As management of the Regional Transportation Commission (RTC), we are presenting this narrative overview and analysis of the functional activities of the RTC for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information furnished in the letter of transmittal, which can be found in the introductory section of this report.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The RTC's cash and investments exceeded its liabilities due within one year by \$152.1 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The RTC's cash ratio is 5.5, meaning the RTC has 5.5 times the cash and investments available to meet current obligations. Last year's ratio was 3.8. The increase is primarily due to increases in cash balances at year end.
- The RTC's total net position increased by \$48.9 million. Net position of the governmental activities increased by \$34.8 million due to increased cash balances at year-end. Net position of the business-type activities increased by \$14.0 mainly due to increases in capital assets and increases in cash balances at year end.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the RTC's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$169 million, an increase of \$28 million in comparison with the prior year. Most of the increase is due to cash reserved for future road construction expenses.
- > RTC's outstanding bond debt decreased from \$319.4 million to \$312.2 million, as a result of \$7.2 million in principal payments on existing debt. RTC did not issue any debt in the current fiscal year.
- The RTC's total revenue increased 3.5% or \$6.4 million in comparison with the prior year. The increase is due to increases in operating grants and contributions. The RTC's primary revenue sources are Motor Vehicle Fuel tax and Public Transportation (Sales) tax. These two revenue sources comprise 47.7% and 20.3% of the RTC's revenues, respectively. Motor Vehicle Fuel tax revenue increased \$6.6 million or 7.7% due to increased fuel gallons sold and the passage of State legislation authorizing additional indexing of taxes on motor vehicle fuel and special fuel based on a ten year rolling average of the Producer Price Index (PPI). The inflationary increases have been in effect since January 1, 2010. Public Transportation tax increased \$5.6 million or 16.7% due to increased taxable retail sales for the County.
- > The RTC's total program revenues increased 3.5% or \$6 million in comparison with the prior year. The increase is mostly due to increases in capital and operating grant revenues.
- Total expenses were \$144 million, a decrease of 7.4% over the prior year primarily due to decreases in road construction expenses in the general fund. Governmental activities made up 71.7% of the total expenses, a decrease of 2.2% over the prior year. Business-type activities made up 28.3% of the total expenses, an increase of 2.2% over the prior year due to decreases in governmental activities. Operating expenses for public transportation services marginally increased 0.4% for the fiscal year primarily due to the increase in purchased transportation services expense.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the RTC's basic financial statements. The RTC's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the RTC's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the RTC's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the RTC is improving or deteriorating.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements** (continued)

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the RTC's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the RTC that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the RTC include general government activities, street and highway projects, transportation services, and metropolitan planning. The business-type activity of the RTC includes public transportation.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 19-20 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The RTC, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the RTC can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and a proprietary fund.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the RTC's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The RTC maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, the Regional Road Impact Fee Fund, and the Paratransit Services Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds and for the Metropolitan Planning Organization Fund which is considered to be a nonmajor fund.

Additional data for all of the governmental funds is provided in the supplementary information section of this report.

The RTC adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds. Budgetary comparison statements and schedules have been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

#### **Proprietary Fund**

The RTC maintains one proprietary fund. This proprietary fund, an enterprise fund, is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The RTC uses this fund to account for public transportation.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 34-64 of this report.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

#### **Other Information**

Required supplementary information concerning the RTC's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and OPEB to its employees and retirees can be found on pages 66-67.

Other supplementary information, including individual fund statements and schedules providing budget to actual comparisons and schedules of capital assets used in the operations of governmental funds, are presented after the basic financial statements.

The Statistical Section provides detailed multi-year information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the RTC's overall financial health.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE OVERALL FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### **RTC'S NET POSITION**

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Assets:							
Current and other assets	\$ 181,284,962	\$ 162,662,489	\$ 42,273,573	\$ 30,123,156	\$ 223,558,535	\$ 192,785,645	
Capital assets	7,532,425	8,596,308	101,850,921	97,755,097	109,383,346	106,351,405	
Total assets	188,817,387	171,258,797	144,124,494	127,878,253	332,941,881	299,137,050	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:							
Deferred outflows related							
to pension	1,486,434	1,646,942	705,946	790,444	2,192,380	2,437,386	
Deferred outflows related	1, 100, 101	1,010,012	7 00,0 10	700,111	2,102,000	2, 101,000	
to OPEB	6,213,212	918,565	2,950,817	440,863	9,164,029	1,359,428	
Deferred outflows related	-,,	,	_,,,,,,,,,	,	-,,	.,,	
to debt refunding	2,699,014	2,833,965	-	-	2,699,014	2,833,965	
Total deferred outflows				•	· <del>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
of resources	10,398,660	5,399,472	3,656,763	1,231,307	14,055,423	6,630,779	
1.1.1.1041							
<u>Liabilities:</u> Noncurrent liabilities	260 550 500	271 445 002	12,262,747	9,025,977	381,821,345	200 471 060	
Other liabilities	369,558,598 18,491,150	371,445,092 28,256,057	5,673,471	3,999,587	24,164,621	380,471,069 32,255,644	
Total liabilities	388.049.748	399,701,149	17,936,218	13,025,564	405,985,966	412,726,713	
Total liabilities	300,049,740	399,701,149	17,930,210	13,025,504	405,965,966	412,720,713	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Deferred inflows related							
to pension	611,107	897,266	290,230	430,639	901,337	1,327,905	
Deferred inflows related							
to OPEB	643,898	864,985	305,804	415,147	949,702	1,280,132	
Deferred inflows related							
to debt refunding	2,859,825	2,992,280			2,859,825	2,992,280	
Total deferred inflows		. == . =		0.45 -0.0	4 = 40 004		
of resources	4,114,830	4,754,531	596,034	845,786	4,710,864	5,600,317	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital							
assets	7,532,425	8,596,308	101,416,966	97,668,926	108,949,391	106,265,234	
Restricted	159,803,862	136,112,697	-	-	159,803,862	136,112,697	
Unrestricted	(360,284,818)	(372,506,416)	27,832,039	17,569,284	(332,452,779)	(354,937,132)	
Total net position	¢ (102 0/18 521)	\$ (227,797,411)	\$ 120 240 005	¢ 115 238 210	\$ (63,699,526)	¢ (112 550 201)	
rotal fiet position	φ (182,840,331)	φ (ΖΖΙ,ΙΘΙ,411)	φ 129,249,000	φ 113,230,210	φ (03,099,320)	φ(112,338,201)	

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)**

#### **Net Position**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the RTC's financial position. In the case of the RTC, total liabilities exceeded total assets by \$63,699,526 at the close of the current fiscal year. RTC's negative net position results from revenue bond financing of infrastructure assets that are not included in RTC's capital assets (Note O).

A significant portion of RTC's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions (e.g. statutes, bond covenants, and grants) on how they may be used. Restricted net position increased \$23,691,165 from the prior year due to increased cash from revenues restricted for street and highway construction.

Unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors. RTC's negative unrestricted net position decreased \$22,484,353 from the prior year due to increases in cash balances.

Another significant portion of RTC's total net position is its net investment in capital assets, (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. RTC's net investment in capital assets increased by a net amount \$2,684,157 over the prior year due to the addition of replacement buses less depreciation expense.

The RTC did not use debt to acquire capital assets in this fiscal year. The RTC uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. If the RTC uses debt to purchase capital assets in future fiscal years, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay any long-term obligations must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these types of liabilities.

#### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2021

#### **RTC's CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-T	pe Activities	To	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Revenues:								
Program revenues								
Charges for services Operating grants and	\$ 9,796,899	\$ 8,930,193	\$ 3,623,062	\$ 4,618,470	\$ 13,419,961	\$ 13,548,663		
contributions Capital grants and	17,689,294	27,422,267	19,484,023	9,949,185	37,173,317	37,371,452		
contributions	40,314	2,248,687	17,028,411	8,398,433	17,068,725	10,647,120		
Total program revenues	27,526,507	38,601,147	40,135,496	22,966,088	67,662,003	61,567,235		
General revenues:								
Motor vehicle fuel taxes	92,079,885	85,470,620	-	_	92,079,885	85,470,620		
Public transportation taxes	18,037,154	8,769,484	21,074,309	24,750,890	39,111,463	33,520,374		
Investment earnings	52,092	4,303,566	42,819	607,728	94,911	4,911,294		
Gain on sale of assets	-	252,126	(6,223,525)	-	(6,223,525)	252,126		
Other miscellaneous	162,154	692,116	73,655	98,180	235,809	790,296		
Total general revenues	110,331,285	99,487,912	14,967,258	25,456,798	125,298,543	124,944,710		
Total revenues	137,857,792	138,089,059	55,102,754	48,422,886	192,960,546	186,511,945		
Expenses:								
Street and highway	70,199,550	85,664,034	-	_	70,199,550	85,664,034		
Transportation services	9,805,779	10,258,113	-	_	9,805,779	10,258,113		
Regional road impact fees	6,373,470	3,545,325	-	_	6,373,470	3,545,325		
Metropolitan planning	2,892,902	2,794,325	-	_	2,892,902	2,794,325		
Public transportation	-	-	40,716,959	40,541,072	40,716,959	40,541,072		
Debt service	14,112,211	12,947,334	-	_	14,112,211	12,947,334		
	103,383,912	115,209,131	40,716,959	40,541,072	144,100,871	155,750,203		
Total expenses								
Change in net position before transfers	34,473,880	22,879,928	14,385,795	7,881,814	48,859,675	30,761,742		
Transfers	375,000	11,479,329	(375,000)	(260,000)	-	11,219,329		
Change in net position	34,848,880	34,359,257	14,010,795	7,621,814	48,859,675	41,981,071		
Net position - July 1	(216,578,082)	(250,937,339)	115,238,210	107,616,396	(101,339,872)	(143,320,943)		
Net position - June 30	\$ (181,729,202)	\$ (216,578,082)	\$ 129,249,005	\$ 115,238,210	\$ (52,480,197)	\$ (101,339,872)		

#### **Change in Net Position**

The RTC's overall net position increased \$48,859,675 from the prior year primarily due to increases in capital grants and contributions and general revenues. Program revenues are directly related to service activities of a function. Total program revenues increased from the prior year due to capital grants and contributions increase of 60.3% mostly due to timing of grant reimbursements for capital bus purchases. Total general revenues increased \$353,833 or 0.3% from the prior year mostly due to a 16.7% increase in public transportation tax and a 7.7% increase in motor vehicle fuel taxes. Total general revenue increases were offset by decreases in investment earnings and losses on the sale of assets. General revenues represent 65% of total revenues. Total expenses decreased by \$(11,649,332) or 7.5% from the prior year mostly from reduction in street and highway program expenses.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2021

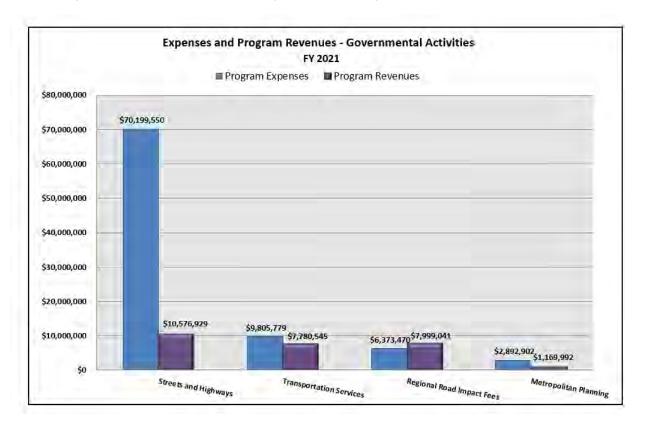
#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)**

#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities include programs for street and highway, transportation services, and metropolitan planning. Governmental activities increased the RTC's net position by \$34,848,880. The key elements of this increase are:

- Motor vehicle fuel tax revenue increased from the prior year by \$6,609,265 or 7.7% due to a 2% increase in gallons sold in FY 2021;
- Public transportation tax revenue increased from prior year by \$9,267,670 or 105.7% due to additional operating transfers from businiess type activities and increased retail sales for FY 2021; and
- Street and highway expenses decreased from prior year by \$15,464,485 or 18.1% due to completion of RTC's Virginia Street bus rapid transit expansion project.

The following chart depicts the expenses and program revenues for governmental activities:

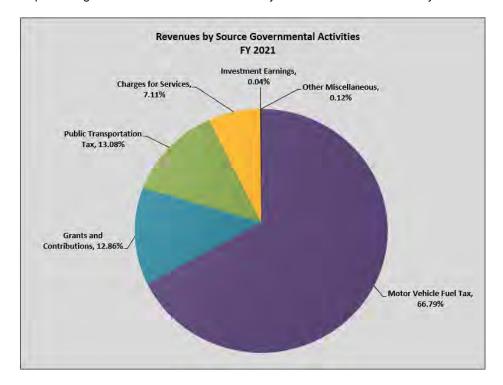


#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

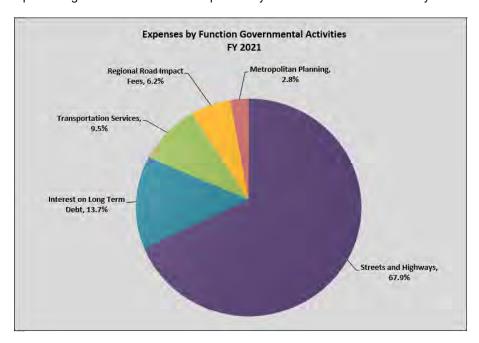
June 30, 2021

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)**

The following chart depicts the governmental activities revenues by source for the current fiscal year:



The following chart depicts the governmental activities expenses by function for the current fiscal year:



#### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2021

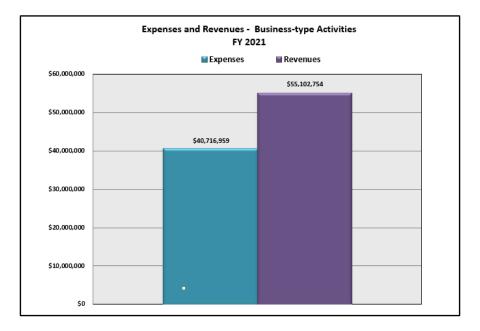
#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)**

#### **Business-type Activities**

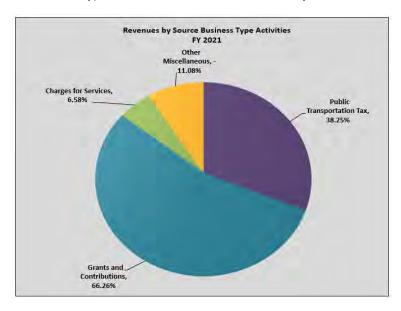
Under this section there is only one program, Public Transportation. Business-type activities increased the RTC's net position by \$14,010,795. The key elements of this increase are:

- Operating grants and contributions increased by \$9,534,838 or 95.8% due to federal CARES Act and American Rescue Plan stimulus funding; and
- Capital grants and contributions increased by \$8,629,978 or 102.8% due to the purchase of seventeen replacement buses.

The following chart depicts the expenses and revenues for business-type activities:



The following chart depicts the business-type activities revenues for current fiscal year:



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE RTC'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the RTC uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the RTC's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the RTC's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the RTC's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$168,822,004 an increase of \$27,876,283 in comparison with the prior year primarily due to increases in cash. Most of RTC's governmental fund balances are externally restricted and limited in their use.

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the RTC. It accounts for all financial resources of the RTC, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. Regional street and highway expenditures for road projects are accounted for in this fund instead of a separate fund in order to reduce undue complexity in budgeting, accounting and other phases of financial management. At the end of the current fiscal year, the nonspendable fund balance of the general fund was \$245,773 for prepaid expenses and deposits. Restricted fund balance was \$114,853,915 for federal grants match and road construction projects. There is no unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

The fund balance of the RTC's General Fund increased \$20,420,663 or 21.6% during the current fiscal year mostly due to increases in cash used for road construction project expenditures.

#### **Debt Service Fund**

The Debt Service Fund is a governmental fund used to account for RTC's debt service requirements. The existing debt in this fund is backed by Motor Vehicle Fuel tax revenues and 1/8<sup>th</sup> percent of Public Transportation (Sales) tax. The ending fund balance at June 30, 2021, is \$22,837,006 and is restricted for future principal and interest payments on revenue bonds.

#### Regional Road Impact Fee Fund

The Regional Road Impact Fee Fund is a special revenue fund for road projects funded with impact fees. The fees consist of two components, cash impact fees and impact fee waivers. Waivers are given to developers for the construction of major arterial roads during development. Waivers are booked as a revenue and expenditure with a net zero effect on the financial statements, therefore, they are not included in analysis of fund balance. Ending fund balance at June 30, 2021, is \$20,714,433 of which \$192,975 is nonspendable for prepaid expenses and \$20,521,458 is restricted for road construction projects. The Regional Road Impact Fee fund balance increased \$2,363,929 or 13% for the current fiscal year mostly due to increases in cash impact fee revenue.

#### Paratransit Services Fund

The Paratransit Services Fund is a special revenue fund, which consists of the paratransit service RTC ACCESS for people with disabilities. The Paratransit Services Fund also records all transactions for the Washoe Senior Ride Program, a taxi subsidy for elderly residents of Washoe County and FlexRIDE a microtransit service. The ending fund balance at June 30, 2021, is \$8,635,235, of which \$25,089 is nonspendable for prepaid expenses and \$1,091,480 is restricted for federal grants match and \$7,518,666 is assigned for future expenditures. Unassigned fund balance is a zero.

The Paratransit Services fund balance increased \$4,059,620 or 89% for the current fiscal year mostly due to \$3,571,244 increase in federally funded paratransit operating expenditures over the prior year.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE RTC'S FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### Paratransit Services Fund (continued)

RTC ACCESS service levels were lower for the current fiscal year and demand for paratransit services decreased due to COVID-19 pandemic. The operating statistics for RTC ACCESS are:

- RTC ACCESS carried a total of 121,468 passengers in FY 2021 compared with 182,556 in FY 2020; and
- RTC ACCESS operated 77,010 revenue vehicle hours in FY 2021 compared with 91,349 hours in FY 2020; and
- RTC ACCESS traveled 1,019,354 revenue vehicle miles in FY 2021 compared to 1,368,087 miles in FY 2020.

#### Metropolitan Planning Organization Fund

The Metropolitan Planning Organization Fund is a special revenue fund. The RTC serves as the Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) for Washoe County. The MPO is funded by transfers of public transportation (sales) tax revenues, fuel tax revenues and federal transportation planning grants. The Metropolitan Planning Organization ending fund balance at June 30, 2021, is \$1,535,642, of which \$22,781 is nonspendable for prepaid expenses, \$569,413 is restricted for federal grants match and \$943,448 is assigned for future expenditures.

The total fund balance increased \$492,107 or 47.2% for the current fiscal year mostly due to increases in cash and federal highway grant receivables for the Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP).

#### **Proprietary Fund**

The RTC's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but this fund's statements provide more detail.

#### **Proprietary Operations**

The proprietary fund consists of an enterprise fund for the RTC RIDE transit system. The RTC RIDE transit system has been in operation since September, 1978.

RTC RIDE ridership decreased 36.7% over the prior fiscal year due to COVID-19 pandemic. RTC decreased revenue service hours and revenue miles due to driver labor shortages and decreased overall demand for transit services. The operating statistics for RTC RIDE are:

- RTC RIDE carried a total of 5,184,734 passengers in FY 2021 compared to 8,185,326 passengers in FY 2020; and
- RTC RIDE operated 265,543 revenue service hours in FY 2021 compared to 308,593 revenue service hours in FY 2020; and
- RTC RIDE traveled 2,839,671 revenue miles in FY 2021 compared to 3,403,183 revenue miles in FY 2020.

RTC RIDE currently operates 26 total routes, including RTC SIERRA SPIRIT, RTC RAPID and RTC INTERCITY most of which operate seven days a week with three routes operating 24 hours per day.

#### Revenues

The revenue sources for the RTC RIDE transit system are a 5/16 percent public transportation tax revenue, passenger revenues, investment income, advertising revenue, and Federal and State capital and operating grants.

In November 1982, voters of Washoe County approved a 1/4 percent sales tax increase for the purpose of public transportation and related support services. This tax is to be used for the operation of the RTC RIDE transit system, transportation planning, paratransit services, and other transportation services. This revenue source cannot be used for the construction of street and highway projects.

Effective July 1, 2003, an additional 1/8 percent sales tax was implemented. This revenue source can be used for public transportation or the construction of street and highway projects as directed by RTC management.

In total Public Transportation tax revenue was \$39,111,463 in FY 2021 compared to \$33,520,374 in FY 2020, an increase of \$5,591,089 or 16.7%.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE RTC'S FUNDS (CONTINUED)

RTC RIDE passenger revenues were \$3,044,093 in FY 2021 compared to \$3,972,632 in FY 2020, a decrease of \$928,539 or 23.4% due to decreases in ridership due to COVID-19 pandemic.

Federal funding amounts, received from the Federal Transit Administration (FTA), are based on nationwide formula allocations included in the Surface Transportation Act and discretionary grants. The RTC has built or renovated five major facilities and currently has a total fleet of 84 coaches. The FTA has participated in most of the transit and paratransit capital acquisitions.

#### Expenses

RTC RIDE operating expenses, including depreciation, in FY 2021 were \$40,716,959 compared to \$40,541,072 in FY 2020, an increase of \$175,887 or 0.4%; due to marginal increases in purchased transportation services expense.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Total revenues were over budget by \$9,864,039 primarily due to additional operating transfers of 1/8th Public Transportation tax used on road construction expenditures. Total expenditures were \$34,858,379 under budget due to the timing of planned road construction projects.

#### **CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

#### **Capital Assets**

The RTC's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$109,383,346 (net of accumulated depreciation). The RTC's net investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year increased \$3,031,941 or 2.8% mostly due to the addition of replacement buses, replacement CNG vans, new RAPID station, and replacement bus shelters.

Capital spending decisions are based upon:

- Needs defined in the Regional Transportation Plan, and
- The availability of FTA funding and local funding

Major capital assets events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Seventeen replacement buses \$12,197,445.
- Two electric buses and chargers \$2,365,163.
- Twelve replacement CNG vans \$1,723,994
- New RAPID station \$701,104.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2021

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (CONTINUED)

#### **Capital Assets** (continued)

	(Expressed in Thousands)										
	Governmen	tal .	Activities		Business-Type Activities						
	2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020
Land	\$ 2,282	\$	2,282	\$	16,682	\$	16,682	\$	18,964	\$	18,964
Water Rights	1,300		1,300		-		-		1,300		1,300
Construction in progress	453		2,133		10,256		13,770		10,709		15,903
Total capital assets											
not being depreciated	4,035		5,715		26,938		30,452		30,973		36,167
Coaches/vehicles	6,931		6,420		58,013		47,660		64,944		54,080
Buildings and leasehold											
improvements	6,742		6,742		65,946		65,946		72,688		72,688
Miscellaneous equipment	2,337		2,337		7,628		7,100		9,965		9,437
Computer equipment	-		-		1,878		1,749		1,878		1,749
Office furniture	-		-		128		128		128		12
Passenger shelters	-		-		12,295		11,594		12,295		11,59
Communications equipment	-		-		2,103		2,011		2,103		2,01
Revenue collection equipment	-		-		1,568		1,568		1,568		1,568
	16,010		15,499		149,559		137,756		165,569		153,255
Accumulated depreciation	(12,513)		(12,617)		(74,644)		(70,452)		(87,157)		(83,069
Total capital assets											
being depreciated (net)	3,497		2,882		74,915		67,304		78,412		70,186
Capital assets (net)	\$ 7,532	\$	8,597	\$	101,853	\$	97,756	\$	109,385	\$	106,35

Additional information on the RTC's capital assets can be found in Note E in the Notes to the Financial Statements and the Supplementary Information section.

#### **Long-term Debt**

At the end of the fiscal year, RTC had total bonded debt outstanding of \$312,215,000. The proceeds from all bond issues are used for financing the construction of street and highway projects. RTC's current fiscal year outstanding debt decreased \$7.2 million as a result of debt principal payments on debt.

Additional information of the RTC's long-term debt including a roll-forward of debt, debt issues outstanding and future debt service requirements can be found in Notes I and J in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

- Prior to COVID-19 economic, Nevada economy experienced steady growth in retail sales, jobs, and the housing market.
- Nevada overall unemployment rate of 7.8% for June 2021 is down 7.6% in comparison to June 2020 but 1.9% higher than the national average of 5.9% at June 2021 due to lingering impacts of COVID-19 pandemic.
- Washoe County's unemployment rate was at 4.9% in June 2021, down 3.7% in comparison to June 2020.
- Nevada experienced overall job increase of 11.6% with the largest employment rebound in leisure and hospitality industry. As of June 2021, Nevada added back 138,700 jobs with reopening of businesses due to relaxed business restrictions related to COVID-19 pandemic.
- Washoe County experienced overall increase of 8.6% or 19,500 jobs with the largest employment incline in leisure and hospitality and food service and drinking places.
- Consumer Price Index (CPI) was 5.1% for the western region for June 2021 up 3.9% in comparison to June 2020...
- Nevada's statewide taxable sales increased 10.3% for FY 2021. Reno-Sparks taxable sales increased 19.4% for FY 2021 as the County starts to recover from impacts of COVID-19 pandemic.
- Median home sale prices in Washoe County increased 27.4% in June of 2021 as compared to June of 2020.
- Washoe County fuel consumption was up 1.98% for FY 2021 and Nevada's statewide fuel consumption was up 1.1% for FY 2021. The fiscal year fuel consumption increases are attributed to reopening of businesses and increased tourism travel.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the RTC's budget for fiscal year 2022.

#### **REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the RTC's finances for all those with an interest in the RTC's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, Regional Transportation Commission, 1105 Terminal Way, Suite 300, Reno, NV 89502.



**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2021

	Primary Government						
		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
Assets							
Cash and investments in custody of County Treasurer Cash in bank and on hand Restricted cash and investments	\$	116,735,036 17,142,773 22,765,068	\$	20,545,096 8,458,492 -	\$	137,280,132 25,601,265 22,765,068	
Accounts receivable		220,189		123,360		343,549	
Due from federal government		1,634,943		5,453,489		7,088,432	
Due from State of Nevada		19,264,434		7,344,410		26,608,844	
Interest receivable		1,168,400		55,863		1,224,263	
Impact fees receivable		1,688,027		(470 474)		1,688,027	
Internal balances		179,474		(179,474)		- 168.074	
Inventory Prepaid expenses, deposits and other assets Capital Assets:		486,618		168,074 304,263		790,881	
Land and construction in progress		2,735,448		26,937,329		29,672,777	
Water Rights		1,300,000		-		1,300,000	
Property, buildings and equipment, net							
of accumulated depreciation		3,496,977		74,913,592		78,410,569	
Total assets		188,817,387		144,124,494		332,941,881	
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred outflows related to pension		1,486,434		705,946		2,192,380	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		6,213,212		2,950,817		9,164,029	
Deferred outflows related to debt refunding		2,699,014		-		2,699,014	
Total deferred outflows of resources		10,398,660		3,656,763		14,055,423	
Liabilities							
Accounts payable		10,019,402		2,806,965		12,826,367	
Retentions payable		903,004		433,951		1,336,955	
Accrued liabilities		212,724		2,426,355		2,639,079	
Unearned revenue		13,750		6,200		19,950	
Interest payable		7,342,270		-		7,342,270	
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Due within one year		9,402,041		-		9,402,041	
Due in more than one year		335,184,043		-		335,184,043	
Net pension liability		8,176,356		3,883,166		12,059,522	
Total OPEB liability		16,796,158		8,379,581		25,175,739	
Total liabilities		388,049,748		17,936,218	-	405,985,966	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred inflows related to pension		611,107		290,230		901,337	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		643,898		305,804		949,702	
Deferred inflows related to debt refunding		2,859,825				2,859,825	
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,114,830		596,034		4,710,864	
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		7,532,425		101,416,966		108,949,391	
Street and highway construction		133,363,380		-		133,363,380	
Federal grants match		3,672,886		-		3,672,886	
Debt service		22,767,596				22,767,596	
Total restricted net position		159,803,862		- 07 000 000		159,803,862	
Unrestricted	_	(360,284,818)	_	27,832,039		(332,452,779)	
Total net position	\$	(192,948,531)	\$	129,249,005	\$	(63,699,526)	

## **STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**

Year ended June 30, 2021

				ı	>ro	gram Revenue	s			•	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary government		Expenses	_	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	E	Business-type Activities	Total		
Governmental activities: Street and highway Transportation services Regional road impact fees Metropolitan planning Interest on long-term debt	\$	70,199,550 9,805,779 6,373,470 2,892,902 14,112,211	\$	1,515,850 282,008 7,999,041 -	\$	9,061,079 7,458,223 - 1,169,992	\$	- 40,314 - -	\$	(59,622,621) (2,025,234) 1,625,571 (1,722,910) (14,112,211)	\$	- \$ - - -	(59,622,621) (2,025,234) 1,625,571 (1,722,910) (14,112,211)		
Total governmental activities		103,383,912		9,796,899		17,689,294		40,314		(75,857,405)		-	(75,857,405)		
Business-type activities: Public Transportation Total primary government	\$	40,716,959 144,100,871	\$	3,623,062 13,419,961		19,484,023 37,173,317	\$	17,028,411 17,068,725	. <u> </u>	(75,857,405)		(581,463) (581,463)	(581,463) (76,438,868)		
General revenues:  Motor vehicle fuel tax Public transportation tax Investment earnings Loss on sale of capital assets Miscellaneous							92,079,885 18,037,154 52,092 - 162,154		21,074,309 42,819 (6,223,525) 73,655	92,079,885 39,111,463 94,911 (6,223,525) 235,809					
	Tı	ransfers Total general	rev	enues and tran	sfe	rs			_	375,000 110,706,285	_	(375,000) 14,592,258	125,298,543		
		Change in ne	t pc	sition						34,848,880		14,010,795	48,859,675		
		et position - be et position - e	_	• •					\$	(227,797,411) (192,948,531)	\$	115,238,210 129,249,005 \$	(112,559,201) (63,699,526)		

# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2021

	Major Funds						
		General Fund		Debt Service Fund			
Assets							
Cash and investments in custody of County Treasurer Cash in bank and on hand Restricted cash and investments	\$	93,444,851 10,883,288	\$	54,309 15,101 22,765,068			
Accounts receivable Due from federal government Due from other government		209,259 11,393 18,684,102		-			
Interest receivable Impact fees receivable Prepaids and other assets Due from other funds		187,693 - 243,588 3,675,350		5,134 - -			
Deposits		2,185		<u> </u>			
Total assets	\$	127,341,709	\$	22,839,612			
Liabilities							
Accounts payable Retentions payable	\$	8,265,048 773,759	\$	2,606			
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds		212,708 2,872,170		-			
Unearned revenue		13,750					
Total liabilities		12,137,435		2,606			
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue - state grants Unavailable revenue - other reimbursements		10,834 93,752		<u> </u>			
Total deferred inflows of resources		104,586		<u> </u>			
Fund balances Nonspendable:							
Prepaids Deposits Restricted for:		243,588 2,185		- -			
Federal grants match Street and highway construction		2,011,993 112,841,922		-			
Debt service Assigned: Subsequent year's actual & budget: appropriation		-		22,767,596			
of fund balance		<u>-</u>		69,410			
Total fund balances		115,099,688		22,837,006			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	127,341,709	\$	22,839,612			

 Major Funds				nmajor Fund		
Regional Road Impact Fee Fund		Paratransit Services Fund		Metropolitan Planning Organization Fund		Total Governmental Funds
\$ 16,377,947 2,887,613	\$	6,275,563 2,246,156	\$	582,366 1,110,615	\$	116,735,036 17,142,773
- - -		- 10,930 1,082,608		- - 540,942		22,765,068 220,189 1,634,943
- 39,308 1,688,027		580,332 10,555 -		1,676 -		19,264,434 244,366 1,688,027
192,975 - -		25,089 - -		22,781 - -		484,433 3,675,350 2,185
\$ 21,185,870	\$	10,231,233	\$	2,258,380	\$	183,856,804
\$ 280,012 129,245	\$	1,346,820	\$	124,917	\$	10,019,403 903,004
62,180 -		16 249,162 -		312,364 -		212,724 3,495,876 13,750
471,437		1,595,998		437,281		14,644,757
- -		- -		285,457 <u>-</u>		296,291 93,752
 -		-	_	285,457		390,043
192,975 -		25,089 -		22,781 -		484,433 2,185
20,521,458		1,091,480 - -		569,413 - -		3,672,886 133,363,380 22,767,596
 <u>-</u> .		7,518,666		943,448		8,531,524
 20,714,433		8,635,235		1,535,642		168,822,004
\$ 21,185,870	\$	10,231,233	\$	2,258,380	\$	183,856,804

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

## June 30, 2021

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 168,822,004
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.  Capital assets used in the operation of governmental funds  Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 20,045,799 (12,513,374)	7,532,425
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		390,043
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds  Governmental bonds payable	(312,215,000)	
Bond premiums and discounts Accrued interest payable Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	(31,551,323) (7,342,270) (819,761) (16,796,158)	(368,724,512)
Build America Bond credits are not due in the current period and are not reported in the governmental funds		924,024
Net pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds		(8,176,356)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to debt refunding are applicable to reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		(160,800)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		5,569,314
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		875,327
Net position of governmental activities		\$ (192,948,531)

# Regional Transportation Commission Reno, Sparks and Washoe County, Nevada STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## Year ended June 30, 2021

	Major Funds					
		General Fund		Debt Service Fund		
Revenues						
Motor vehicle fuel tax	\$	92,079,885	\$	-		
Public transportation tax		13,037,154		-		
Impact fees Passenger fares		-		-		
Project reimbursements		1,436,188		_		
Transportation planning, operating and capital grants, and contributions:		,,				
State of Nevada Department of Transportation State of Nevada Department of Health and Human Services		2,000,000		-		
Federal Transit Administration		7,050,245		-		
Federal Highway Administration		-		-		
Office of the Secretary of Transportation Investment income		- 13,702		- 41,584		
Miscellaneous		72,436		41,504		
Total revenues		115,689,610		41,584		
Expenditures						
Current:						
Street and highway		68,970,756		-		
Transportation services Metropolitan planning		-		-		
Capital outlay:		-		_		
Equipment		-		-		
Debt service:						
Principal		-		7,185,000		
Interest Debt service fees and other fiscal charges		-		15,764,784 25,027		
Total expenditures		68,970,756		22,974,811		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		00,370,730		22,374,011		
(under) expenditures	-	46,718,854		(22,933,227)		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		-		23,473,191		
Transfers out		(26,298,191)		<u> </u>		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(26,298,191)		23,473,191		
Net change in fund balances		20,420,663		539,964		
Fund balances - beginning	_	94,679,025	_	22,297,042		
Fund balances - ending	\$	115,099,688	\$	22,837,006		

	Major Fu		ajor Fund		
Regional Ro Impact Fee F		Paratransit Services Fund	Metropolitan Planning Organization Fund		 Total Governmental Funds
\$	- (	-	\$	-	\$ 92,079,885
7,000	-	5,000,000		-	18,037,154
7,999	,041	282,008		_	7,999,041 282,008
	-	-		-	1,436,188
	-	-		-	2,000,000
	-	949,215 6,549,322		-	949,215 13,599,567
	-	0,349,322		739,534	739,534
	-	_		145,000	145,000
38	,358	(42,027)		475	52,092
	<u> </u>	106,228		_	 178,664
8,037	,399_	12,844,746		885,009	 137,498,348
6,373	,470 - -	- 8,881,761 -		- - 2,892,902	75,344,226 8,881,761 2,892,902
	-	(96,635)		-	(96,635)
	- - -	- - -		- - -	7,185,000 15,764,784 25,027
6,373	,470	8,785,126		2,892,902	 109,997,065
1,663		4,059,620		(2,007,893)	 27,501,283
700	,000	<u>.</u>		2,500,000	26,673,191 (26,298,191)
700	,000	-		2,500,000	 375,000
2,363		4,059,620		492,107	 27,876,283
18,350	.504	4,575,615		1,043,535	140,945,721
\$ 20,714		\$ 8,635,235	\$	1,535,642	\$ 168,822,004

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# Year ended June 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 27,876,283
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities the cost of these assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.  Capital outlay  Current year depreciation expense	\$ (96,635) (1,108,701)	(1,205,336)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds.		537,709
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of bond premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities.		
Principal payments	7,185,000	7,185,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Change in compensated absences Change in other post-employment benefits (OPEB) Change in accrued interest payable and bond premium Change in interest credits due from federal government	86,506 (1,113,614) 1,650,612 1,961	625,465
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures when made. However, in the statement of activities pension expense is the cost of benefits earned, adjusted for member contributions, the recognition of changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and investment experience.		
Contributions Pension expense	1,816,719 (1,986,960)	(170,241)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 34,848,880

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

#### Year ended June 30, 2021

	 Budgete	d A	mounts	Actual	Variance to
	 Original		Final	 Amounts	 Final Budget
Revenues					
Motor vehicle fuel tax	\$ 89,668,203	\$	89,668,203	\$ 92,079,885	\$ 2,411,682
Public transportation tax	2,464,189		2,464,189	13,037,154	10,572,965
Project reimbursements	1,720,100		1,720,100	1,436,188	(283,912)
Transportation planning and operating grants:					
State of Nevada Department of					
Transportation	-		-	2,000,000	2,000,000
Federal Transit Administration	31,845		31,845	7,050,245	7,018,400
Federal Highway Administration	10,881,234		10,881,234		(10,881,234)
Investment income	1,010,000		1,010,000	13,702	(996,298)
Miscellaneous	 50,000	_	50,000	 72,436	 22,436
Total revenues	 105,825,571	_	105,825,571	 115,689,610	 9,864,039
Expenditures Current:					
Street and highway	 103,829,135		103,829,135	 68,970,756	 34,858,379
Total expenditures	 103,829,135	_	103,829,135	 68,970,756	 34,858,379
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	 1,996,436	_	1,996,436	 46,718,854	 44,722,418
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers out	 (25,632,777)		(25,632,777)	 (26,298,191)	 (665,414)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (25,632,777)	_	(25,632,777)	 (26,298,191)	 (665,414)
Net change in fund balance	(23,636,341)		(23,636,341)	20,420,663	44,057,004
Fund balance - beginning	65,168,062		65,168,062	 94,679,025	 29,510,963
Fund balance - ending	\$ 41,531,721	\$	41,531,721	\$ 115,099,688	\$ 73,567,967

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (Regional Road Impact Fee Fund)

Year ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance to		
		Original		Final		Amounts		Final Budget
Revenues Impact fees Project reimbursements	\$	20,600,120 5,000	\$	20,600,120 5,000	\$	7,999,041	\$	(12,601,079) (5,000)
Investment income Miscellaneous		200,000 1,000		200,000 1,000		38,358		(161,642) (1,000)
Total revenues		20,806,120		20,806,120		8,037,399		(12,768,721)
Expenditures Current:								
Street and highway		22,786,407		22,786,407		6,373,470		16,412,937
Total expenditures		22,786,407		22,786,407		6,373,470		16,412,937
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,980,287)		(1,980,287)		1,663,929		3,644,216
Other financing sources								
Transfers in		500,000		500,000		700,000		200,000
Total other financing sources		500,000		500,000		700,000		200,000
Net change in fund balance		(1,480,287)		(1,480,287)		2,363,929		3,844,216
Fund balance - beginning		17,514,205		17,514,205	_	18,350,504		836,299
Fund balance - ending	\$	16,033,918	\$	16,033,918	\$	20,714,433	\$	4,680,515

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (Paratransit Services Fund)

Year ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance to	
	Original Final		Amounts			Final Budget		
Revenues								
Public transportation tax Passenger fares Transportation planning, operating and capital grants, and contributions: State of Nevada Department of Health and	\$	5,000,000 516,481	\$	5,000,000 516,481	\$	5,000,000 282,008	\$	(234,473)
Human Services Federal Transit Administration Investment income Miscellaneous		826,126 4,710,291 30,000 1,000		826,126 4,710,291 30,000 1,000		949,215 6,549,322 (42,027) 106,228		123,089 1,839,031 (72,027) 105,228
Total revenues		11,083,898		11,083,898		12,844,746		1,760,848
Expenditures Current: Transportation services Capital outlay:		12,252,682		12,252,682		8,881,761		3,370,921
Equipment		689,000		689,000		(96,635)		785,635
Total expenditures		12,941,682		12,941,682		8,785,126		4,156,556
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,857,784)		(1,857,784)		4,059,620	_	5,917,404
Other financing sources Sale of capital assets		5,000		5,000				(5,000)
Total other financing sources		5,000		5,000		-		(5,000)
Net change in fund balance		(1,852,784)		(1,852,784)		4,059,620		5,912,404
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending	\$	2,169,220 316,436	\$	2,169,220 316,436	\$	4,575,615 8,635,235	\$	2,406,395 8,318,799

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND ENTERPRISE FUND (Public Transit Fund)

# June 30, 2021 with comparative amounts at June 30, 2020

	2021	2020
Assets		
Current assets:	\$ 20.545.096	¢ 10.170.727
Cash in custody of County Treasurer Cash in bank and on hand	\$ 20,545,096 8,458,492	\$ 19,179,727 1,938,386
Accounts receivable	123,360	107,856
Due from federal government	5,453,489	3,703,345
Due from State of Nevada	7,344,410	5,888,933
Interest receivable	55,863	43,287
Due from other funds	2,976,732	257,747
Inventory	168,074	80,566
Prepaid expenses	304,263	363,499
Total current assets	45,429,779	31,563,346
Noncurrent assets:		
Property, buildings, and equipment, net	101,850,921	97,755,097
Total assets	147,280,700	129,318,443
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows related to pension	705,946	790,444
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	2,950,817	440,863
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,656,763	1,231,307
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	2,806,965	3,842,514
Retentions payable	433,951	86,171
Accrued liabilities	2,426,355	64,702
Unearned revenue	6,200	6,200
Due to other funds	3,156,206	1,440,190
Total current liabilities	8,829,677	5,439,777
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Other post-employment benefits	8,379,581	5,231,129
Net pension liability	3,883,166	3,794,848
Total liabilities	21,092,424	14,465,754
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows related to pension	290,230	430,639
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	305,804	415,147
Total deferred inflows of resources	596,034	845,786
Net Position	404 440 000	07.000.000
Net investment in capital assets	101,416,966	97,668,926
Unrestricted  Total net position	27,832,039 \$ 129,249,005	17,569,284 \$ 115,238,210
rotal net position	Φ 129,249,005	φ 110,230,210

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND ENTERPRISE FUND (Public Transit Fund)

# Year ended June 30, 2021 With comparative amounts for the year ended June 30, 2020

	2021	2020
Operating revenues:		
Passenger fares	\$ 3,044,093	\$ 3,972,632
Bus advertising	178,240	245,866
Rental income	400,729	399,972
Miscellaneous	73,655	98,180
Total operating revenues	3,696,717	4,716,650
Operating expenses:		
General administration	32,944,659	32,745,725
Depreciation	7,772,300	7,795,347
Total operating expenses	40,716,959	40,541,072
Operating loss	(37,020,242)	(35,824,422)
Nonoperating revenues: Operating subsidies:		
Federal government grants Other revenue:	19,484,023	9,949,185
Public transportation tax	8,037,155	13,672,952
Public transportation taxes pledged	13,037,154	11,077,938
Investment income	42,819	607,728
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	(6,223,525)	-
Total nonoperating revenues	34,377,626	35,307,803
Loss before capital contributions		
and transfers	(2,642,616)	(516,619)
Capital contributions:		
Federal grants	17,028,411	8,359,976
State grants		38,457
Total capital contributions	17,028,411	8,398,433
Transfers:		
Transfers out	(375,000)	(260,000)
Total transfers	(375,000)	(260,000)
Change in net position	14,010,795	7,621,814
Net position - beginning of year	115,238,210	107,616,396
Net position - ending	\$ 129,249,005	\$ 115,238,210

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND ENTERPRISE FUND (Public Transit Fund)

# Year ended June 30, 2021 With comparative amounts for the year ended June 30, 2020

	2021	2020
Cash flows from operating activities	 	
Cash received from customers	\$ 3,330,243	\$ 4,456,301
Cash received from other funds	300,324	300,324
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(29,843,623)	(28,567,236)
Cash compensation and employee benefits	 (1,539,504)	 (3,508,906)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	 (27,752,560)	 (27,319,517)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
Operating grants	17,754,291	9,907,029
Transfers to other funds	(375,000)	(260,000)
Public transportation tax received	19,623,390	24,375,408
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	37,002,681	34,022,437
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Acquisition of capital assets	(21,804,590)	(10,866,921)
Capital contributions	17,007,999	8,773,255
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	3,401,704	-
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related	 -, ,	
financing activities	 (1,394,887)	 (2,093,666)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Investment income	 30,241	622,457
Net shares in each and each assistants	7 005 475	E 224 744
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	7,885,475	5,231,711
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	 21,118,113	15,886,402
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 29,003,588	\$ 21,118,113
Noncash capital and related financing activities		
Amounts due to FTA for sale of capital assets	2,348,861	-

(continued)

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND - CONTINUED ENTERPRISE FUND (Public Transit Fund)

## Year ended June 30, 2021 With comparative amounts for the year ended June 30, 2020

	2021	2020
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in		
operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$ (37,020,242)	\$ (35,824,422)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss		
to net cash used for operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	7,772,300	7,795,347
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	(20,063)	67,314
Decrease (increase) in inventory	(87,513)	83,176
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	59,236	(10,442)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(1,035,549)	1,632,407
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	32,407	(62,830)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability	529,155	48,218
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	2,017,709	(1,048,285)
Total adjustments	 9,267,682	8,504,905
Net cash used for operating activities	\$ (27,752,560)	\$ (27,319,517)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Regional Transportation Commission of Reno, Sparks and Washoe County, Nevada (RTC) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental and Financial Reporting Standards, which along with subsequent GASB pronouncements, constitutes GAAP for governmental units. A summary of RTC's significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements follows.

#### Reporting Entity

The Regional Transportation Commission of Reno, Sparks and Washoe County was created through an Interlocal Cooperative Agreement signed in May 1978 by Washoe County, the City of Reno and the City of Sparks. It became the Regional Transportation Commission (RTC) in July 1979. The agreement was amended in 1985 when these three public entities delegated their powers to the Commission in order to consolidate the administration and operation of public mass transportation in Washoe County. The Commission operates as a governing board with two representatives selected by the Washoe County Board of Commissioners, two representatives selected by the City Council of the City of Reno and one representative selected by the City Council of the City of Sparks.

The RTC's street and highway construction projects in Washoe County are financed from the motor vehicle fuel tax revenue, public transportation tax revenue, and impact fees for the construction of new roads and capacity improvements on roads impacted by new development. These projects are submitted to the RTC for approval and subsequently to Washoe County, City of Reno, and City of Sparks for approval. An Interlocal Cooperative Agreement, signed by the three public entities mentioned is required before monies can be expended on these construction projects. The infrastructure created by these projects becomes the asset of the applicable public entity (City of Reno, City of Sparks or Washoe County) upon completion.

The RTC is also responsible for the local public transit system, RTC RIDE. Final authority on the budget of the program rests with the RTC.

The RTC has allocated public transportation tax receipts to the following operations: (1) RTC RIDE a public bus system in Washoe County; the RTC contracts with a private company, Keolis Transit Services, LLC, to operate RTC RIDE; (2) RTC ACCESS a paratransit operation which provides transportation services to the elderly and disabled population in Washoe County; (3) RTC FlexRIDE an on-demand transit service available in selected service areas; the RTC contracts with a private company, MTM Transit, LLC, to operate both RTC ACCESS and RTC FlexRIDE; and (4) Tahoe Area Regional Transit (TART) a transit system operating in part in Incline Village, Nevada; TART is operated by Placer County, California; the RTC reimburses Placer County for operating expenses incurred while providing transit service in Washoe County.

The accompanying financial statements present the government. The RTC does not have any component units.

#### **Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements** (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and the proprietary fund. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met, and allowable expenses are made under the grant provisions.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Income earned on investments and project reimbursements associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Motor vehicle fuel tax and public transportation tax revenues are derived tax revenues collected by the State of Nevada and shared with the RTC. The RTC recognizes these revenues in the same period as the State. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Generally, expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, other postemployment benefits and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Project appropriations that have been approved, but for which expenditure has not been incurred, are reflected as amounts restricted for project appropriations in the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. Project appropriations are approved when a cooperative agreement specifying the amount of motor vehicle fuel tax funds, bond proceeds, impact fees or other financing sources to be spent, is executed by all the governing bodies within the jurisdiction of the RTC, or when the project has been added to the program of projects and approved by the RTC Board of Commissioners.

The RTC reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** – The General Fund is the RTC's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the RTC, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. Regional street and highway expenditures for road projects are accounted for in this fund instead of a separate fund in order to reduce undue complexity in budgeting, accounting and other phases of financial management.

**Debt Service Fund** – The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

**Regional Road Impact Fee Fund (***Special Revenue Fund***)** – Monies recovered from impact fees and resources provided for capacity improvements to the regional road system are accounted for in the Regional Road Impact Fee Fund.

**Paratransit Services Fund (**Special Revenue Fund**)** – Allocation of public transportation tax, passenger fares, and federal grants for RTC ACCESS are accounted for in the Paratransit Services Fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The RTC reports the following major proprietary fund:

Public Transit Fund (Enterprise Fund) – Accounts for the operation of RTC RIDE.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

The proprietary fund distinguishes *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the RTC's proprietary fund are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for the proprietary fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the RTC's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Cash, Cash Equivalents and Temporary Investments

The RTC's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and temporary investments. A portion of the cash resources of the individual funds are deposited with the Washoe County Treasurer. Those resources are combined with the resources of the County's funds and other local governments within the County to form a pool of cash and investments. In accordance with 355.170 of Nevada Revised Statutes, Washoe County invested in various treasury notes, mutual funds, commercial paper, bonds, and U.S. Government securities. The RTC's net position in these securities is reported at fair value, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurements and Application.

In addition to the cash and investment pool, certain deposits and investments are held separately by RTC funds and reported accordingly. Investments are reported at fair value and changes in fair value are included in investment income.

Investment income earned as a result of the above pooling arrangement is distributed by the County Treasurer to the appropriate funds as it is received. Interest receivable at June 30 is calculated by the Treasurer's office and accrued in the various funds. The investment income is allocated based on each fund's monthly average cash balance.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the RTC considers all highly liquid investments, including pooled investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### Restricted Assets

Restricted assets consist of cash and investments that are restricted in their use by either bond covenants or other external agreements. RTC's restricted assets consist of remaining bond proceeds for specific road construction projects, unspent grant proceeds and debt service requirements pursuant to bond covenants.

#### **Receivables and Payables**

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Receivables and Payables (continued)

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." The RTC considers trade receivables to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required. If amounts become uncollectible, they are charged to operations when that determination is made.

#### **Inventories and Prepaid Items**

The Proprietary Fund's inventory is comprised of bus fuel and is stated at weighted average cost. Inventories of governmental funds, generally consisting of materials and supplies, are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in government-wide, governmental, and proprietary fund financial statements. The RTC uses the consumption method in accounting for prepaids.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, buildings and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the RTC as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Infrastructure assets constructed by the street and highway function of the RTC (e.g., roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks) are not assets of the RTC, and so have not been capitalized or depreciated. Under the cooperative agreements to build such infrastructure assets, the entities agree that the infrastructure created belongs to the applicable public entity (City of Reno, City of Sparks or Washoe County).

The RTC has intangible assets in the form of water rights. The water rights are acquired through right-of-way land purchases as part of the construction of infrastructure assets. Water rights are separated from land purchases before the land is dedicated to the applicable public entity as part of their completed infrastructure asset. Water rights are not used in the operation of RTC's street and highway function and are recorded as other assets.

Expenditures related to the construction of infrastructure assets are recognized when incurred. Grants, contributions and reimbursements for the construction of infrastructure assets are recognized as operating grants and contributions in the Statement of Activities. Impact fees collected for use in the street and highway function are recognized as general revenues in the Statement of Activities.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

When capital assets are retired, sold, or otherwise disposed of, the asset's carrying amount and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the asset accounts and any gain or loss is recorded in the period of disposal.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Capital Assets** (continued)

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the Statement of Net Position. For both governmental and business-type activities, property, buildings and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Estimated Service Life (Years)
Buildings and building improvements	15-30
Communication equipment	3-5
Computer equipment	3-5
Leasehold improvements	3-20
Miscellaneous fixtures and equipment	4-7
Office furniture and equipment	3-8
Passenger shelters	3 -15
Revenue collection and counting equipment	3-6
Revenue vehicles (buses)	12
Revenue vehicles (vans)	5-7
Support vehicles	5
Safety and security equipment	5-6
Tool and shop equipment	3-12

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position or balance sheet will sometimes report separate sections for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The RTC reports an amount related to pensions and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) on the government-wide financial statements.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The RTC has two types of deferred inflows of resources: 1) Amounts which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The unavailable revenue reported is from three sources, federal grants, state grants, and project reimbursements and 2) Amounts related to pensions and OPEB on the government-wide financial statements. The amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that they become available.

RTC also presents deferred outflows/inflows of resources on the statement of net position related to debt refunding in previous years. The gain or loss from refunding is being amortized as an adjustment to interest expense over the original life of the refunded debt.

#### Compensated Absences

It is the RTC's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. A liability is recognized for compensated absences relating to services already rendered that are not contingent on a specific event and are accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits. Compensated absences relating to future services or that are contingent on a specified event will be accounted for in the period those services are rendered or those events take place. The obligation for compensated absences is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental type funds, the compensated absences are reported as fund liabilities only to the extent that those liabilities relate to benefits payable to employees upon termination of their employment as of the fiscal year end.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Interfund Activity**

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule include interfund lease payments between the RTC's street and highway, transportation services and metropolitan planning functions and the business-type activities, public transportation function. Elimination of these payments would distort the direct costs and program revenues for the various functions concerned.

#### Long-Term Obligations, Bond Discounts and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which is materiality consistent with the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Debt issuance costs are expensed during the current period.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

#### **Pension**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System of the State of Nevada (PERS) Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Net Position Classifications**

In government-wide statements, net position is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital assets.
- Restricted consists of net position subject to constraints that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

#### **Fund Balance**

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the difference between assets and liabilities as fund balance. The following are the classification policies and procedures used for reporting fund balance:

• Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be legally or contractually maintained intact.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Fund Balance (continued)

- Restricted fund balance includes amounts that can only be spent for the specific purposes where
  restrictions are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, constitutional provisions,
  regulations of other governments, or enabling legislation. Effectively, restrictions may only be changed
  or lifted with the consent of the external party. The RTC has restricted fund balances in the form of
  monies restricted by the State for special studies, federal grants and enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined
  by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority. Commitments may
  only be changed or lifted by the government taking the same formal action that imposed the original
  constraint. The RTC's Board of Commissioners is the highest level of decision making authority and
  any fund balance commitments established, modified, or rescinded would require a majority vote of the
  RTC's Board of Commissioners.
- Assigned fund balance comprises amounts intended to be used by the government for specific
  purposes. Intent can be expressed by the governing body, an official or body to which the governing
  body delegates the authority. The RTC Board of Commissioners delegates to the Executive Director or
  his or her designee the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Such
  assignments cannot exceed the available (spendable, unrestricted, uncommitted) fund balance in any
  particular fund.
- Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts
  not contained in the other classifications. For other governmental funds, the unassigned classification
  is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from specific purposes for which amounts had been
  restricted or committed.

The RTC will consider restricted fund balance to be spent first for an expenditure for which multiple fund balance classifications are available. Committed fund balance will be spent first, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for the purposes for which any unrestricted fund balance classification could be used.

#### **Fund Balance Reserve Policy**

The RTC Board of Commissioners has adopted a fund balance reserve policy for budget preparation. Fund balance reserves are set aside as contingencies for revenue shortfalls or unanticipated expenditures. Fund balance reserves can also be used to finance cash flow and to fund self-insurance and capital replacement programs. A fund balance reserve policy establishes the type of reserves an organization will have, as well as the size and use of those reserves.

The goal of this fund balance reserve policy is to:

- Provide an overall, long-range approach to financial management.
- Ensure that the RTC is able to meet its financial obligations as they arise.
- Improve fiscal stability and protect the RTC during a financial emergency.

#### A. Public Transportation Program Policy Statement

RTC will maintain an Operating Reserve, a Self-Insurance Reserve, and a Capital Reserve. The sum of all fund balance reserves for the Public Transportation Program will be budgeted and maintained at a minimum amount equal to two months of total program operating expenditures as of June 30 of each fiscal year budget, and a maximum amount equal to three months of total program operating expenditures.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Fund Balance Reserve Policy (continued)

#### 1. Operating Reserve

RTC will maintain an operating fund balance reserve in an amount equal to a minimum of five (5%) percent of the annual operating expenditures.

The Director of Finance shall ensure that the operating fund balance reserve is maintained at a sufficient level to:

- a. Offset unanticipated downturns in revenues;
- b. Provide sufficient working capital;
- c. Provide a sufficient cash balance to finance cash flow requirements; and
- d. Meet emergency expenditure requirements.

#### 2. Self - Insurance Reserve

The Director of Finance will ensure that RTC maintains self-insurance fund balance reserves in an amount necessary to adequately protect the RTC from self-insurance risks.

Two self-insurance fund balance reserve funds will be maintained:

- a. Reserves for incurred and reported claims that have been identified and accounted for by the RTC claims adjuster will be included in the settlements line item of the budget as an expenditure accrual.
- b. Reserves for catastrophic claims will be established in the amount of two times the current year self-insured retention.

#### 3. Capital Reserve

RTC will establish a capital fund balance reserve fund for federal grant match purposes as of June 30 of each fiscal year budget in order to replace or add to capital vehicles, equipment and facilities. The amount of the capital fund balance reserve will be equal to or greater than the estimated local match for federal grant funded projects as established in RTC capital plans.

#### B. Street and Highway Program Policy Statement

The minimum fund balance for the Street and Highway Program shall consist of two components:

- 1. Operating fund balance reserves will be maintained at a minimum of five (5) percent of annual street and highway program operating expenditures.
- 2. The potential projects that have not been planned or programmed in an amount equal to a minimum of \$1,000,000.

#### C. Metropolitan Planning Organization Program Policy Statement

RTC will establish a federal grant match fund balance reserve as of June 30 of each fiscal year budget in order to meet the minimum required local match percentage for apportioned federal planning grants.

The development of the minimum fund balance reserve policy should ensure financial planning and stability for the future.

#### **Comparative Data**

The financial statements include certain prior-year summarized comparative information in total but not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The comparative data has been presented only for the Enterprise Fund in the basic financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations of this fund. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the RTC's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020, from which the summarized information was derived.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

### NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **New Accounting Pronouncements**

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. This pronouncement was applicable; however, had no impact on the financial statements as of June 30, 2021.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. This pronouncement will be implemented in fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued GASB Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period*, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. This pronouncement will be implemented in fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued GASB Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. This pronouncement was applicable; however, had no impact on the financial statements as of June 30, 2021.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. This pronouncement will be implemented in fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. This pronouncement will be implemented in fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued GASB Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2020, except for paragraphs 13 and 14, which are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. Paragraphs 13 & 14 of this pronouncement will be implemented in fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. All the other paragraphs were applicable; however, had no impact on the financial statements as of June 30, 2021.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. This pronouncement will be implemented in fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. This pronouncement will be implemented in fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - an amendment of GASB Statements No.14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. This pronouncement will be implemented in fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued GASB Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. RTC implemented this pronouncement for the year ending June 30, 2021.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budgetary Information**

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the RTC established its budget within the legally mandated timeframe.

- a. On or before April 15, the Finance Department submits to the Nevada Department of Taxation a tentative budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1, 2020.
- b. On May 22, 2020, the Executive Director submitted to the RTC's Board of Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1, 2020. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures/expenses and the means of financing them.
- c. Public hearings were conducted in May to obtain taxpayer comments. On May 22, 2020, the budget for each fund was adopted through passage of a resolution by a majority vote of the RTC's Board of Commissioners of the RTC. The RTC filed the budget directly with the Department of Taxation, State of Nevada.

The following legal requirements were considered in developing the budgetary data which is reflected in the financial statements.

- a. Annual budgets for all governmental and proprietary funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The governing body can augment the budget after following public hearing procedures. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end.
- b. The Executive Director is authorized to transfer appropriations between accounts within the General Fund. Any revision which alters the total appropriations of a function or fund must be approved in advance prior to year-end by the RTC's Board of Commissioners and submitted to the Department of Taxation, State of Nevada.
- c. State statute does not require that capital outlay, debt service payments, and other cash transactions normally reflected in the Statement of Net Position of the Proprietary Fund be limited by the budget.
- d. Budgeted appropriations generally may not be exceeded by actual expenditures of the various governmental functions in the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and by operating and non-operating expenses in the Proprietary Fund.
- e. Fund net position in the Proprietary Fund may not be a deficit.

#### Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations and Deficit Fund Net Position

The RTC conformed to all significant statutory constraints on its financial administration during the year.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Deposits**

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the RTC had the following cash balances:

	Carrying	Bank
	Amount	Balance
On hand	\$ 3,966	\$ 3,966
On deposit with bank	25,597,299	25,785,014
Restricted cash from Motor		
Vehicle Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds	14,655,264	14,655,264
Total RTC cash and deposits	\$ 40,256,529	\$ 40,444,244

The difference between the carrying amount and bank balance results from outstanding checks and deposits not yet reflected at the bank.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits**

For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the RTC's deposits may not be returned. The RTC does not have a policy for custodial credit risk; however, the RTC participates through Washoe County in the Nevada State Collateral Pool for public fund deposits. Depository banks are required to place acceptable securities of no less than 102% of the fair value of the total deposits of public entities in Nevada with a third party custodian. The collateral pool is administered and monitored by the Nevada State Treasurer's Office. Due to its participation in the Nevada State Collateral Pool, the RTC's deposits were fully insured and collateralized, and as such, were not exposed to any custodial credit risk at June 30, 2021.

#### **Pooled Investment Funds**

The RTC deposits are maintained in a recognized pooled investment fund under the care of the Washoe County Chief Investment Official (the Washoe County Treasurer) under authority delegated by the Board of County Commissioners. In addition, the Washoe County Treasurer's External Investment Pool is overseen by an Investment Committee and is included in their annual audit.

Pooled investment funds consist of cash deposited in the interest-bearing Washoe County Treasurer's External Investment Pool. The investment pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and no legally binding guarantees have been provided to support the value of the shares. The fair value of the pooled investments deposited in the investment pool is equal to the value of the pool shares. At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of \$137,280,132 recorded at fair value of the various funds of the RTC in the pool was approximately 17.9% of the County's total balance. Earnings, realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Proprietary Fund's Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, captioned as investment income.

Because the RTC's deposits are maintained in a recognized pooled investment fund under the care of a third party and the RTC's share of the pool does not consist of specific, identifiable investment securities, no disclosure of the individual deposits and investments or related custodial credit risk classifications is required. The RTC's deposits in the pool are considered to be highly liquid. The Washoe County audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report indicates that there were no derivatives in the pool as of June 30, 2021. A copy of this report can be obtained at <a href="https://www.washoecounty.us">www.washoecounty.us</a> or through a request sent to P.O. Box 11130, Reno, NV 89520.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### <u>Investments</u>

The RTC has a formal investment policy adopted by the RTC Board of Commissioners that is designed to insure conformity with NRS and seeks to limit exposure to investment risks. State statute authorizes the RTC to invest in the following:

- Obligations of the United States or its agencies.
- Certificates of deposit issued by commercial banks, insured credit unions or savings and loan associations as well as certain farm loan bonds.
- Certain securities issued by local governments of the State of Nevada and other securities expressly authorized by other statutes of the State of Nevada.
- Bankers acceptances, commercial paper issued by a U.S. corporation or state operating in the U.S., and money market mutual funds registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- Notes, bonds, and other unconditional obligations for the payment of money issued by corporations organized and operating in the United States.

Investments are recorded at fair value.

The RTC categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs: Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The RTC does not have any investment that is measured using Level 3 inputs.

As of June 30, 2021, the RTC had the following recurring fair value measurements as identified below:

Government-Wide Balances:	Fair Value Measurements Using								
		Total	Le	vel 1 Inputs	Le	vel 2 Inputs	Level	3 Inputs	
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$	1,231,000	\$	1,231,000	\$	-	\$	-	
Federal Agency Bond		6,878,804				6,878,804		-	
Total Investment		8,109,804	\$	1,231,000	\$	6,878,804	\$	-	
Total Cash		40,256,529			-				
Washoe County Investment Pool		137,280,132							
Total Cash and Investments	\$	185,646,465							

Investments categorized as Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those investments. Investments categorized as Level 2 are valued at fair value based on the observable market prices of the underlying assets held by the pool or fund less liabilities.

As of June 30, 2021, the RTC had the following investments and maturities:

#### Government-Wide Balances:

	Investment Maturities (In Years)								
	Fair Value		Less than 1		1 to 4		4 to 6		6 to 10
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$ 1,231,000	\$	1,231,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Federal Agency Bond	6,878,804		-		6,597,946		280,858		-
Washoe County Investment Pool	137,280,132		69,245,774		49,183,592		13,763,581		5,087,185
Total Investment	145,389,936		70,476,774		55,781,538		14,044,439		5,087,185
Total Cash	40,256,529		-		-		-		-
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 185,646,465	\$	70,476,774	\$	55,781,538	\$	14,044,439	\$	5,087,185

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is defined as the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The credit quality of investments is limited by NRS, which authorizes investments in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and agencies or instrumentalities of the U.S., obligations of the State of Nevada and local governments, notes, bonds and other obligations issued by corporations rated "A" or better by one or more nationally recognized bond credit rating agencies, commercial paper rated "A-1", "P-1" or better, repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, and money market mutual funds rated "AAA" or its equivalent.

The RTC investment policy does not further limit its investment choices with the exception of investments in notes, bonds and other obligations issued by corporations. Pursuant to the RTC's formal investment policy, corporate obligations must be rated "AA" or better.

As of June 30, 2021, the RTC's investments were rated as follows:

			F	Ratings
Investment Type		Fair Value	Moody's	Standard & Poor's
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$	1,231,000		
Federal Agency Bond	·	6,878,804	Aaa	AA+
Total Investments	\$	8,109,804		

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is defined as the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. NRS 355.170 and NRS 355.171 limit maturities of authorized investments. The RTC's formal investment policy does not further limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The weighted average years to maturity for all investments at June 30, 2021 are 1.8 years.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

Concentration of credit risk is defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The RTC's formal investment policy requires investment portfolio diversification in order to eliminate the risk of loss from overconcentration. The policy places the statutory limits on investments. Amounts invested in direct obligations of the U.S. government, securities backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government, repurchase agreements or certificates of deposit are not limited. Investment limits per issuer are placed on the following securities: securities backed by federal agencies, 35%; agency issued mortgage-backed securities, 15%; corporate obligations, 4%; obligations issued by state and local governments, 25%. Other limits are placed on the following securities: bankers acceptances, 20% in the aggregate; commercial paper, 20% of portfolio; and money market funds, 45% of money market fund assets.

At June 30, 2021, RTC's investments were invested in the following:

Money Market Mutual Funds	15.18 %
Federal Agency Bond	84.82 %

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE D - RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

#### **Governmental Funds**

The restricted cash and investments balance of \$22,765,068 in the Debt Service Fund is restricted for required reserves and debt service on the bonds.

#### **NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS**

A summary of activity in capital assets used in the operation of governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2021, follows:

Governmental Activities	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2020	-	dditions &	Transfers/ Deletions		Jι	Balance une 30, 2021
Capital Assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	2,282,090	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,282,090
Water Rights		1,300,000		-		-		1,300,000
Construction in progress		2,132,534		44,818		(1,723,994)		453,358
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated		5,714,624		44,818		(1,723,994)		4,035,448
Capital Assets being depreciated:								
Revenue & support vehicles		6,419,745		1,723,994		(1,212,643)		6,931,096
Other equipment		2,337,293		-		-		2,337,293
Buildings and improvements		6,741,962		-		-		6,741,962
Total Capital Assets being depreciated		15,499,000		1,723,994		(1,212,643)		16,010,351
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Revenue & support vehicles		(5,059,303)		(829,961)		1,212,643		(4,676,621)
Other equipment		(2,001,095)		(86,173)		· · · -		(2,087,268)
Buildings and improvements		(5,556,918)		(192,567)		-		(5,749,485)
Total accumulated depreciation		(12,617,316)		(1,108,701)		1,212,643		(12,513,374)
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net		2,881,684		615,293		-		3,496,977
Governmental activities Capital Assets, net	\$	8,596,308	\$	660,111	\$	(1,723,994)	\$	7,532,425

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# June 30, 2021

## NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

A summary of activity in capital assets used in business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2021, follows:

Business-type Activities	J	Balance une 30, 2020		Additions	Transfers/ Deletions		J	Balance une 30, 2021
Capital Assets not being depreciated:		00, 2020		7.444.10.10		20.00.0	<u> </u>	00, 202.
Land	\$	16,681,818	\$	_	\$	_	\$	16,681,818
Construction in progress	_	13,770,195	_	9,506,586	_	(13,021,270)	_	10,255,511
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated		30,452,013		9,506,586	_	(13,021,270)		26,937,329
Capital Assets being depreciated:								
Revenue vehicles		47,090,644		14,106,792		(3,618,508)		57,578,928
Tool and shop equipment		2,209,782		482,579		(89,712)		2,602,649
Office furniture and equipment		127,593		-		(00,1 12)		127,593
Support vehicles		569,485		151,305		(287,011)		433,779
Revenue collection and counting equipment		1,568,470		-		(=0:,0::)		1,568,470
Miscellaneous fixtures and equipment		3,817,246		28,749		_		3,845,995
Buildings and improvements		64,581,146		,		_		64,581,146
Land improvements		1,364,355		_		_		1,364,355
Communications equipment		2,010,841		91,755		_		2,102,596
Surveillance equipment		1,073,160		106,213		-		1,179,373
Passenger shelters		11,593,565		701,104		-		12,294,669
Computer equipment		1,749,122		129,047		-		1,878,169
Total Capital Assets being depreciated		137,755,409		15,797,544		(3,995,231)		149,557,722
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Revenue vehicles		(29,025,272)		(3,261,534)		3,248,621		(29,038,185)
Tool and shop equipment		(782,893)		(330,043)		44,856		(1,068,080)
Office furniture and equipment		(127,593)		` -		-		(127,593)
Support vehicles		(528,978)		(26,235)		287,011		(268,202)
Revenue collection and counting equipment		(1,191,499)		(122,993)		-		(1,314,492)
Miscellaneous fixtures and equipment		(1,501,893)		(265,150)		-		(1,767,043)
Buildings and improvements		(27,091,744)		(2,177,712)		-		(29, 269, 456)
Land improvements		(764,179)		(54,695)		-		(818,874)
Communications equipment		(796,687)		(324,837)		-		(1,121,524)
Surveillance equipment		(939,945)		(63,996)		-		(1,003,941)
Passenger shelters		(6,133,868)		(1,033,960)		-		(7,167,828)
Computer equipment		(1,567,774)		(111,138)				(1,678,912)
Total accumulated depreciation		(70,452,325)		(7,772,293)	_	3,580,488		(74,644,130)
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net		67,303,084		8,025,251		(414,743)		74,913,592
Business-type activities Capital Assets, net	\$	97,755,097	\$	17,531,837	\$	(13,436,013)	\$	101,850,921

Construction in progress consist of construction of Virginia Street Bus Rapid Transit Stations, expected to be completed by Spring 2022. As of June 30, 2021, unexpended commitments balance of Virginia Street Bus Rapid Transit Extension project is \$2,624,868.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Street and highway Transportation services Metropolitan planning	\$ 43,232 1,065,469 -
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	1,108,701
Business-type activities:	
Public transportation	\$ 7,772,300

#### **NOTE F - CONTINGENCIES**

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable fund. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the RTC expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### **NOTE G - UNEARNED REVENUE**

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year, \$13,750 in unearned rental revenue was reported in the General Fund.

#### **NOTE H – UNINSURED RISK**

The RTC is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The RTC is self-insured for municipal liability and business auto liability. The RTC administers claims and judgments falling under the self-insurance limit. Liabilities of any fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount, as it depends on many factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of payouts), and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. All claims are liquidated as they become due and payable using current resources. Additional excess coverage insurance policies cover individual claims in excess of \$25,000 per event. Settlements have not exceeded coverage for each of the past five fiscal years. The RTC did not incur any liability claim in fiscal year 2021.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE I – LONG - TERM OBLIGATIONS**

#### **Revenue Bonds**

The RTC issued revenue bonds to provide funds for the construction and pavement maintenance of certain streets and highways in the County. All revenue bonds are publicly issued debt. There are no subjective accelerative clauses related to the outstanding debt.

The bond Series 2010EF, Series 2018 and Series 2019 constitute special, limited obligations of Washoe County, payable solely from and secured by an irrevocable pledge of the Net Pledged Revenues, derived primarily from certain taxes on motor vehicle fuel collected by the RTC.

The bond Series 2010H constitutes special, limited obligations of Washoe County, payable from and secured by an irrevocable pledge of the Net Pledged Revenues, derived primarily from one-eighth of one percent (0.125%) sales tax collected by the RTC.

The bonds shall not be considered or held to be a general obligation of the County or RTC. Owners of the bonds may not look to any other funds or accounts other than those specifically pledged to the payment of the bonds.

Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

			Interest		Principal
	Date of		Rates to	Final	Outstanding
_	Issue	Original Issue	Maturity	Maturity	June 30, 2021
Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax Series 2010E(2)	12/16/2010	\$ 58,775,000	7.969 %	2/1/2040	\$ 58,775,000
Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax Series 2010F(3)	12/16/2010	5,385,000	7.875	2/1/2040	5,385,000
Sales Tax Improvement Bonds Series 2010H(2)	12/16/2010	20,000,000	7.451	2/1/2040	20,000,000
Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax Series 2018(1)	12/20/2018	183,235,000	4 - 5.2	2/1/2043	173,600,000
Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax Series 2019(1)	12/19/2019	56,235,000	4 - 5	2/1/2040	54,455,000
		\$ 323,630,000			\$ 312,215,000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Tax Exempt Bond

The debt service on bond Series 2018 and 2019 will be payable from net pledged revenues.

The debt service on bond Series 2010E, 2010F, and 2010H will be payable from net pledged revenues and BAB and RZED interest credits to the extent that any such credits are actually received by the RTC.

Net pledged motor vehicle fuel tax revenues for the fiscal year on Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax bonds totaled \$92,079,885 with principal and interest payments on the bonds totaling \$21,459,584. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on all motor vehicle fuel tax bonds before BAB and RZEDB credits is \$508,625,370 payable through 2043.

Pledged sales tax revenue for the fiscal year on the Series 2010H bonds totaled \$13,037,154. Interest payments totaling \$1,490,200 were made during FY 2021. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the Series 2010H bond before BAB interest credits, is \$40,952,585 payable through 2040.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Taxable Direct Pay Build America Bond (BAB) providing federally refundable interest credits

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Taxable Recovery Zone Economic Development Bond (RZEDB) providing federally refundable interest credits

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE I - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Compensated Absences**

The liability for compensated absences is included in noncurrent liabilities on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The governmental activities liability for compensated absences is for RTC employee benefits which are paid from the General Fund; therefore, no compensated absences liability is reported for in the business-type activities.

## **Changes in long-term liabilities**

Changes in long-term liabilities, for the year ended June 30, 2021, were as follows:

	July 1, 2020	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2021	Due Within One Year	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES						
Revenue Bonds						
Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax Bonds	\$ 299,400,000	\$ -	\$ (7,185,000)	\$ 292,215,000	\$ 7,540,000	
Sales Tax Improvement Bonds	20,000,000	-	-	20,000,000	-	
Total Revenue Bonds	319,400,000		(7,185,000)	312,215,000	7,540,000	
Less						
Bond Premium	33,054,734	_	(1,503,411)	31,551,323	1,503,411	
Total Bond Premiums	33,054,734		(1,503,411)	31,551,323	1,503,411	
Other Liabilities						
Compensated absences	916,737	772,475	(869,451)	819,761	358,630	
Total Other Liabilities	916,737	772,475	(869,451)	819,761	358,630	
Total Governmental Activities	353,371,471	772,475	(9,557,862)	344,586,084	9,402,041	
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 353,371,471	\$ 772,475	\$ (9,557,862)	\$ 344,586,084	\$ 9,402,041	

Long - term liabilities are liquidated from the General Fund for governmental activities.

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE J - DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS**

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal <sup>1</sup>	Interest <sup>2</sup>	Total
2022	\$ 7,540,000	\$ 17,621,449	\$ 25,161,449
2023	7,910,000	17,244,449	25,154,449
2024	8,300,000	16,848,949	25,148,949
2025	8,715,000	16,433,949	25,148,949
2026	9,145,000	15,998,199	25,143,199
2027-2031	57,020,000	72,010,960	129,030,960
2032-2036	75,765,000	52,055,572	127,820,572
2037-2041	94,145,000	26,294,579	120,439,579
2042-2043	43,675,000	2,854,850	46,529,850
	\$ 312,215,000	\$ 237,362,955	\$ 549,577,955

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Principal amounts exclude discounts and premiums

#### NOTE K - INTERFUND ACCOUNT BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund account balances are a result of the timing differences between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, and transfers between funds are made. Interfund account balances at June 30, 2021 are summarized as follows:

							Due From				
				F	Regional			١	lonmajor		
	General	De	ebt Service		ad Impact	Ρ	aratransit	Go	vernmental	Proprietary	
	Fund		Fund	<u></u> _	ee Fund		Fund		Funds	Fund	Total
Due To: General Fund Governmental	\$	- \$		\$	62,180	\$	170,991	\$	285,973	\$ 3,156,206	\$ 3,675,350
Funds		-	-		62,180		170,991		285,973	3,156,206	3,675,350
Proprietary Fund	2,872,17	)	-		-		78,171		26,391	-	2,976,732
	\$ 2,872,17	) \$	-	\$	62,180	\$	249,162	\$	312,364	\$ 3,156,206	\$ 6,652,082

Interest amounts exclude Build America Bond (BAB) and Recovery Zone Economic Development Bond (RZEDB) credits in the amount of \$32,158,655 through 2043.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE K - INTERFUND ACCOUNT BALANCES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires collect them to the funds that statute or budget requires expend them and (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the Debt Service Fund as debt service payments become due. Interfund transfer balances at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021						
Transfers from:	Transfers to:		Amount			
General Fund	Regional Road Impact Fee Fund Debt Service Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Subtotal	\$	700,000 23,473,191 2,125,000 26,298,191			
Public Transit Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		375,000			
Total Transfers In / Out		\$	26,673,191			

#### NOTE L - INVESTMENT INCOME

Investment income consists of the following as of June 30, 2021:

Governmental Activities		
Interest income	\$	1,141,557
Net decrease in the fair value		, ,
of investments		(1,409,965)
Realized gain		320,500
•	\$	52,092
	-	
Business-type Activities		
Interest income	\$	262,574
Net decrease in the fair value		
of investments		(283,726)
Realized gain		63,971
	\$	42,819

The calculation of realized gain or loss is independent of the calculation of the net change in the fair value of investments. Realized gains or losses on investments held more than one fiscal year, which were sold in the current year, have been included as a change in the fair value of investments as reported in prior years and the current year.

#### **NOTE M - LEASE INCOME**

The Proprietary Fund owns a building located on Terminal Way in Reno, Nevada. The acquisition cost and subsequent improvements of the building and land are \$6,563,799 as of June 30, 2021. As of June 30, 2021, accumulated depreciation of the building was \$4,666,899.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE M - LEASE INCOME (CONTINUED)

Building space is leased to Truckee Meadows Regional Planning Agency. Eventually, the RTC plans to fully occupy the building. Future minimum lease receipts are as follows:

Year ending June 30,

2022	\$ 26,784
	\$ 26,784

In addition, building space is leased to the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds on a month-to-month basis. Rental income from the Terminal building for the year ended June 30, 2021, was \$326,329 of which \$254,496 was received from the General Fund, and \$45,828 was received from the Special Revenue Fund.

In November 2020, RTC entered into a one year agreement with My Ride to Work, LLC. to allow the use of the Centennial Plaza property for passenger waiting, boarding and alighting for their service between Reno and the Tesla Factory east of Reno. Rental Income of \$18,000 was received in fiscal 2021.

In December 2020, RTC entered into a one year agreement with Greyhound Lines, Inc. to allow the use of the Centennial Plaza property for the conduct of business operations for passenger bus transportation. Rental income of \$56,400 was received in fiscal 2021.

Lease income of \$16,500 was received from Lamar Advertising Company for a billboard acquired through property acquisition for the Moana Lane widening project which was paid for by Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax Bond funds.

#### **NOTE N - RETIREMENT PROGRAMS**

The RTC contributes to the following retirement programs:

#### State of Nevada Public Employees' Retirement System

#### Plan Description

The RTC contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (the System). PERS administers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit Public employees' retirement system which includes both Regular and Police/Fire members. The System was established by the Nevada Legislature in 1947, effective July 1, 1948. The System is administered to provide a reasonable base income to qualified employees who have been employed by a public employer and whose earnings capacities have been removed or substantially impaired by age or disability.

Benefits, as required by the Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) are determined by the number of years of accredited service at time of retirement and the member's highest average compensation in any 36 consecutive months with special provisions for members entering the System on or after January 1, 2010. Benefit payments to which participants or their beneficiaries may be entitled under the plan include pension benefits, disability benefits, and survivor benefits. Monthly benefit allowances for members are computed as 2.5% of average compensation for each accredited year of service prior to July 1, 2001.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE N - RETIREMENT PROGRAMS (CONTINUED)

#### State of Nevada Public Employees' Retirement System (continued)

For service earned on and after July 1, 2001, this multiplier is 2.67% of average compensation. For members entering the System on or after January 1, 2010, there is a 2.5% multiplier. PERS offers several alternatives to the unmodified service retirement allowance which in general, allows the retired employee to accept a reduced service retirement allowance payable monthly during his or her lifetime and various optional monthly payments to a named beneficiary after his or her death. Post-retirement increases are provided by authority of NRS 286.575 -.579.

Regular members are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, at age 60 with 10 years of service, or at any age with thirty years of service. Regular members entering the System on or after January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, or age 62 with 10 years of service, or any age with thirty years of service. The normal ceiling limitation on monthly benefits allowances is 75% of average compensation. However, a member who has an effective date of membership before July 1, 1985, is entitled to a benefit of up to 90% of average compensation. Members become fully vested as to benefits upon completion of five years of service.

#### **Funding Policy**

Plan members are funded under the employer pay contribution plan, wherein the RTC is required to contribute all amounts due under the plan. The authority for establishing and mending the obligation to make contributions and member contribution rates is set by statute. New hires, in agencies which did not elect the Employer-Pay Contribution (EPC) plan prior to July 1, 1983 have the option of selecting one of two contribution plans. Contributions are shared equally by employer and employee. Employees can take a reduced salary and have contributions made by the employer (EPC) or can make contributions by a payroll deduction matched by the employer.

The System's basic funding policy provides for periodic contributions at a level pattern of cost as a percentage of salary throughout an employee's working lifetime in order to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The System receives an actuarial valuation on an annual basis indicating the contribution rates required to fund the System on an actuarial reserve basis. Contributions actually made are in accordance with the required rates established by the Nevada Legislature. These statutory rates are increased/decreased pursuant to NRS 286.421 and 286.450. The actuary funding method used is the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. It is intended to meet the funding objective and result in a relatively level long-term contributions requirement as a percentage of salary. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the employer-pay contribution rate was 29.25% of annual covered payroll, of which 50% is considered to be employer-paid contribution. The RTC contributes 100% of the required annual contribution. The following are the rates and amounts contributed for the last three years:

<u>Year ending June 30,</u>	Employers Contribution Required	Contribution Rate
2021	\$ 908,360	29.25%
2020	902,300	29.25%
2019	826,107	28.00%

The System's policies which determine the investment portfolio target asset allocation are established by the PERS Board. The asset allocation is reviewed annually and is designed to meet the future risk and return needs of the System. The following was the Board adopted policy target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020:

		Long-term Geometric Expected Real Rate of
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Return
U.S. Stocks	42.00%	5.50%
International Stocks	18.00%	5.50%
U.S. Bonds	28.00%	0.75%
Private Markets	12.00%	6.65%

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE N - RETIREMENT PROGRAMS (CONTINUED)

#### State of Nevada Public Employees' Retirement System (continued)

#### Pension Liability

The System's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate it was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer allocation percentage of the net pension liability was based on the total contributions due on wages paid during the measurement period. Each employer's proportion of the net pension liability is based on their combined employer and member contributions relative to the total combined employer and member contributions for all employers for the period ended June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2020, RTC's proportion was .08658%, which was a .00077 increase from its proportion measured at June 30, 2019.

The following presents the net pension liability of the RTC as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.50%)	Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.50%)
RTC's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 18,808,198	\$ 12,059,522	\$ 6,448,503

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the PERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, available on the PERS website at <a href="https://www.nvpers.org">www.nvpers.org</a>.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The System's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation rate 2.75% Investment Rate of Return 7.5% Productivity pay increase 0.50%

Projected salary increases

Regular: 4.25% to 9.15%, depending on service
Rates include inflation and productivity increases

Mortality rate Healthy/Regular: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table projected to 2016

with Scale AA, set back one year for females (no age setback for males) Disables/Regular: RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality table projected to 2016

with Scale AA, set forward three years

Other assumptions Same as those used in the June 30, 2020 funding actuarial valuation

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the experience review completed in 2016.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan contributions will be made in amounts consistent with statutory provisions and recognizing the plan's current funding policy and cost-sharing mechanism between employers and members. For this purpose, all contributions that are intended to fund benefits for all plan members and their beneficiaries are included, except that projected contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE N - RETIREMENT PROGRAMS (CONTINUED)

#### State of Nevada Public Employees' Retirement System (continued)

payments for current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020.

#### Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

As of June 30, 2021, RTC's total pension expense is \$1,084,660. At June 30, 2020, the plan's measurement date, RTC's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 374,679	\$ 155,717
Changes of assumptions	338,739	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	-	455,558
Changes in proportion and differences between actual contributions		
and proportionate share of contributions	570,602	290,062
Total before contribution subsequent to measurement date	1,284,020	901,337
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	908,360	-
Total	\$ 2,192,380	\$ 901,337

As of June 30, 2020 RTC reported \$908,360 deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2020 measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022 measured as of June 30, 2021.

Average expected remaining service lives are 6.13 years.

RTC's deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to pension will be recognized as follows:

#### Reporting period ended June 30:

2022	\$ 23,425
2023	64,318
2024	108,442
2025	129,969
2026	52,134
2027	4.395

Additional information supporting the Schedule of Employer Allocations and the Schedule of Pension amounts by Employer is located in the PERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report available on the PER's website at <a href="https://www.nvpers.org">www.nvpers.org</a> under Quick Links – Publications.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE N - RETIREMENT PROGRAMS (CONTINUED)

#### RTC - Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plan

The RTC offers a non-qualified deferred compensation plan to its employees under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457. The plan is offered to all RTC employees and permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The accumulated amount of each employee's deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. All assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries and are administered by an independent plan administrator. The RTC does not have fiduciary accountability for the plan. The RTC elects to contribute to each employee's deferred compensation plan, as matching funds, up to 1% of each employee's annual base salary. The RTC also matches 7% of the Executive Director's salary. Total contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$66,672.

#### RTC - 401(a) Plan

On December 17, 2004, the RTC established a 401(a) Money Purchase Retirement Plan through ICMA Retirement Corporation. The ICMA Retirement Corporation Governmental Money Purchase Plan & Trust was established for the exclusive benefit of eligible employees and their beneficiaries under Section 401(a) of the IRC. The plan year coincides with the calendar year. All employees whose positions are covered by PERS are eligible to participate. The Plan is voluntary and there are no mandatory contributions from employees or the RTC. Contributions are limited to less than 25% of compensation, and compensation has been defined to include overtime and bonuses. The decision to participate is a one-time irrevocable decision. Loans are not permitted under the plan.

In 2009, the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) ruled that annual open enrollment periods for 401(a) plans would no longer be allowed. New plan enrollments are only allowed for new hires within the first sixty days of employment.

#### RTC - Retirement Health Savings Plans

On December 17, 2004, the RTC established a Retirement Health Savings Plan (RHS Plan). The RHS Plan was funded through voluntary employee contributions. The assets of the Plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the RHS Plan participants and their beneficiaries, with the ICMA Retirement Corporation serving as the trustee. Once an employee participates in the RHS Plan, the election to contribute is irrevocable. The participant is eligible to receive benefits upon separation from service.

In 2007, the IRS ruled that the elective features of the types of plans like the RHS Plan would not be permitted after December 31, 2007. Although the ICMA and IRS reached a settlement preserving the existing favorable tax treatment of participants already in the RHS Plan, no new participants can join the plan and no further contributions can be made to the Plan by existing participants.

#### NOTE O - FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide Statement of Net Position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. Governmental Activities reports \$7,532,425 in net investment in capital assets and \$137,036,266 of restricted net position which is restricted by terms of grants and by enabling legislation for street and highway construction. Another \$22,767,596 is subject to restrictions by the terms of bond covenants for future debt service requirements of principal and interest. Unrestricted net position is \$(360,284,818), and total net position is \$(192,948,531). The negative unrestricted balances are the result of bonds issued during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2020 totaling \$323,630,000 in the aggregate. Proceeds of the bonds have been used to fund various street and highway projects.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE O - FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements** (continued)

RTC's Street and Highway program builds and maintain streets and highways, which are then dedicated to Reno, Sparks, and Washoe County. As a result the RTC carries a large debt burden with no offsetting asset. The debt will be paid through pledged motor vehicle fuel and sales taxes projected to be collected over the next 23 years. Management believes that the RTC will have sufficient cash flow to service the debt.

The net position for Business-type Activities is categorized as net investment in capital assets and unrestricted. The total net position at June 30, 2021 is \$129,249,005.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental fund balances are classified as nonspendable, restricted, and assigned based primarily on the extent to which the RTC is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Nonspendable funds include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. At June 30, 2021, nonspendable funds consisted of prepaid items and deposits totaling \$486,618.

Restricted fund balances are restricted to specific purposes either by external restrictions (debt covenants, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments) or restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

At June 30, 2021, the RTC had \$3,672,886 in restricted fund balances on unspent federal grants match.

The restricted amounts for street and highway construction represent project appropriations for construction planning commitments as permitted by state statute.

The changes in the amounts for project appropriations in the General Fund (Regional Street and Highway) during the year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Balance at July 1, 2020		166,574,639
Project appropriations		100,779,397
Expenditures		62,811,384
Net project adjustments		2,203,877
Total balance for project		
appropriations at June 30, 2021	\$	206,746,529

The total balance for project appropriations exceeds the available restricted fund balance of \$112,841,922 for street and highway construction in the General Fund by \$93,904,607. Since the expenditures for these projects will span more than one year, future revenue sources will be required to fund these appropriations.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE O - FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

#### **Fund Financial Statements** (continued)

The changes in the amounts for project appropriations of the Special Revenue Fund (Regional Road Impact Fee) during the year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Balance at July 1, 2020	\$ 13,098,297
Project appropriations	21,603,722
Expenditures	5,843,519
Net project adjustments	(1,601,406)
Total balance for project	<u> </u>
appropriations at June 30, 2021	\$ 27,257,094

The available restricted fund balance for street and highway construction in the Regional Road Impact Fee Fund is \$20,521,458 which is less than the total balance for project appropriations by \$6,735,636.

Debt Service restricted funds of \$22,767,596 represents resources legally restricted by bond covenants for future debt service requirements of both principal and interest.

Assigned fund balances represent amounts that are constrained by the RTC's intent to use the funds for specific purposes. The RTC had \$7,518,666 in assigned balances which have been assigned for the purposes of the Paratransit Services Fund, \$69,410 have been assigned for the purposes of the Debt Service Fund, and \$943,448 assigned for purposes of the Metropolitan Planning Organization fund.

#### NOTE P - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note N, the RTC provides other postemployment health benefits (OPEB) for eligible retirees through the RTC Retiree Health Benefit Program (RTC RHBP), a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan, and participates in the State of Nevada's Public Employee Benefit Plan (PEBP), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan.

#### RTC Retiree Health Benefit Program (RTC RHBP)

#### Plan Description

In accordance with NRS 287.010, the RTC Commission established and administers a retiree health insurance plan through the RTC Personnel Rules to provide postemployment benefits to eligible employees upon retirement. Retirees are offered medical, vision, and life insurance coverage through a single-employer defined benefit plan. As of June 30, 2021, all employees hired before June 1, 2013 who retire from the RTC and meet the requirements for retirement under the Public Employees Retirement System of Nevada (PERS) are eligible to participate. The plan benefit formula is based on years of service and retirees can choose from a self-funded group health plan or an HMO. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

#### Funding Policy

The contribution requirements and benefits of the RTC are established and may be amended by the RTC Commission through the RTC Personnel Rules. The RTC contributes 50% of the health benefit premium for retirees with at least 10 years of service, 75% with 15 years, and 100% with 20 years or more. The benefit is reduced by 50% for part-time employees achieving the required milestones. Benefits are paid on a pay-as-you-go basis.

As of June 30, 2020 actuarial evaluation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	63
Retirees	38
Total Participants	101

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE P - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

#### State of Nevada's Public Employee Benefit Plan (PEBP)

#### Plan Description

NRS 287.023 allowed retired employees of governmental entities within the State of Nevada to join the State's Public Employee Benefit Program (PEBP), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by a nine member governing board. PEBP provided medical, prescription, vision, life and accident insurance, and dental for retirees. The Plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the Plan and no financial reports are issued.

Eligibility, benefit provisions, and subsidy requirements are governed by statutes of the State of Nevada and can only be amended through legislation. The statutes were revised effective November 30, 2008, to create new participation limitations so that only active members of PEBP can elect coverage after retirement. While the plan is generally closed to RTC retirees after September 1, 2008, former employees covered by PEBP at the time of their retirement (through a subsequent employer) may join the plan. For a retiree to participate in the PEBP program, the participant must be receiving PERS benefit.

#### **Funding Policy**

The RTC is required to provide a subsidy for their retirees that have elected to join PEBP. The subsidy is paid on the pay-as-you-go basis. Contribution requirements for plan members and the participating employers are assessed by the PEBP Board annually. Unsubsidized non-state retiree plan rates in effect for the fiscal year ranged from \$398 to \$753 per month. The contributions required for PEBP subsidies depend on the date of retirement or prior years of Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) service former employees earned while working for the RTC. The subsidy depends on years of service and ranges from a minimum of \$36 for 16 years of service to a maximum of \$179 for 20 years of service. These subsidies are then allocated and billed to all applicable former employers of the retiree.

RTC's portion of the monthly subsidies ranged from \$2 to \$91 during the 2021 fiscal year. Subsidies for retiree premiums are required to be paid directly to the State when due.

As of June 30, 2020 actuarial evaluation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	0
Retirees	7
Total Participants	7

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

An actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020 was used to determine the total OPEB liability for both the RTC and PEBP plans for their fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The plans are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis with zero percent funding for the plan. For fiscal year 2021, the RTC's cost of the RTC plan was \$288,613 for 38 eligible retirees. The RTC's cost of the PEBP plan was \$3,730 for 7 eligible retirees. The RTC RHBP total OPEB liability is \$25,108,973. The PEBP total OPEB liability is \$66,766. RTC's total OPEB liability for both plans is \$25,175,739.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE P - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

	RTC Plan	PEBP
Funding Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Discount Rate	2.66% as of June 30, 2020	2.66% as of June 30, 2020
Salary Increase	3.00% per year	Not Applicable
General Inflation Rate	2.5% per year	2.5% per year
Municipal Bond Index	S&P General Obligation Municipal	S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High
·	Bond 20 Year High Grade	Grade Index
Mortality Rate	Headcount Weighted RP 2014	Headcount Weighted RP 2014
•	Healthy Annuitant, set forward	Healthy Annuitant, set forward
	1 year; projected with MacLeod	1 year; projected with MacLeod
	Watts Scale 2020	Watts Scale 2020
Healthcare Cost Trend	5.8% for 2021, decreasing 0.1%	Before Medicare: 5.8% for 2021,
	per year to 4.00% by 2076	decreasing 0.1% per year to 4.00%
		by 2076. After Medicare:4.5% per year
Medicare Eligibility and Enrollment	Absent contrary data, all individuals	Absent contrary data, all individuals
,	are assumed to be eligibile for	are assumed to be eligibile for
	Medicare Parts A and B at 65.	Medicare Parts A and B at 65. Retirees
	Current actives: If eligibile for an RTC	over 65 who are not eligible for
	paid benefit, 100% are assumed	Medicare are assumed to remain
	to migrate to the Medicare version of	ineligible.
	their current plan at age 65.	•
	Current Medicare enrollment status	
	is assumed to continue for life.	

Mortality rates were based on the most recently published report of the Nevada Public Employees Retirement System, dated June 30, 2019, except for a different basis used to project future mortality improvements. The discount rate was based on the published change in return for the applicable municipal bond index.

The actuarial assumptions used for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 were measured as of June 30, 2020, based on a June 30, 2020 measurement date for both plans.

#### **Changes in OPEB Liabilities**

#### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability - RTC PLAN:

Changes in the rotal of EB Liability - KTOT EAN:	
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 15,327,825
Service Cost	410,545
Interest	433,143
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,020,374
Changes of assumptions	8,344,164
Benefit Payments	(427,078)
Net Changes	9,781,148
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 25,108,973

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE P - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Changes in OPEB Liabilities** (continued)

#### **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability - PEBP:**

Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 70,114
Interest	1,898
Changes of assumptions	514
Plan Experience	(1,554)
Benefit Payments	(4,206)
Net Changes	(3,348)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 66,766

Changes in assumptions reflect a change in expected migration to Medicare at age 65 from 0% to 65% of current pre-65 retirees, a change in inflation rate from 2.75% to 2.5% per year, a change in salary increases from 4% to 3%, a change in the discount rate from 2.79% as of June 30, 2019 to 2.66% as of June 30, 2020, based on the published change in the return for the applicable municipal bond index, as well as change in mortality rate based on a switch from the MacLeod Watts Scale 2018 to the MacLeod Watts Scale 2020 and an assumed healthcare trend increase of 0.25% per year for 2020 through 2023.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liabilities to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liabilities of the plans, as well as what each plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.66 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.66 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Current - 1% 1.66%	Current 2.66%	Current +1% 3.66%		
RTC PLAN - Total OPEB Liability	\$ 30,004,428	\$ 25,108,973	\$	21,250,261	
PEBP - Total OPEB Liability	\$ 75,384	\$ 66,766	\$	59,624	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liabilities to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liabilities of the plans, as well as what each plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Trend -1%	Current Trend	(	Current Trend +1%
RTC PLAN - Total OPEB Liability	\$ 21,162,395	\$ 25,108,973	\$	30,106,481
PEBP - Total OPEB Liability	\$ 59,965	\$ 66,766	\$	74,773

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE P - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

#### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the RTC recognized OPEB expense of \$2,167,029. At June 30, 2021, the RTC reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

**RTC PLAN Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows** of Resources of Resources Changes of assumptions 404,535 \$ 7,775,836 \$ Differences between expected and actual experiences 859,938 545,167 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments Benefits paid subsequent to the measurement date 524,069 Total \$ 9,159,843 \$ 949,702

#### 

\$528,255 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to benefits paid subsequent to measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. OPEB expense as follows:

2022	\$ 1,322,483
2023	1,322,483
2024	1,469,585
2025	1,517,071
2026	1,524,378
Thereafter	530,072



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2021

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PEBP 1,2

Total OPEB liability		2021		2020		2019		2018
Service Cost	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	0.440
Interest		1,898		2,037		2,274		2,116
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experiences		(1,554)		-		(5,598)		-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		514		1,553		3,406		(3,835)
Benefit payments		(4,206)		(3,642)		(5,112)		(4,069)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(3,348)		(52)		(5,030)		(5,788)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		70,114		70,166		75,196		80,984
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	66,766	\$	70,114	\$	70,166	\$	75,196

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> GASB Statement No. 75 requires 10 years of information to be presented in this table. However, until ten years of data is available, the RTC will present information only for those years which information is available.

Note: There are no assets accumulated in a trust to pay related benefits.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2021

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS-RTC Plan 1,2

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability				
Service Cost	\$ 410,545	\$ 378,080	\$ 476,389	\$ 518,107
Interest	433,143	435,390	451,548	403,526
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experiences	1,020,374	-	(984,820)	-
Changes of assumptionsor other inputs	8,344,164	485,035	727,940	(1,140,051)
Benefit payments	 (427,078)	 (406,008)	 (371,592)	 (369,079)
Net change in total OPEB liability	9,781,148	892,497	299,465	(587,497)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	15,327,825	14,435,328	14,135,863	14,723,360
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 25,108,973	\$ 15,327,825	\$ 14,435,328	\$ 14,135,863
Covered employee payroll	\$ 6,199,104	\$ 4,545,798	\$ 4,105,655	\$ 3,857,000
Net OPEB liability as a perecentage of covered payroll	405.04%	337.19%	351.60%	366.50%

Note: There are no assets accumulated in a trust to pay related benefits.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> GASB Statement No. 75 requires 10 years of information to be presented in this table. However, until ten years of data is available, the RTC will present information only for those years which information is available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2021

#### SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - LAST TEN YEARS 1,2

	2020 Valuation	2019 Valuation	2018 Valuation	2017 Valuation	2016 Valuation	2015 Valuation	2014 Valuation
RTC's proportion of the net pension liability	0.08658%	0.08581%	0.08096%	0.08207%	0.08636%	0.08468%	0.08501%
RTC's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 12,059,522	\$ 11,701,660	\$ 11,040,636	\$ 10,915,835	\$ 11,621,332	\$ 9,704,188	\$ 8,860,041
RTC's covered payroll	\$ 6,199,104	\$ 5,910,545	\$ 5,364,778	\$ 5,262,122	\$ 5,279,436	\$ 5,076,193	\$ 5,003,226
RTC's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	194.54%	197.98%	205.80%	207.44%	220.12%	191.17%	177.09%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	77.04%	76.46%	75.24%	74.42%	72.20%	75.10%	76.30%

#### SCHEDULE OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION'S CONTRIBUTION - LAST TEN YEARS 2, 3

#### State of Nevada Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 1,816,719	\$ 1,804,601	\$ 1,652,215	\$ 1,502,067	\$ 1,473,393	\$ 1,464,380	\$ 1,287,423
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ 1,816,719	\$ 1,804,601	\$ 1,652,215	\$ 1,502,067	\$ 1,473,393	\$ 1,464,380	\$ 1,287,423
Contribution (deficiency) excess	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 6,211,005	\$ 6,199,104	\$ 5,910,545	\$ 5,364,778	\$ 5,262,122	\$ 5,279,436	\$ 5,076,193
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	29.25%	29.25%	28.00%	28.00%	28.00%	27.74%	25.36%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year is of the valuation determined one year in arrears from the basic financial statements. For example, the fiscal year 2018 basic financial statements are based on the 2017 valuation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until ten years of data is available, the RTC will present information only for those years which information is available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Amounts reported above for statutorily required contributions include employer and employee contributions made to the Plan. RTC contributes the employees' share on their behalf.



### **NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

Metropolitan Planning Organization Fund

This fund is used to account for resources provided for transportation planning.

# BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION FUND

#### June 30, 2021

Assets Cash in custody of County Treasurer Cash in bank and on hand Due from federal government Interest receivable Prepaids Total assets	\$	582,366 1,110,615 540,942 1,676 22,781 2,258,380
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	124,917
Due to other funds		312,364
Total liabilities		437,281
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable revenue - state grants		285,457
Total deferred inflows of resources		285,457
FUND BALANCE		
Nonspendable:		
Prepaids		22,781
Restricted for:		500 440
Federal grants match		569,413
Assigned: Subsequent years actual & budget: appropriation		
of fund balance		943,448
Total fund balance		1,535,642
	<u></u>	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	2,258,380

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (Metropolitan Planning Organization Fund)

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance to
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues  Regional transportation planning operating and capital grants:				
Federal Highway Administration Office of the Secretary of Transportation	\$ 1,235,000	\$ 1,235,000	\$ 739,534 145,000	\$ (495,466) 145,000
Investment income Miscellaneous	10,000 1,000	10,000 1,000	475	(9,525) (1,000)
Total revenues	1,246,000	1,246,000	885,009	(360,991)
Expenditures Current:				
Metropolitan planning	3,802,631	3,802,631	2,892,902	909,729
Total expenditures	3,802,631	3,802,631	2,892,902	909,729
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(2,556,631)	(2,556,631)	(2,007,893)	548,738
Other financing sources Transfers in	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	
Total other financing sources	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	
Net change in fund balance	(56,631)	(56,631)	492,107	548,738
Fund balance - beginning	261,336	261,336	1,043,535	782,199
Fund balance - ending	\$ 204,705	\$ 204,705	\$ 1,535,642	\$ 1,330,937



CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY SOURCES

June 30, 2021

Governmental funds capital assets	
Land	\$ 2,282,090
Buildings and leasehold improvements	8,041,962
Revenue vehicles	6,931,096
Other equipment	2,337,293
Construction in progress	 453,358
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 20,045,799
Investments in governmental capital assets	
by source	
General fund	\$ 3,662,114
Special revenue funds	16,383,685
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 20,045,799

## CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

June 30, 2021

Function and Activity	Land	L	ildings and easehold provements	Revenue Other Vehicles Equipment		 enstruction Progress	Total	
General government Metropolitan planning Transportation services	\$ 1,407,500 - 874,590	\$	1,351,886 - 6,690,076	\$ - - 6,931,096	\$	902,728 195,099 1,239,466	\$ - - 453,358	\$ 3,662,114 195,099 16,188,586
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 2,282,090	\$	8,041,962	\$ 6,931,096	\$	2,337,293	\$ 453,358	\$ 20,045,799

## CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

Function and Activity	Governmental Funds Capital Assets July 1, 2020	Additions	Deletions	C	Governmental Funds Capital Assets June 30, 2021
General government Metropolitan planning Transportation services	\$ 3,662,114 195,099 17,356,411	\$ - - 1,768,812	\$ - (2,936,637)	\$	3,662,114 195,099 16,188,586
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 21,213,624	\$ 1,768,812	\$ (2,936,637)	\$	20,045,799



**OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

## SCHEDULE OF CURRENT EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

(Regional Street and Highway Fund)

	 Actual Amounts	 Final Budget	_	/ariance to inal Budget	 2020 Actual Amounts
Labor	\$ 2,487,764	\$ 2,691,735	\$	203,971	\$ 2,472,561
Fringe	1,200,666	1,334,982		134,316	1,134,929
Services	2,006,165	4,859,027		2,852,862	2,673,046
Materials and supplies	51,569	97,002		45,433	73,565
Utilities	28,496	23,868		(4,628)	24,737
Insurance costs	27,398	33,068		5,670	31,660
Miscellaneous expense	357,314	451,474		94,160	354,908
Street and highway projects	62,811,384	94,337,979		31,526,595	77,309,279
Total current expenditures	\$ 68,970,756	\$ 103,829,135	\$	34,858,379	\$ 84,074,685

## SCHEDULE OF CURRENT EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Actual Amounts	_	Final Budget	 riance to al Budget	 2020 Actual Amounts
Principal	\$ 7,185,000	\$	7,185,000	\$ _	\$ 6,626,000
Interest	15,764,784		15,767,727	2,943	15,554,662
Debt service fees and other fiscal charges	25,027		55,050	30,023	34,853
Total current expenditures	\$ 22,974,811	\$	23,007,777	\$ 32,966	\$ 22,215,515

## SCHEDULE OF CURRENT EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

(Regional Road Impact Fee Fund)

	 Actual Amounts	 Final Budget	/ariance to inal Budget	 2020 Actual Amounts
Labor	\$ 266,742	\$ 361,023	\$ 94,281	\$ 395,856
Fringe	129,548	180,771	51,223	182,840
Services	111,865	116,852	4,987	121,722
Materials and supplies	2,821	9,990	7,169	8,182
Utilities	3,070	3,244	174	3,989
Miscellaneous expense	15,905	24,356	8,451	19,676
Capacity improvement projects	5,843,519	6,490,051	646,532	2,813,060
Capital contribution projects	 -	15,600,120	 15,600,120	 
Total current expenditures	\$ 6,373,470	\$ 22,786,407	\$ 16,412,937	\$ 3,545,325

## SCHEDULE OF CURRENT EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

(Paratransit Services Fund)

	 Actual Amounts	 Final Budget	_	ariance to nal Budget	 2020 Actual Amounts
Labor	\$ 621,631	\$ 631,279	\$	9,648	\$ 618,897
Fringe	301,906	288,406		(13,500)	285,560
Services	247,910	410,110		162,200	278,764
Materials and supplies	170,210	487,311		317,101	231,393
Utilities	15,275	36,782		21,507	23,853
Casualty/liability insurance	54,133	65,920		11,787	88,319
Miscellaneous expense	283,678	432,571		148,893	261,213
Purchased transportation services	 7,187,018	 9,900,303		2,713,285	 6,925,205
Total current expenditures	\$ 8,881,761	\$ 12,252,682	\$	3,370,921	\$ 8,713,204

# SCHEDULE OF CURRENT EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - NONMAJOR FUND

(Metropolitan Planning Organization Fund)

	 Actual Amounts	 Final Budget	 riance to al Budget	 2020 Actual Amounts
Labor	\$ 1,182,635	\$ 1,229,293	\$ 46,658	\$ 1,090,357
Fringe	586,013	568,349	(17,664)	505,993
Services	843,777	1,409,743	565,966	857,694
Materials and supplies	14,175	97,580	83,405	44,440
Utilities	13,612	10,105	(3,507)	10,984
Casualty/liability insurance	13,690	16,480	2,790	15,830
Miscellaneous expense	239,000	471,081	232,081	269,027
Total current expenditures	\$ 2,892,902	\$ 3,802,631	\$ 909,729	\$ 2,794,325

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance to
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues Investment income	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 41,584	\$ (258,416)
Total revenues	300,000	300,000	41,584	(258,416)
Expenditures Current: Debt service:				
Principal	7,185,000	7,185,000	7,185,000	-
Interest	15,767,727	15,767,727 55,050	15,764,784	2,943
Debt service fees and other fiscal charges	55,050		25,027	30,023
Total expenditures	23,007,777	23,007,777	22,974,811	32,966
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(22,707,777)	(22,707,777)	(22,933,227)	(225,450)
Other financing sources Transfers in	23,007,777	23,007,777	23,473,191	465,414
Total other financing sources	23,007,777	23,007,777	23,473,191	465,414
Net change in fund balance	300,000	300,000	539,964	239,964
Fund balance - beginning	20,643,786	20,643,786	22,297,042	1,653,256
Fund balance - ending	\$ 20,943,786	\$ 20,943,786	\$ 22,837,006	\$ 1,893,220

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION BUDGET AND ACTUAL PROPRIETARY FUND (Public Transit Fund)

		2021				2020
	Final Budget	 Actual Amounts		Variance to Final Budget		Actual Amounts
Operating revenues Passenger fares Bus advertising Rental income Miscellaneous	\$ 3,819,226 250,000 400,793 4,200	\$ 3,044,093 178,240 400,729 73,655	\$	(775,133) (71,760) (64) 69,455	\$	3,972,632 245,866 399,972 98,180
Total operating revenues	 4,474,219	 3,696,717		(777,502)		4,716,650
Operating expenses General administration Depreciation  Total operating expenses Operating loss	 37,207,416 9,000,000 46,207,416 (41,733,197)	 32,944,659 7,772,300 40,716,959 (37,020,242)	_	4,262,757 1,227,700 5,490,457 4,712,955		32,745,725 7,795,347 40,541,072 (35,824,422)
Nonoperating revenues	 (11,100,101)	 (0:,020,2:2)		.,,		(00,02.,.22)
Operating revenues Operating subsidies: Federal government grants Other revenue: Public transportation tax Public transportation taxes pledged Investment income Gain on sale of capital assets	 5,411,041 12,249,324 9,856,756 300,000 20,000	 19,484,023 8,037,155 13,037,154 42,819 (6,223,525)	_	14,072,982 (4,212,169) 3,180,398 (257,181) (6,243,525)	_	9,949,185 13,672,952 11,077,938 607,728
Total nonoperating revenues	 27,837,121	 34,377,626		6,540,505		35,307,803
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers  Capital contributions	(13,896,076)	(2,642,616)		11,253,460		(516,619)
Federal grants State grants	36,824,993	17,028,411 -		(19,796,582)		8,359,976 38,457
Total capital contributions	36,824,993	17,028,411		(19,796,582)		8,398,433
Transfers out	 (375,000)	 (375,000)	_		_	(260,000)
<b>CHANGE IN NET POSITION</b>	\$ 22,553,917	\$ 14,010,795	\$	(8,543,122)	\$	7,621,814

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENSES BY OBJECT CLASSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PROPRIETARY FUND

(Public Transit Fund)

	 Actual Amounts	 Final Budget	_	ariance to nal Budget	 2020 Actual Amounts
Labor	\$ 2,162,670	\$ 2,701,119	\$	538,449	\$ 2,215,919
Fringe	1,654,412	1,825,966		171,554	1,047,109
Services	3,088,999	4,250,833		1,161,834	3,250,921
Materials and supplies	1,224,714	1,979,816		755,102	1,533,471
Utilities	323,178	496,312		173,134	395,856
Casualty/liability insurance	192,545	262,033		69,488	216,532
Miscellaneous expenses	315,760	476,026		160,266	338,527
Purchased transportation services	23,982,381	25,215,311		1,232,930	23,747,390
Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization	32,944,659	 37,207,416		4,262,757	 32,745,725
Depreciation and amortization	 7,772,300	 9,000,000		1,227,700	 7,795,347
Total operating expenses	\$ 40,716,959	\$ 46,207,416	\$	5,490,457	\$ 40,541,072

### SCHEDULE OF SPECIAL AND REGULAR MOTOR VEHICLE FUEL TAX COLLECTIONS BY MONTH

#### Year ended June 30, 2021

Date Collected by State of Nevada	RTC pecial Motor /ehicle Fuel Tax - 4¢	RTC pecial Motor /ehicle Fuel Tax - 5¢	_	RTC Special Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax - CPI Index <sup>1</sup>	 RTC Special Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax - PPI Index <sup>2</sup>	١	Local egular Motor /ehicle Fuel Tax - 5.35¢	Local Regular Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax - 1¢	 Local Regular Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax - Index	 Total
July 2020	\$ 602,338	\$ 766,612	\$	1,264,487	\$ 5,417,373	\$	677,320	\$ 152,106	\$ 895,243	\$ 9,775,479
August 2020	614,303	781,840		1,289,582	5,522,342		695,510	155,127	950,043	10,008,748
September 2020	569,320	724,589		1,195,287	5,186,219		658,504	143,768	859,996	9,337,683
October 2020	582,301	741,110		1,222,715	5,335,775		675,289	147,046	851,314	9,555,550
November 2020	519,310	660,940		1,090,264	4,713,865		605,308	131,139	818,510	8,539,336
December 2020	529,163	673,480		1,120,606	4,764,300		619,179	138,016	820,262	8,665,007
January 2021	533,339	678,795		1,119,731	4,676,714		609,170	134,681	834,608	8,587,038
February 2021	508,434	647,097		1,067,364	4,486,174		574,983	128,392	812,021	8,224,466
March 2021	588,648	749,189		1,235,730	5,277,147		690,474	148,649	729,171	9,419,007
April 2021	594,160	756,204		1,247,467	5,341,467		700,726	150,040	536,646	9,326,711
May 2021	619,461	788,404		1,300,265	5,563,050		732,969	156,429	676,807	9,837,385
June 2021	 626,780	 797,721		1,315,749	 5,672,671		735,864	158,278	 771,500	 10,078,563
	\$ 6,887,557	\$ 8,765,981	\$	14,469,248	\$ 61,957,099	\$	7,975,297	\$ 1,743,671	\$ 9,556,121	\$ 111,354,973

Regional Transportation Commission, Washoe County, Nevada	
General Fund	\$ 89,699,885
Regional Road Impact Fee Fund	700,000
Other governmental funds	1,680,000
	92,079,885
Distributed to the City of Reno, City of Sparks	
and Washoe County, Nevada	19,275,088
	\$ 111,354,973

#### Notes:

- <sup>1</sup> From October 2003 through December 2009, the Washoe County Tax Ordinance provided that the rate of levy of the 9 cent motor vehicle fuel tax would be increased on the first day of each fiscal year by the lesser of (i) 4.5 percent or (ii) the average percentage of the increase in the Consumer Price Index for West Urban Consumers for the preceding 5 years.
- <sup>2</sup> On November 4, 2008, the voters of Washoe County approved Washoe County Ballot Question RTC-5 which imposed additional county taxes on motor vehicle fuel and various special fuels used in motor vehicles. These taxes cause annual increases in the current amount of taxes imposed on such fuels based upon the lesser of the average increase in the Producer Price Index for construction materials for the preceding 10 years or 7.8%. SB201 carried out the ballot question and it became effective January 1, 2010. The new basis for calculation is the 9 cent per gallon rate indexed by the CPI through December 31, 2009 for a base rate of 10.5621 cents per gallon.

### SCHEDULE OF CONSTRUCTION PROJECT EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND

(Regional Street and Highway Fund)

	Right- of-way Acquisition	Engineering and Inspection	Construction	Total
All Jurisdictions				
2020 Preventive Maintenance	\$ -	\$ 288,268	\$ 4,201,643	\$ 4,489,911
2021 Preventive Maintenance	-	385,630	1,598,969	1,984,599
Bus Stop 19-01	2,750	266,570	156,577	425,897
T/E spot intersection improvements 10	-	128,350	1,455	129,805
Traffic Management 1/2A/2B		17,901	147,815	165,716
City of Reno	2,750	1,086,719	6,106,459	7,195,928
Arlington Bridges	_	266,953	_	266,953
Center St. Multi-Modal	_	286,404	_	286,404
Golden Valley/Beckwourth	_	22,608	=	22,608
Golden Valley - Yorkshire/Virginia	_	33,272	46,290	79,562
Kings Row - Keystone Ave/Wyoming Ave	1,000	257,452	320,051	578,503
Kings Row Phase 2 (Wyoming Ave to McCarran Blvd)	, -	150,467	, -	150,467
Kuenzil Street Conversion	-	93,416	561,006	654,422
Lakeside Drive - Evans Creek/McCarran	-	189,900	1,415,936	1,605,836
Lemmon Dr US 395 to Military Rd/Fleetwood to Chickadee	331,091	856,900	-	1,187,991
LiDAR Living Lab & Imple	· -	104,445	-	104,445
Mill Street Complete ST	265,523	12,933	-	278,456
Newport Lane	· -	85,442	-	85,442
Oddie/Wells Corridor Multi-Modal	125	535,308	-	535,433
Peckham Lane	-	113,842	-	113,842
Reno Consolidated 19-02 - North Hills/ Hunter Lake/Sky Vista Dr.	-	13,074	-	13,074
Reno Consolidated 19-03 - Sierra Highlands/Colbert Dr.	-	-	-	-
Reno Consolidated 20-01 - Mayberry Dr./California Ave/First St.	81,416	379,766	-	461,182
Reno Consolidated 21-01 - Lund/Armstrong/Yuma	-	281,343	1,368,456	1,649,799
Reno Consolidated 22-01 - Sky Mountain Dr./Sky Valley Dr.	-	312,198	-	312,198
Reno Sparks Indian Colony Riverside Pathway	-	25,985	-	25,985
Southeast Connector Phase 2 - Clean Water/S. Meadows	-	89,227	2,659,776	2,749,003
Traffic Management 3	-	23,644	-	23,644
Traffic Management 4	-	77,840	-	77,840
Virginia St/ Midtown/UNR	2,749,775	1,371,555	11,283,951	15,405,281
West Fourth Street		8,159		8,159
	3,428,930	5,592,133	17,655,466	26,676,529
City of Sparks				
Greg St E. McCarran Blvd/Railroad Tracks	-	87,143	1,193,050	1,280,193
Oddie/Wells Corridor Multi-Modal	125	535,308	-	535,433
Prater Way - Howard Dr./Sparks Blvd	-	393,263	3,549,216	3,942,479
Sparks Blvd Capacity Improvement	-	2,001,829	2,034	2,003,863
Sparks Consolidated 19-01 - 15th St.		5,611	97,468	103,079
Sparks Consolidated 21-01 - Packer Way/Wild Island Ct.	-	204,937	1,272,011	1,476,948
Traffic Management 3	-	23,644	-	23,644
Traffic Management 4		11,120		11,120
Washes County	125	3,262,855	6,113,779	9,376,759
Washoe County	221 001	956 000		1,187,991
Lemmon Dr US 395 to Military Rd/Fleetwood to Chickadee Dr.	331,091	856,900	664,944	687,251
Southeast Connector phase 2 - Clean Water/S. Meadows	(30)	22,307		7,164,686
Sun Valley Corridor Multi-Modal	(30) 331,061	628,576	6,536,140	
	331,001	1,507,783	7,201,084	9,039,928
NV Department of Transportation				
Pyramid Hwy./US 395 connector	-	500,000	-	500,000
Spaghetti Bowl Xpress	-	-	10,000,000	10,000,000
Traffic Management 4		22,240		22,240
		522,240	10,000,000	10,522,240
Total All Projects	\$ 3,762,866	\$ 11,971,730	\$ 47,076,788	\$ 62,811,384

# SCHEDULE OF CONSTRUCTION PROJECT EXPENDITURES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (Regional Road Impact Fee Fund)

	of	ight- -way uisition	ngineering and nspection	Co	onstruction	Impact Fee Credits/Waivers	Total
North Service Area			-				 
North Valley improvements 2 & 3	\$	-	\$ 29,260	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 29,260
T/E spot intersection improvements 8 - 1 & 2		_	21,573		668,552	-	690,125
T/E spot intersection improvements 9 - 1		1,572	62,095		787,037	-	850,704
T/E spot intersection improvements 10		1,000	98,444		-	-	99,444
Sky Vista		-	723,437		-	-	723,437
Impact Credits/Waivers		-	 -		-	1,014,228	1,014,228
		2,572	934,809		1,455,589	1,014,228	3,407,198
South Service Area							
T/E spot intersection improvements 8 - 1 & 2		-	-		272,465	-	272,465
T/E spot intersection improvements 9 - 2		1,000	109,714		1,797,863	-	1,908,577
T/E spot intersection improvements 10		-	255,279		-	-	255,279
Impact Credits/Waivers		-	 -		-		 
		1,000	364,993		2,070,328	-	2,436,321
Total All Projects	\$	3,572	\$ 1,299,802	\$	3,525,917	\$ 1,014,228	\$ 5,843,519

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN RESERVE FOR PROJECT APPROPRIATIONS GENERAL FUND (Regional Street and Highway Fund)

	Reserve for Project Appropriations July 1, 2020	New Project Appropriations	Expenditures	Net Project Adjustments	Reserve for Project Appropriations June 30, 2021
All Jurisdictions					
2017 Preventive Maintenance					
Engineering and inspection Construction	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2018 Preventive Maintenance					
Engineering and inspection	139,521	-	-	(139,521)	-
Construction	1,217,488	-	-	(1,217,488)	-
2019 Preventive Maintenance				(00.010)	
Engineering and inspection	29,212	-	-	(29,212)	-
Construction 2020 Preventive maintenance	196,403	-	-	(196,403)	-
Engineering and inspection	460,781	_	288,268	1	172,514
Construction	4,492,508	-	4,201,643	(60,000)	230,865
2021 Preventive maintenance	1,102,000		1,201,010	(00,000)	200,000
Engineering and inspection	-	-	385,630	796,924	411,294
Construction	6,500,000	60,000	1,598,969	(796,925)	4,164,106
2022 Preventive maintenance					
Engineering and inspection	-	500,000	-	-	500,000
Construction	-	6,000,000	-	-	6,000,000
2022 Corrective Maintenance		500,000			500,000
Engineering and inspection Construction	-	500,000 1,200,000	-	-	500,000
2023 Roadway reconstruction projects -	-	1,200,000	-	-	1,200,000
Regional roads, collectors, industrials					
Engineering and inspection	-	1,200,000	_	_	1,200,000
ADA Access Transit/Pedestrian Connectivity		,,			,,_,,,,,,
Engineering and inspection	-	500,000	-	-	500,000
Construction	-	1,500,000	-	-	1,500,000
Bus Stop Improvement Connectivity Program TO3					
Right-of-way acquisition		-	2,750	10,000	7,250
Engineering and inspection	1,369,919	950,000	266,570	(40,000)	2,053,349
Construction Green Bicycle/Stamps	1,412,030	1,050,000	156,577	(10,000)	2,295,453
Construction		_	_	_	_
Traffic Management 1/2A/2B					
Engineering and inspection	18,155	-	17,901	-	254
Construction	206,794	-	147,815	-	58,979
T/E spot intersection improvements 10					
Engineering and inspection	707,800		128,350	(395,800)	183,650
Construction	1,292,200		1,455	395,800	1,686,545
Traffic Management 5		200.000			200 000
Engineering and inspection Construction	-	300,000 1,200,000	-	-	300,000 1,200,000
Total All Jurisdictions	18,042,811	14,960,000	7,195,928	(1,642,624)	24,164,259
Total All Jurisulctions	10,042,011	14,900,000	1,190,920	(1,042,024)	24,104,209
City of Reno					
4th St Prater Way corridor improvement -					
Evans/Galletti					
Right-of-way acquisition	128,350	-	-	(128,350)	-
Engineering and inspection	71,256	-	-	(71,256)	-
Construction	2,917,250	-	-	(2,917,250)	-
Arlington bridges					
Engineering and inspection	1,801,699	00 000 000	266,953	-	1,534,746
Construction  Ricycle and pedestrian improvement (2018). Keystens	-	23,000,000	-	-	23,000,000
Bicycle and pedestrian improvement (2018) - Keystone, California					
Right-of-way acquisition	_	_	_	_	_
Engineering and inspection	-	-	-	-	-
Construction	-		-	-	-
Bicycle and pedestrian improvement (2018) -					
Mill-I580/McCarran					
Right-of-way acquisition	49,500	-	265,523	230,499	14,476
Engineering and inspection	339,148	-	12,933	97,281	423,496
Construction	2,490,695	-	-	(2,486,245)	4,450

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN RESERVE FOR PROJECT APPROPRIATIONS GENERAL FUND (Regional Street and Highway Fund)

	Reserve for Project Appropriations July 1, 2020	New Project Appropriations	Expenditures	Net Project Adjustments	Reserve for Project Appropriations June 30, 2021
Center Street multi-modal improvements Engineering and inspection Construction	\$ 97,824 880,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 286,404	\$ 880,000 (880,000)	\$ 2,691,420
Forest St. bike lanes Engineering and inspection	400,000		-	(400,000)	-
Golden Valley/Beckwourth Engineering and inspection Construction	-	425,000 581,240	22,608	-	402,392 581,240
Golden Valley - Yorkshire/Virginia Engineering and inspection	1,140,930	-	33,272	(800,000)	307,658
Construction Kings Row - Keystone Ave/Wyoming Ave	-	-	46,290	800,000	753,710
Right-of-way acquisition Engineering and inspection Construction	603,394 3,107,970	635,000	1,000 257,452 320,051	1,000 - (1,000)	345,942 3,421,919
Kings Row Phase 2 (Wyoming Ave to McCarran Blvd) Engineering and inspection	-	604,640	150,467	-	454,173
Construction Kuenzil Street Conversion Engineering and inspection	344,497	3,210,360	93,416	(251,081)	3,210,360
Construction Lakeside Drive - Evans Creek/McCarran	522,061	-	561,006	38,945	-
Engineering and inspection Construction Lemmon Dr US 395 to Military Rd/Fleetwood to Chickadee	322,988 1,623,740	-	189,900 1,415,936	(133,088) (207,804)	-
Right-of-way acquisition Engineering and inspection Construction	2,581,195 -	203,000 1,054,058 7,642,943	331,091 856,900 -	130,000 (1,292,501) 1,162,500	1,909 1,485,852 8,805,443
LiDAR Living Lab & Imple Engineering and inspection Mill Street Widing	366,237	-	104,445	-	261,792
Engineering and inspection Newport Lane	-	50,000	-	(440.075)	50,000
Engineering and inspection Construction Oddie/Wells corridor multi-modal improvements	380,173	1,175,125	85,442	(119,875) 119,875	174,856 1,295,000
Right-of-way acquisition Engineering and inspection Construction	- 728,231 21,046,347	3,000,000	125 535,308	125 30,473 (30,598)	223,396 24,015,749
Peckham Lane Engineering and inspection		430,000	113,842	-	316,158
Construction Reno Consolidated 19-01 - Sutro, 1st, Lake, State St. Engineering and inspection	2,245	1,870,000	-	(2,245)	1,870,000
Construction Reno Consolidated 19-02 - North Hills, Hunter Lake, Sky Vista Dr.	33,392	-	-	(33,392)	-
Engineering and inspection Construction	74,717 19,273	-	13,074	(61,643) (19,273)	-
Reno Consolidated 19-03 - Sierra Highlands, Colbert Dr. Hammill, Ralston, Ohm Engineering and inspection	-	_	_	_	-
Construction Reno Consolidated 20-01-Mayberry Dr./California Ave	-	-	-	-	-
First St. Right-of-way acquisition Engineering and inspection	155,895 467,165	-	81,416 379,766	80,722 360,448	- 155,201 447,847
Construction Reno Consolidated 21-01 - Lund/Amstrong/Yuma	3,696,170	-	- 204 242	(441,170)	3,255,000
Engineering and inspection Construction Reno Consolidated 22-01 - Sky Mountain Dr./Sky Valley Dr.	377,225 1,783,380	-	281,343 1,368,456	(238,380)	95,882 176,544
Engineering and inspection Construction	-	780,000 4,389,455	312,198	-	467,802 4,389,455
Reno Sparks Indian Colony riverside pathway Engineering and inspection Construction	139,840 265,509		- 25,985	- -	139,840 239,524

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN RESERVE FOR PROJECT APPROPRIATIONS GENERAL FUND (Regional Street and Highway Fund)

Year ended June 30, 2021

	Reserve for Project Appropriations July 1, 2020	New Project Appropriations	Expenditures	Net Project Adjustments	Reserve for Project Appropriations June 30, 2021
Sierra Street bike lane				-	
Engineering and inspection	\$ 400,000	-	\$ -	\$ (400,000)	\$ -
Southeast Connector Phase 2 -					-
Clean Water/S.Meadows					
Engineering and inspection	-	-	89,227	89,227	-
Construction	340,878	-	2,659,776	2,318,898	-
Traffic Management 3					
Engineering and inspection	88,320	-	23,644	-	64,676
Construction	666,650	-	-	-	666,650
Traffic Management 4					
Engineering and inspection	-		77,840	278,325	200,485
Construction	-		-	946,675	946,675
Traffic Signal Modification 22-01					
Engineering and inspection	-	200,000	-	-	200,000
Construction	-	112,500	-	_	112,500
Traffic Signal Installation 22-01		,			,
Engineering and inspection	-	1,200,000	-	_	1,200,000
Virginia St. Bus Rapid Transit extension		,,			,,
The grant of Dub Hapla Harlett of Control					
Right-of-way acquisition	51,174		2,749,775	2,698,601	_
Engineering and inspection	3,303,093		1,371,555	(464,706)	1,466,832
Construction	14,438,306		11,283,951	136,858	3,511,788
West 4th St.	14,400,000	220,010	11,200,001	100,000	0,011,700
Engineering and inspection	400,000	_	8,159	_	391,841
	68,646,717		26,676,529	(979,405)	93,774,679
Total City of Reno	00,040,717	52,765,690	20,070,329	(979,403)	93,774,079
Oite of Occasion					
City of Sparks					
4th St Prater Way corridor improvement -					
Galletti/Pyramid				((00.0=1)	
Right-of-way acquisition	128,351		-	(128,351)	-
Engineering and inspection	71,256		-	(71,256)	-
Construction	2,917,251	-	-	(2,917,251)	-
Greg St E. McCarran Blvd/Railroad Tracks					
Engineering and inspection	224,034		87,143	(136,891)	-
Construction	1,344,692	-	1,193,050	(151,642)	-
Oddie/Wells Corridor multi-modal improvements					
Right-of-way acquisition	-	-	125	125	-
Engineering and inspection	728,231	-	535,308	30,473	223,396
Construction	21,046,347	3,000,000	-	(30,598)	24,015,749
Prater Way - Howard Dr./Sparks Blvd				, , ,	
Engineering and inspection	344,728		393,263	77,000	28,465
Construction	3,626,374		3,549,216	(77,000)	73,158
Sparks Blvd.	-,-	7,	-,,-	( ,,	-
Engineering and inspection	8,316,758	-	2,001,829	_	6,314,929
Sparks Consolidated 19-01 - 15th St.	5,5.5,1.55	6,025,000	2,034	_	6,022,966
Right-of-way acquisition		0,020,000	2,00		0,022,000
Engineering and inspection	5,611		5,611		
Construction	214,815		97,468	-	117,347
	214,013	-	97,400	-	117,347
Sparks Consolidated 21-01 - Packer Way/Wild Island Ct.	205 600		204.027	1.045	00 506
Engineering and inspection	295,688		204,937	1,845	92,596
Construction	1,651,675		1,272,011	(231,845)	147,819
Traffic Management 3					
Engineering and inspection	88,320		23,644	-	64,676
Construction	666,650	-	-	-	666,650
Traffic Management 4					
Engineering and inspection	-		11,120	39,761	28,641
Construction	-	-	-	135,239	135,239
Traffic Signal Modification 22-01					
Engineering and inspection	<u>-</u>	600,000	_	_	600,000
Construction	-	337,500	-	-	337,500
Victorian Ave. bike lane		33.,300			33.,300
Construction	262,153	_	_	(262,153)	_
	202,100			(202, 100)	
Total City of Sparks	41,932,934	10,035,500	9,376,759	(3,722,544)	38,869,131
Total Oity of Oparks	41,332,934	10,033,300	9,510,139	(3,122,344)	50,008,131

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN RESERVE FOR PROJECT APPROPRIATIONS GENERAL FUND (Regional Street and Highway Fund)

Year ended June 30, 2021

	Ą	Reserve for Project opropriations July 1, 2020	_A	New Project ppropriations	 Expenditures	 Net Project Adjustments	A	Reserve for Project opropriations une 30, 2021
Washoe County								
Lemmon Dr US 395 to Military Rd/Fleetwood to Chickadee								
Engineering and inspection	\$	-	\$	203,000	\$ 331,091	\$ 130,000	\$	1,909
Construction		2,581,195		1,054,058	856,900	(1,292,500)		1,485,853
Southeast Connector Phase 2 -		-		7,642,943	-	1,162,501		8,805,444
Clean Water/S.Meadows								
Right-of-way acquisition								
Engineering and inspection		-		-	22,307	22,307		-
Construction		85,220		-	664,944	579,724		-
Sun Valley Corridor multi-modal improvements								
Right-of-way acquisition		-			(30)	(30)		-
Engineering and inspection		1,390,066		-	628,576	(500)		760,990
Construction		6,644,000		-	6,536,140	 -		107,860
Total Washoe County		10,700,481		8,900,001	 9,039,928	601,502		11,162,056
NV Department of Transportation								
Pyramid/McCarran intersection improvements								
Engineering and inspection		-		-	_	-		_
Construction		-		_	_	_		_
Pyramid Highway/US 395 connector								
Engineering and inspection		2,251,696		-	500,000	7,596,948		9,348,644
Construction		, , , , <u>-</u>		14,100,000	, <u>-</u>	, , , , <u>-</u>		14,100,000
Spaghetti Bowl Xpress				, ,				, ,
Construction		25,000,000		-	10,000,000	-		15,000,000
Traffic Management 4		-,,			-,,			-,,
Engineering and inspection		-		-	22,240	79,521		57,281
Construction		-		-	-	270,479		270,479
Total NV Department of Transportation		27,251,696		14,100,000	 10,522,240	7,946,948		38,776,404
Total All Projects	\$	166,574,639	\$	100,779,397	\$ 62,811,384	\$ 2,203,877	\$	206,746,529

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN RESERVE FOR PROJECT APPROPRIATIONS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (Regional Road Impact Fee Fund)

Year ended June 30, 2021

	Reserve				Reserve
	for Project	New		Net	for Project
	Appropriations	Project		Project	Appropriations
	July 1, 2020	Appropriations	Expenditures	Adjustments	June 30, 2021
North Service Area	•				
North Valley improvements 2 & 3					
Right of Way	-	-	-	30	30
Engineering and inspection	80,350	-	29,260	35,730	86,820
Construction	1,143,628	900,000	-	(35,760)	2,007,868
Sun Valley & Lemmon Dr ped improvements					
Engineering and inspection	-	-	-	-	-
Construction	-	-	-	-	-
T/E spot intersection improvements 7					
Engineering and inspection	-	-	=	-	_
Construction	-	-	-	-	-
T/E spot intersection improvements 8 - 1 & 2					
Right of Way	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering and inspection	169,010	-	21,573	(147,437)	-
Construction	857,722	-	668,552	(189,170)	-
T/E spot intersection improvements 9	,		,	, , ,	
Right of Way	_	_	1,572	1,572	_
Engineering and inspection	132,246	_	62,095	-,	70,151
Construction	1,247,318	_	787,037	(31,572)	428,709
T/E spot intersection improvements 10	1,241,010		707,007	(01,072)	420,700
Right of Way	_	1,000	1,000	_	_
Engineering and inspection	899,200	1,000	98,444	(748,029)	52,727
Construction	000,200	24,000	-	748,029	772,029
Sky Vista		24,000		140,023	112,023
Right of Way	_	62,000	_	_	62,000
Engineering and inspection	1,415,905	307,421	723,437	_	999,889
Construction	-,,	14,721,541	-	-	14,721,541
Waiver	-	· · ·	1,014,228	1,014,228	· · ·
Total North Service Area	5,945,379	16,015,962	3,407,198	647,621	19,201,764
South Service Area					
T/E spot intersection improvements 8 - 1 & 2					
Engineering and inspection Construction	273,924	-	-	(1,459)	-
	273,924	-	272,465	(1,459)	-
T/E spot intersection improvements 9	050 000		4.000	(0.40,000)	
Right of Way	250,000	=	1,000	(249,000)	-
Engineering and inspection	2,128,194	-	109,714	(1,999,933)	18,547
Construction	1,800,000	5,000	1,797,863	1,365	8,502
T/E spot intersection improvements 10	0.700.000		055.070		0.445.504
Engineering and inspection	2,700,800	4 040 000	255,279	=	2,445,521
Construction	=	1,649,000	=	=	1,649,000
SteamBoat Pkwy Improvement		4 440 000			4 440 000
Engineering and inspection Construction	-	1,119,290 2,814,470	-	-	1,119,290
	7 150 010		2 426 224	(2.240.027)	2,814,470
Total South Service Area	7,152,918	5,587,760	2,436,321	(2,249,027)	8,055,330
Total All Projects	\$ 13,098,297	\$ 21,603,722	\$ 5,843,519	\$ (1,601,406)	\$ 27,257,094
Total All Frojects	Ψ 13,030,231	Ψ 21,000,122	Ψ 0,040,019	Ψ (1,001,400)	Ψ 21,201,004

# SCHEDULE OF CUMULATIVE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND

(Regional Street and Highway Fund)

	_	July 1, 1965	Expenditures July 1, 2021			Unexpended Balance of
		through une 30, 2020	through June 30, 2021		Total	Project Appropriations
W 0. B . W	_			_	47.000.70	
4th St. Prater Way corridor improvement	\$	47,022,701	\$ -	\$	47,022,701	\$ -
ADA pedestrian transition improvement plan 2012		36,631	-		36,631	-
ADA pedestrian transition improvement plan 2013		648,584	-		648,584	-
ADA pedestrian transition improvement plan 2014		515,862	-		515,862	-
ADA pedestrian transition improvement plan 2015		876,304	-		876,304	2 000 000
ADA pedestrian transition improvement plan 2021		00.764	-		00.764	2,000,000
Albert-Bravo		90,764	-		90,764	-
Alignment, plan line, technical studies Alturas - Keystone/Earl		2,412,214 797,128	-		2,412,214	-
Arlington/1st/Elm Street		3,325,154	-		797,128 3,325,154	-
			266,953			24,534,746
Arlington Bridges Avenida de Landa - Beaumont/865' N. Valleywood		198,301 643,664	200,933		465,254 643,664	24,334,740
Baker Lane/Coleman Drive		1,563,418	-		1,563,418	-
Baring Blvd./McCarran/Sparks Blvd.		735,979			735,979	
Baring Blvd./McCarrain/Sparks Blvd.  Baring Blvd./Sparks/Vista		1,536,322	-		1,536,322	-
Bicycle/Pedestrian Improvement FY18		3,057,160	278,456		3,335,616	442,422
Board Discretionary Projects -		3,037,100	270,430		3,333,010	442,422
Washoe County		19,946			19,946	
Reno		12,625	-		12,625	-
Sparks		54,731	-		54,731	-
·			-			-
Boxington Way - Lincoln/Lillard Bravo Ave Mt. Limbo/Ramsey		771,209 866,677	-		771,209	-
•			405.007		866,677	4 256 052
Bus Stop 19-01		786,485	425,897		1,212,382	4,356,052
California Ave./Liberty/Ryland		873,386	-		873,386	-
Casazza - Wells/Kietzke Cashill/Skyline		1,595,069 2,168,552	-		1,595,069	-
Caughlin Parkway-Sawbuck/Longknife		977,185	-		2,168,552 977,185	-
Caughlin Parkway-Gawbuck/Longknife/McCarran/Front		911,100	_		377,103	-
St./3rd		1,493,077	_		1,493,077	_
Center Street		2,241,994	_		2,241,994	_
Center Street Multi-modal Improv.		102,176	286,404		388,580	2,691,420
Center Street overlay - Plaza/19th		374,460	200,101		374,460	2,001,120
Clean Water Way - McCarran/Treatment Plant		1,718,022	_		1,718,022	_
Clearacre/Scottsdale		42,000	_		42,000	_
Coliseum/Yori - Peckham/Gentry		760,552	_		760,552	_
Computer signal system		190,000	-		190,000	_
Corrective maintenance FY12		1,708,346	-		1,708,346	_
Corrective maintenance FY13		1,668,466	_		1,668,466	_
Corrective maintenance FY14		1,843,310	-		1,843,310	_
Corrective maintenance FY15		1,183,656	-		1,183,656	_
Corrective maintenance FY22		-	-		-	1,700,000
County Estates - Huffaker		1,060,740	-		1,060,740	-
County-wide		184,950	-		184,950	-
County bridge - Galena Creek		353,599	-		353,599	-
Country Club Drive		664,059	-		664,059	-
Dandini Blvd.		1,005,190	-		1,005,190	-
Delucchi Lane - Virginia/Tyrone		1,031,031	-		1,031,031	-
Deming Way - Greg/Kleppe		692,449	-		692,449	-
Department of Energy traffic and street light retrofit		988,364	-		988,364	-
Donati Lane/Vista Blvd.		1,216,154	-		1,216,154	-
E. Glendale - McCarran/RR Xng		1,226,316	-		1,226,316	-

# SCHEDULE OF CUMULATIVE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED GENERAL FUND

(Regional Street and Highway Fund)

			Expenditures			Unexpended
	_	July 1, 1965	July 1, 2020			Balance of
	•	through	through			Project
	.lı	une 30, 2020	June 30, 2021		Total	Appropriations
		une 50, 2020	ourie 50, 2021		TOTAL	Арргорпацопа
E.Greg Street	\$	1,293,369	\$ -	\$	1,293,369	\$ -
East Lake Blvd.	*	783,530	· .	*	783,530	· -
E. Lincoln Wy McCarran/Howard		236,596	_		236,596	_
E. Lincoln Wy Sparks/Lillard		337,446	_		337,446	_
E. Lincoln Wy Stanford/Howard		690,659	_		690,659	_
E. Moana Lane		54,764	_		54,764	_
E. Ninth Street		148,162	_		148,162	_
E. Nugget Ave McCarran/End of pavement		229,123	_		229,123	_
Echo Ave Mt. Bismark/Military		982,740	_		982,740	_
El Rancho Drive		1,331,531	_		1,331,531	_
El Rancho Drive - McCarran/Sun Valley Road		871,775	-		871,775	_
El Rancho - Sun Valley/Sullivan		1,408,196	-		1,408,196	
El Rancho - Sullivan/McCarran		1,341,019	-		1,341,019	-
Emerson Way - Pyramid/N. Truckee			-			
Evans Avenue		2,101,524	-		2,101,524	-
		943,829	-		943,829	-
Evans Avenue/Fourth St./Jodi		1,887,228	-		1,887,228	-
Evans St./Highland Ave Jodi/Enterprise/Evans/Valley		1,059,969	-		1,059,969	-
First Street - Prater/Richard		912,015	-		912,015	-
Fifth Street - Ralston/RR Xng		1,237,235	-		1,237,235	-
Foothill/Thomas Creek bridge		117,830	-		117,830	-
Forest Street Bike Lanes		-	-		-	-
Franklin Way - Greg/Kleppe		371,847	-		371,847	-
Freeport Blvd.		50,000	-		50,000	-
Freeport and Steneri - 21st/Steneri/Gendale		118,873	-		118,873	-
Galletti Way - Kietzke/Fourth		1,018,720	-		1,018,720	-
Geiger Grade/Toll Road		8,188,519	-		8,188,519	-
Gentry Way and Second St Brinkby/Virginia/Giroux/Kietzke		1,060,051	-		1,060,051	-
Gentry/Virginia/Kietzke		864,863	-		864,863	-
Glendale Avenue		4,946,368	<del>.</del>		4,946,368	<del>.</del>
Golden Valley - Beckwourth		-	22,608		22,608	983,632
Golden Valley - Yorkshire/Virginia		320,452	79,562		400,014	1,061,368
Golden Valley - N. Hills/U.S. 395		631,855	-		631,855	-
Green Bicycle/Stamps		183,427	-		183,427	-
Greenbrae - Rock/Fourth		816,660	-		816,660	-
Greenbrae - Rock/Pyramid		21,182	-		21,182	-
Greg Street		4,343,180	-		4,343,180	-
Greg Street - McCarran Intersection/Prater drainage		321,274	1,280,193		1,601,467	-
Greg Street - Mill/Truckee River		749,884	-		749,884	-
Greg St. Phase I - RR Xng/Sparks Blvd.		2,387,066	-		2,387,066	-
Greg St. Phase II - Sparks Blvd./I80		3,666,549	-		3,666,549	-
Greg Street - Reno limit/McCarran		1,550,952	-		1,550,952	-
Greg Street - Spice Island		687,487	-		687,487	-
Greg Street - Truckee River/Rock		599,797	-		599,797	-
Harvard Way - Linden to Vassar		1,717,554	-		1,717,554	-
Howard/Greenbrae/Sparks		441,573	-		441,573	-
Howard Drive/Lincoln/Prater/Vista to east city limits		736,655	-		736,655	-
Hunter Lake - Plumb/Mayberry		768,273	-		768,273	-
Incline traffic signal		5,937	-		5,937	-
Industrial Way/Coney Island/Glendale		793,183	-		793,183	-
International Place/Ice House Road		454,428	-		454,428	-
Intersection corrective maintenance FY10		1,465,920	-		1,465,920	-
Intersection corrective maintenance FY11		1,247,428	-		1,247,428	-
Keystone Avenue/California Avenue/Booth St. intersection		248,679	-		248,679	-
Keystone Avenue rehabilitation		1,036,521	-		1,036,521	-
Kings Row - Keystone Ave/Wyoming Ave		88,636	728,970		817,606	7,432,394
Kirman - Casazza/Plumb		146,912	-		146,912	,
Kirman/Kuenzli/Apple		412,286	-		412,286	-
Kirman/Locust		3,752,490	_		3,752,490	_
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## SCHEDULE OF CUMULATIVE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED GENERAL FUND

(Regional Street and Highway Fund)

	July 1, 1965 through	Expenditures July 1, 2020 through		Unexpended Balance of Project
	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	Total	Appropriations
Kleppe - Greg/N. Truckee Drain	\$ 2,778,473	\$ -	\$ 2,778,473	\$ -
Kuenzli Street	119,416	-	119,416	•
Kuenzli Street bridge	496,598	-	496,598	-
Kuenzli Street - 2nd	1,487,274	<u>-</u>	1,487,274	-
Kuenzil Street Conversion	133,442	654,422	787,864	-
La Posada/Eagle Canyon at Pyramid Hwy. Lakeshore Drive	1,752,339 1,134,078	-	1,752,339 1,134,078	-
Lakeside Drive	1,182,372	-	1,182,372	-
Lakeside Drive - Brinkby/Mt. Rose	1,991,639	_	1,991,639	_
Lakeside Drive - Evans Creek/McCarran	238,272	1,605,836	1,844,108	-
Lakeside - Huffaker/Meadowridge	612,170	-	612,170	-
Larkin Circle/Madison Ave Greg/Greg	709,203	-	709,203	-
Las Brisas - McCarran/Brittania	818,312	-	818,312	-
Lear Blvd Moya/Zeolite Lemmon Drive - Buck/Patrician	1,483,799 1,495,172	-	1,483,799 1,495,172	-
Lemmon Drive - US 395 to Military Rd/Fleetwood to	1,433,172	_	1,490,172	-
Chickadee	837,610	2,375,982	3,213,592	20,586,410
Lemmon Drive - Patrician/Ramsey	1,019,271	-	1,019,271	-
Lemmon Drive - Patrician/Waterash	1,446,833	-	1,446,833	-
Lemmon Drive, Phase I	357,708	-	357,708	-
Lemmon Drive, Phase II and III	394,729	-	394,729	-
Liberty/Ryland - Center/Holcomb/Kirman/Mill Lillard - Brierly/Prater	1,042,238	-	1,042,238	-
Linda Way/Southern Way - Coney Island/Glendale/Freeport	1,177,261 1,201,905	-	1,177,261 1,201,905	-
Longitudinal joint study	65,470	_	65,470	_
Longley Lane - Houston/Rock	2,045,694	-	2,045,694	-
Longley Lane - Huffaker realignment	227,910	-	227,910	-
Longley Lane - S. Virginia St./Peckham Ln.	2,242,374	-	2,242,374	-
Longley - McCarran/Houston	2,150,102	-	2,150,102	-
Longley - McCarran/S. Virginia Loop Road/Salomon Circle -Vista/end of pavement/cul de sac	3,760,669 629,758	-	3,760,669 629,758	-
Los Altos Pkwy Canyon Run/Goodwin	441,188	-	441,188	-
Mae Anne/Sierra Highlands - Avenida de Landa/McCarran	2,551,997	_	2,551,997	_
Mae Anne - Avenida de Landa/Ambassador	675,540	-	675,540	-
Mae Anne - Sharlands/Avenida de Landa	1,578,105	-	1,578,105	-
Mayberry Drive	3,025,256	-	3,025,256	-
Mayberry Dr Canyon/W. McCarran	1,659,547	-	1,659,547	-
Mayberry Dr Hunter Lake/California	1,073,723	-	1,073,723	-
Mayberry Dr McCarran/California Mayberry Dr Truckee River/Canyon	2,628,315 2,346,483	-	2,628,315 2,346,483	-
Mays and Tanager - Lakeshore/Village	754,427	-	754,427	-
McCarran Blvd Cashill/Plumb	116,563	-	116,563	-
McCarran Blvd forensic study	36,693	-	36,693	-
McCarran Blvd Greensboro/Skyline	852,287	-	852,287	-
McCarran Blvd Mira Loma/Equity	1,212,775	-	1,212,775	-
McCarran Blvd Mira Loma/ S. Virginia Street	2,158,994	-	2,158,994	-
McCarran Blvd Plumas/Greensboro McCarran Blvdl-80/Prater	250,000 64,396	-	250,000 64,396	-
McCarran Blvd S. Virginia/4th	11,611,934	-	11,611,934	-
Military Road	542,342	_	542,342	_
Military Road - Lemmon/Echo	2,780,321	-	2,780,321	-
Mill Street	2,453,504	-	2,453,504	-
Mill Street/Kietzke/Rock	3,233,994	-	3,233,994	-
Mill Street - Rock/E. McCarran	1,919,943	-	1,919,943	-
Mill Street - Wells/Virginia	454,051	-	454,051	E0 000
Mill Street Widening Mira Loma - Longley/McCarran	1,506,925	-	1,506,925	50,000
Mira Loma - McCarran/1,711' E.	398,356	-	398,356	-
Mira Loma - McCarran/Rosewood	476,022	-	476,022	-
Moana Lane	87,781	-	87,781	-
Moana - Neil/Longley	301,376	-	301,376	-
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# SCHEDULE OF CUMULATIVE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED GENERAL FUND

(Regional Street and Highway Fund)

		Expenditures		Unexpended
	July 1, 1965	July 1, 2020		Balance of
	through	through		Project
	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	Total	Appropriations
Moana - Neil/Peckham	\$ 991,505	\$ -	\$ 991,505	\$ -
Moana - Neil/Kietzke	946,617	Ψ -	946,617	Ψ -
Moana - Peckham/McCarran	6,834	_	6,834	_
Moana - Plumas/Kietzke	1,693,570	-	1,693,570	_
Moana - Plumas/Pioneer	29,500	-	29,500	-
Moana Lane widening - S. Virginia/Neil(1)	(629,985)	-	(629,985)	-
Montello Street - 9th/Wedekind	1,159,797	-	1,159,797	-
Mount Rose St Arlington/Plumas	472,072	-	472,072	-
Moya Blvd - Redrock/Echo	2,143,452	-	2,143,452	-
Neil Road - Virginia/Delucci	622,975	-	622,975	-
Neil Road/Gentry/Terminal Way - Moana/Plumb	2,050,483	<u>-</u>	2,050,483	<del>.</del>
Newport Lane	106,907	85,442	192,349	1,469,856
Nichols Blvd E. McCarran/Howard	1,965,071	-	1,965,071	-
Nichols Blvd Bike/Pedestrian improvements	1,508,713	-	1,508,713	-
Ninth Street - Virginia/Valley	620,911	-	620,911	-
North Hills Boulevard - Golden Valley/1880' West	484,301	-	484,301 2,869,570	-
N. Virginia - 4th/6th/Maple/8th Old 395 N. rehabilitation	2,869,570 1,551,287	-	2,869,570 1,551,287	-
Oddie/Wells Corridor Multi-Modal	1,365,842	1,070,866	2,436,708	48,478,290
Pagni Lane	467,304	1,070,000	467,304	40,470,290
Parr Blvd.	90,219	_	90,219	
Parr Blvd - N. Virginia/US 395	2,469,681	_	2,469,681	_
Parr Circle/Catron Drive - Parr/Parr	1,266,490	_	1,266,490	_
Peckham Lane - Baker Ln./Virginia	- 1,200,100	113,842	113,842	2,186,158
Peckham Lane, Phases I and II	2,704,066	-	2,704,066	_,,
Peckham Lane - Kietzke/Longley	1,732,873	-	1,732,873	-
Peckham Lane - S. Virginia/Kietzke	774,381	-	774,381	-
Pembroke - McCarran/Steamboat Pkwy	18,357	-	18,357	-
Pembroke Drive	160,056	-	160,056	-
Pembroke/Steamboat Parkway	815,084	-	815,084	-
Pembroke Dr McCarran/Boynton Bridge	1,757,774	-	1,757,774	-
Plumas - Glenda/Plumb	1,419,557	-	1,419,557	-
Plumas - Manzanita/Glenda Way	1,026,092	-	1,026,092	-
Plumas - Moana/Urban	1,159,358	-	1,159,358	-
Plumas St. sidewalks	407,385	-	407,385	-
Plumas - Sierra	993,209	-	993,209	-
Plumas - Moana south to end of pavement	2,467,726	-	2,467,726	-
Plumb Lane - Margot/S. Virginia Plumb Lane - McCarran/Ferris	1,472,271 6,745,829	-	1,472,271 6,745,829	-
Prater Way	1,002,507	-	1,002,507	-
Prater Way and El Rancho Dr Stanford/	1,727,165	3,942,479	5,669,644	101,623
Sparks Blvd./Victorian/Prater	1,723,938	0,042,473	1,723,938	101,020
Prater Way enhancements Ph. 3	856,858	_	856,858	_
Prater Way enhancements Ph. 4	257,713	_	257,713	_
Probasco Way	1,614,766	-	1,614,766	-
Purina Way - Spice Island/E. Greg	448,572	-	448,572	-
Putnam and Wyoming - Kings Row/Keystone	817,093	-	817,093	-
Pyramid Highway Corridor	402,761	-	402,761	-
Pyramid/McCarran intersection improvements(1)(2)	73,305,206	-	73,305,206	-
Pyramid Way - signal improvement	12,456	-	12,456	-
Pyramid/McCarran Blvdnorth urban limit	1,581,221	-	1,581,221	-
Pyramid Hwy./US 395 connector	2,180,676	500,000	2,680,676	23,448,644
Pyramid Hwy. northbound right turn at Ironwood	140,742	-	140,742	-
Ralston St./5th St 2nd/5th/Keystone/Ralston	1,854,752	-	1,854,752	-
Ranger Road - Panther/Newport	883,361	-	883,361	-
Red Rock - Adobe/Argosy	2,062,105	-	2,062,105	-

# SCHEDULE OF CUMULATIVE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED GENERAL FUND

(Regional Street and Highway Fund)

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	July 1, 1965	Expenditures July 1, 2020		Unexpended Balance of
	through	through		Project
	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	Total	Appropriations
Red Rock - Moya/U.S. 395	\$ 461,643	\$ -	\$ 461,643	\$ -
Red Rock - Osage	1,870,038	Ψ -	1,870,038	Ψ - -
Red Rock - Silver Knolls/Adobe	303,947	_	303,947	_
Regional RMMS	290,439	-	290,439	-
Regional road maintenance - fuel tax	70,033,135	6,474,510	76,507,645	12,678,779
Regional road maintenance - public transportation tax	19,617,423	-	19,617,423	-
Regional System Photo Study	60,005	-	60,005	-
Reno Consolidated 06-01 - Court/Sierra	2,264,572	-	2,264,572	-
Reno Consolidated 06-02 - Airmotive/Condor/Bible	1,762,634	-	1,762,634	-
Reno Consolidated 07-01 - Corporate/Financial Blvd. Reno Consolidated 07-02 - Ralston/S. Meadows Pkwy	981,297 757,306	-	981,297 757,306	-
Reno Consolidated 07-02 - Kaiston/3. Meadows Fkwy Reno Consolidated 08-01 - Kirman/Sutro/9th	1,888,858	-	1,888,858	-
Reno Consolidated 09-01 - Vassar/Holcomb	3,428,153	_	3,428,153	_
Reno Consolidated 09-02 - Matley/Market/Louise/	0,120,100		0, 120, 100	
Redwood/Automotive	1,920,049	-	1,920,049	-
Reno Consolidated 10-01 - Crummer/Green Acres/Huffaker	785,000	-	785,000	-
Reno Consolidated 10-02 - Bluestone/Offenhausser/				
Patriot/Portman	1,866,520	-	1,866,520	-
Reno Consolidated 10-03 - Lakeside/Manzanita	3,169,011	-	3,169,011	-
Reno Consolidated 10-04 - Brookside/Energy/Edison/				
Joule/Reactor	4,370,038	-	4,370,038	-
Reno Consolidated 10-05 - Mira Loma/Barron/Louie	863,130	-	863,130	-
Reno Consolidated 11-01 - First/State	1,663,549	-	1,663,549	-
Reno Consolidated 11-02 - Brinkby/Lymberry Reno Consolidated 11-03 - Gould/Kuenzli/Sunshine/Prosperity	2,850,741 1,707,328	-	2,850,741 1,707,328	-
Reno Consolidated 19-01 - Sutro/1st/Lake/State St.	4,300,137	-	4,300,137	-
Reno Consolidated 19-02 - North Hills/ Hunter Lake/Sky Vista Dr.	3,626,591	13,074	3,639,665	_
Reno Consolidated 19-03 - Sierra Highlands/Colbert Dr.	2,603,261	-	2,603,261	_
Reno Consolidated 20-01 - Mayberry Dr./California Ave/First St.	290,770	461,182	751,952	3,858,048
Reno Consolidated 21-01 - Lund/Armstrong/Yuma	109,855	1,649,799	1,759,654	272,426
Reno Consolidated 22-01 - Sky Mountain Dr./Sky Valley Dr.	-	312,198	312,198	4,857,257
Reno overlays	225,997	-	225,997	-
Reno rehabilitation 97-1	1,065,046	-	1,065,046	-
Reno rehabilitation 98-2	1,273,479	-	1,273,479	-
Reno rehabilitation 98-3 Reno rehabilitation - Lake/Sierra/Sinclair	1,676,960 1,505,712	-	1,676,960 1,505,712	-
Reno Sparks Indian Colony Riverside Pathway	285,757	25,985	311,742	379,364
Reno-Sparks signal link	27,000	20,000	27,000	-
Ring Road - northeast and northwest quadrants	3,317,635	_	3,317,635	_
Ridgeview Dr Plumas/Lakeside	358,494	-	358,494	-
Ridgeview Terrace/Plumas	1,442,660	-	1,442,660	-
Robb Drive - Walnut/S. Las Brisas	4,923,830	-	4,923,830	-
Rock Blvd.	3,016,760	-	3,016,760	-
Rock - Glendale/McCarran Blvd.	3,800,574	-	3,800,574	-
Rock - Glendale/Hymer	841,147	-	841,147	-
Rock Blvd Oddie/N. McCarran Blvd.	1,489,587	-	1,489,587	-
Rock Blvd Victorian/Oddie Second Street bridge	1,944,538 308,140	-	1,944,538 308,140	-
Security Circle - N. Virginia/N. Virginia	835,227	_	835,227	-
Seventh Street - Akard/Keystone	3,573,805	-	3,573,805	-
Seventh Avenue - Sun Valley/Klondike	534,358	_	534,358	_
Sierra - 9th/N. Virginia Street	1,936,791	-	1,936,791	-
Sierra Street Bike Lane	-	-	-	-
Silver Lake Blvd Silver Shores/1,000'E. of Stead	1,790,071	-	1,790,071	-
Silver Lake Blvd 1000' E. of Stead/Sky Vista	764,518	-	764,518	-
S. Stanford Way	699,429	-	699,429	-
S. Virginia Street - Gentry/Brinkby	396,492	-	396,492	-
S. Virginia Street - Wells intersection relocation	2,556,207	-	2,556,207	-
Southeast Connector phase 1 - Greg/Clean Water Wy.(1)	54,617,002	_	54,617,002	
Grog, Glear Water Wy.(1)	J <del>-1</del> ,017,002	-	J <del>-1</del> ,U11,UUZ	-

## SCHEDULE OF CUMULATIVE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED GENERAL FUND

(Regional Street and Highway Fund)

Southeast Connector phase 2		July 1, 1965 through June 30, 2019	Expenditures July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020	Total	Unexpended Balance of Project Appropriations
Clean Water Wy, FS. Meadows(1)	Southeast Connector phase 2 -				
Spaghetti Bowl Xpress   5,000,000   10,000,000   15,000,000   15,000,000   15,000,000   15,000,000   15,000,000   15,000,000   15,000,000   15,000,000   15,000,000   15,000,000   15,000,000   15,000,000   15,000,000   15,000,000   17,000		\$ 194,351,898	\$ 3,436,254	\$ 197,788,152	\$ -
Sparks Consolidated 19-01 - 19-laker Way/Wild Island Ct.         3,020,999         103,079         3,124,078         117,347           S.E. McCarran Blvd Longley/Mill         3,875,960         - 5,237,865         - 5,237		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Sparks Consolidated 21-01 - Packer Wayl/Wild Island Ct.   32,637   1,476,948   1,509,585   240,415   S.E. McCarran Blvd Cashill/Plumb   5,237,865		162,553	2,003,863	2,166,416	12,337,895
S.E. McCarran Blwd Longley/Mull         5,875,960         -         3,875,960         -         5,27,865         -         S.5,27,865         -         S.7,27,87         -         24,367,677         -         24,367,677         -         S.4,367,677         -         S.7,467,677         S.W. McCaran Blwd Membray Longley(Fig(1)         24,367,677         -         24,367,677         -         S.7,467,678         S.W. McCaran Blwd Membray/Skyline         6,663,719         -         6,663,719         -         6,663,719         -         6,663,719         -         6,663,719         -         6,663,719         -         6,663,719         -         6,663,719         -         6,663,719         -         1,666,899         -         1,666,899         -         1,666,899         -         1,666,899         -         1,715,990         -         1,715,990         -         1,715,990         -         1,715,990         -         1,715,990         -         1,715,990         -         1,714,694         -         1,415,524         -         2,414,524         -					
S.E. McCarran Blvd S. Vriginjal-Longley	•		1,476,948		240,415
S.E. McCarran Blvd. videning - Longley(Greg(1)			-		-
S.E. McCarran Blvd. Mydening - Longley/Greg(1)			-		-
S.W. McCarran Blvd MayberryUS 40  S.W. McCarran Blvd Plumas/US 40  S.W. McCarran Blvd Plumas/US 40  S.W. McCarran Blvd Plumas/Skyline  S.W. McCarran Blvd Plumas/Skyline  S.W. McCarran Blvd Skyline/Cashill  1.277.939  S.W. McCarran Blvd Skyline/Cashill  1.277.939  S.W. McCarran Blvd Skyline/Bumbayberry  166.959  S.W. McCarran Blvd Skyline/Bumbayberry  S.W. McCarran Blvd Skyline/Bu			-		-
S.W. McCarran Blvd Plumas/US 40			-		_
S.W. McCarran Blvd Plumas/Skyline   6,663,719   - 6,663,719   - 529,845			-		_
S.W. McCarran Blvd Skyline/Cashlif	S.W. McCarran Blvd Plumas/Skyline	6,663,719	-	6,663,719	-
S.W. McCarran Blvd Skyline/Mayberry 156, 959 - 156, 959 - 175, 959 - 2			-	529,845	-
S.W. McCarran Blvd S. Virginia/Plumas			-		-
Socrates Dr McCarran/Sienna Park			-		-
Sparks Blvd.	<u> </u>	, ,	-		-
Sparks Blvd Baring/Shadow				, ,	-
Sparks Blvd Shadow/Disc   Sparks Blvd I-80/E. Greg   1,286,356   - 1,286,356   - 1,286,356   - 1,286,356   - 1,286,356   - 1,286,356   - 1,286,356   - 1,286,356   - 1,286,356   - 1,227,293   - 2,247,293   - 2,247,293   - 3,247,293					
Sparks Blvd I-80/E. Greg         1,286,356         - 1,286,356           Sparks Blvd I-80/Prater         1,527,293         - 1,527,293         -           Sparks Blvd Ieft turn at McCabe         9,677         -         9,677         -           Sparks Blvd. NB lanes - Prater/Baring         1,476,646         -         1,476,646         -         1,476,646         -         2,231,867         -         2,231,867         -         -         -         -         -         5,008,735         -         -         2,231,867         -         -         2,231,867         -         -         2,231,867         -         -         2,231,867         -         -         5,008,735         -         -         5,008,735         -         -         5,008,735         -         5,008,735         -         -         5,008,735         -         -         5,008,735         -         -         5,008,735         -         -         5,008,735         -         -         5,008,735         -         -         5,008,735         -         -         5,008,735         -         -         5,008,735         -         -         5,008,735         -         -         5,008,735         -         -         5,008,735         -					_
Sparks Blvd I-8d ()-Frater         1,527,293         - 1,527,293         - 5,527,293         - 5,527,293         - 5,527,293         - 5,527,293         - 7,527,293         - 7,527,293         - 7,527,293         - 9,677         - 9,677         - 9,677         - 9,677         - 9,677         - 9,677         - 9,677         - 5,527,293         - 1,476,646         - 1,476,646         - 1,476,646         - 1,476,646         - 1,476,646         - 1,476,646         - 1,476,646         - 1,476,646         - 1,476,646         - 1,476,646         - 2,231,867         - 2,2		, ,	_	, ,	_
Sparks Blvd, NB lanes - Prater/Baring   1,476,646   - 1,476,646   - 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5,			-	, ,	-
Sparks Consolidated 09-02 - Deming/Bergin/Franklin/Meredith   1,152,136   - 2,231,867   - 2,231,867   - 2,231,867   - 5,231,86	Sparks Blvd left turn at McCabe	9,677	-	9,677	-
Sparks Consolidated 09-03 - Freeport/Stener   2,231,867   5,231,		1,476,646	-	1,476,646	-
Sparks Consolidated 10-01 - Pacific/Hymer/15h/16th/			-		-
Sparks Consolidated 11-01 - Marietta/Snider   1,720,526   1,720,526   1,720,526   1,720,526   1,720,526   1,720,526   1,720,526   1,720,526   1,720,526   1,720,526   1,720,526   1,720,526   1,724,835   1,724,835   1,724,835   1,724,835   1,724,835   1,724,835   1,724,835   1,724,835   1,628,273   1,628,3984   1,628,3984   1,628,3984   1,628,3984   1,628,3984   1,628,3984   1,628,3998		2,231,867	-	2,231,867	-
Sparks Consolidated 11-01 - Marietta/Snider         1,720,526         -         1,724,835         -         1,724,835         -         1,724,835         -         1,724,835         -         1,724,835         -         2,007,754         -         2,007,754         -         2,007,754         -         2,007,754         -         2,007,754         -         2,007,754         -         2,007,754         -         2,007,754         -         2,007,754         -         2,007,754         -         2,007,754         -         2,007,754         -         2,007,754         -         2,007,764         -         2,007,764         -         2,007,764         -         2,007,764         -         2,007,764         -         2,007,764         -         2,007,764         -         2,007,764         -         2,007,764         -         2,007,764         -         2,007,764         -         2,007,60         -         2,007,764         -         2,007,764         -         2,007,764         -         2,007,764         -         2,007,764         -         2,007,764         -         2,007,764         -         2,007,764         -         2,007,60         -         2,007,60         -         2,007,60         -         2,007,60         -	•	F 000 70F		F 000 70F	
Sparks Consolidated 12-01 - Greenbrae/Merchant         1,724,835         -         1,724,835         -           Sparks overlay projects         2,007,754         -         2,007,754         -           Sparks rehabilitation project 3         1,628,273         -         1,628,273         -           Sparks rehabilitation project 3         820,166         -         820,166         -           Spice Island Dr./United Circle - Greg/Franklin/Spice Island         2,395,074         -         2,395,074         -           Stead Blvd U.S. 395/Mt. Vida         2,859,984         -         2,859,984         -         2,859,984         -         2,859,984         -         2,859,984         -         2,859,984         -         2,859,984         -         2,859,984         -         2,859,984         -         2,859,984         -         2,859,984         -         2,859,984         -         2,859,984         -         2,859,984         -         2,859,984         -         -         555,680         -         555,680         -         555,680         -         555,480         -         -         50,001         -         SUm/Junical         -         1,524,397         -         1,524,397         -         1,524,397         -         1,524,397<			-		-
Sparks overlay projects         2,007,754         -         2,007,754         -           Sparks rehabilitation project 3         1,628,273         -         1,628,273         -           Sparks rehabilitation project 3         820,166         -         820,166         -           Spice Island Dr./United Circle - Greg/Franklin/Spice Island         2,395,074         -         2,395,074         -           Stead Blvd U.S. 395/Mt. Vida         2,859,984         -         3,0000         -         30,000         -         3,000         -         1,616         -         2,1616         -         2	·				-
Sparks rehabilitation project 3         1,628,273         -         1,628,273         -           Sparks rehabilitation project 3         820,166         -         820,166         -           Spice Island Dr./United Circle - Greg/Franklin/Spice Island 2,395,074         -         2,395,074         -           Stead Blvd U.S. 395/Mt. Vida         2,859,984         -         2,859,984         -           Stoker Avenue         245,792         -         245,792         -           Sullivan Lane         30,000         -         30,000         -           Sullivan Lane - Byrd/McCarran         555,480         -         555,480         -           Sum Valley Algingment         21,616         -         21,616         -           Sun Valley Jeiny Briv         19,554         -         19,554         -           Sun Valley - Briv/Leon         133,064         -         533,064         -           Sun Valley Orridor Multi-Modal         1,465,964         7,164,686         8,630,650         868,850           Survo - 9th/McCarran Blvd.         1,606,380         -         1,606,380         -           Sutro Complete St Mill/McCarran         1,785,808         -         1,785,808         -           Tahoe-Pyramid link <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>			-		-
Sparks rehabilitation project 3         820,166         -         820,166         -           Spice Island Dr./United Circle - Greg/Franklin/Spice Island         2,395,074         -         2,395,074         -           Stead Blvd U.S. 395/Mt. Vida         2,859,984         -         2,859,984         -           Stoker Avenue         245,792         -         245,792         -           Sullivan Lane         30,000         -         30,000         -           Sullivan Lane - Byrd/McCarran         555,480         -         555,480         -           Sullivan Lane - Byrd/McCarran         555,480         -         555,480         -           Sum Valley alignment         1,524,397         -         1,524,397         -           Sun Valley alignment         21,616         -         21,616         -           Sun Valley Drive         19,554         -         19,554         -           Sun Valley Pitve         19,554         -         19,554         -           Sun Valley - Sth/Leon         533,064         -         533,064         -           Sun Valley - Spanish Springs         50,063         -         50,063         -           Surb - Spanish Springs         50,063         -			_		_
Stead Blvd U.S. 395/Mt. Vida         2,859,984         -         2,859,984         -           Stoker Avenue         245,792         -         245,792         -           Sullivan Lane         30,000         -         30,000         -           Sullivan Lane - Byrd/McCarran         555,480         -         555,480         -           Sum Walley Alignment         21,616         -         1,524,397         -           Sun Valley Drive         19,554         -         19,554         -           Sun Valley - 8th/Leon         533,064         -         19,554         -           Sun Valley - Spanish Springs         50,063         -         533,064         -           Sun Valley - Spanish Springs         50,063         -         50,063         -           Sutro - 9th/McCarran Blvd.         1,606,380         -         1,606,380         -           Sutro Complete St Mill/McCarran         1,785,808         -         1,785,808         -           Sutro Complete St Mill/McCarran         1,83,716         -         183,716         -           Tahoe-Pyramid link         180,716         -         183,716         -           Taylor - 7th/Mineral         225,718         - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></td<>			-		-
Stoker Avenue         245,792         -         245,792         -           Sullivan Lane         30,000         -         30,000         -           Sullivan Lane - Byrd/McCarran         555,480         -         555,480         -           Summit Ridge/Sky Mountain - W. McCarran to 4th         1,524,397         -         1,524,397         -           Sun Valley alignment         21,616         -         21,616         -           Sun Valley - 8th/Leon         533,064         -         533,064         -           Sun Valley Corridor Multi-Modal         1,465,964         7,164,686         8,630,650         868,850           Sun Valley - Spanish Springs         50,063         -         50,063         -           Sutro - 9th/McCarran Blvd.         1,606,380         -         1,606,380         -           Sutro - 9th/McCarran Blvd.         1,806,380         -         1,785,808         -           Sutro - 9th/McCarran Blvd.         1,83,716         -         1,83,716         -           Tahoe-Pyramid link         183,716         -         1,83,716         -           Tahoe-Pyramid link - I-80/Mt. Rose         99,989         -         99,989         -         99,989         -         225,718			-	2,395,074	-
Sullivan Lane         30,000         -         30,000         -           Sullivan Lane - Byrd/McCarran         555,480         -         555,480         -           Summit Ridge/Sky Mountain - W. McCarran to 4th         1,524,397         -         1,524,397         -           Sun Valley alignment         21,616         -         21,616         -           Sun Valley Drive         19,554         -         19,554         -           Sun Valley - 8th/Leon         533,064         -         533,064         -           Sun Valley Corridor Multi-Modal         1,465,964         7,164,686         8,630,650         868,850           Sun Valley - Spanish Springs         50,063         -         50,063         -           Sutro - 9th/McCarran Blvd.         1,606,380         -         50,063         -           Sutro - 9th/McCarran Blvd.         1,785,808         -         1,606,380         -           Sutro Complete St Mill/McCarran         1,785,808         -         1,785,808         -           Tahoe-Pyramid link         183,716         -         183,716         -           Tanburg Dr 7th/Mineral         225,718         -         225,718         -           Taylor - Virginia/Holcomb/Kirman	Stead Blvd U.S. 395/Mt. Vida	2,859,984	-	2,859,984	-
Sullivan Lane - Byrd/McCarran         555,480         -         555,480         -           Summit Ridge/Sky Mountain - W. McCarran to 4th         1,524,397         -         1,524,397         -           Sun Valley alignment         21,616         -         21,616         -           Sun Valley Drive         19,554         -         19,554         -           Sun Valley - 8th/Leon         533,064         -         533,064         -           Sun Valley Corridor Multi-Modal         1,465,964         7,164,686         8,630,650         868,850           Sun Valley - Spanish Springs         50,063         -         50,063         -           Sutro Complete St Mill/McCarran Blvd.         1,606,380         -         1,606,380         -           Sutro Complete St Mill/McCarran         1,785,808         -         1,785,808         -           Tahoe-Pyramid link         183,716         -         183,716         -           Tahoe-Pyramid link - I-80/Mt. Rose         99,989         -         99,989         -           Taylor - Virginia/Holcomb/Kirman         33,557         -         33,557         -           Terminal - Gentry/Mill Street         12,105         -         12,105         -           To			-		-
Summit Ridge/Ský Mountain - W. McCarran to 4th         1,524,397         -         1,524,397         -           Sun Valley alignment         21,616         -         21,616         -           Sun Valley Drive         19,554         -         19,554         -           Sun Valley - 8th/Leon         533,064         -         533,064         -           Sun Valley Corridor Multi-Modal         1,465,964         7,164,686         8,630,650         868,850           Sun Valley - Spanish Springs         50,063         -         50,063         -         50,063         -           Sutro - 9th/McCarran Blvd.         1,606,380         -         1,606,380         -         50,063         -           Sutro Complete St Mill/McCarran         1,785,808         -         1,785,808         -         1,785,808         -           Tahoe-Pyramid link - I-80/Mt. Rose         99,889         -         183,716         -         183,716         -           Tanburg Dr 7th/Mineral         225,718         -         225,718         -         -           Taylor - Virginial/Holcomb/Kirman         33,557         -         33,557         -         -           Terminal - Gentry/Mill Street         12,105         -         12,105 <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>			-		-
Sun Valley alignment         21,616         -         21,616         -           Sun Valley Drive         19,554         -         19,554         -           Sun Valley - 8th/Leon         533,064         -         533,064         -           Sun Valley Corridor Multi-Modal         1,465,964         7,164,686         8,630,650         868,850           Sun Valley - Spanish Springs         50,063         -         50,063         -         50,063         -           Sutro - 9th/McCarran Blvd.         1,606,380         -         1,606,380         -         1,606,380         -           Sutro Complete St Mill/McCarran         1,785,808         -         1,785,808         -         -           Tahoe-Pyramid link         183,716         -         183,716         -         -           Tahoe-Pyramid link - I-80/Mt. Rose         99,989         -         99,989         -         183,716         -           Tanburg Dr 7th/Mineral         225,718         -         225,718         -         225,718         -           Taylor - Virginial-Holcomb/Kirman         33,557         -         33,557         -         -         12,105         -         -         1,510         -         -         -			-		-
Sun Valley Drive         19,554         -         19,554         -           Sun Valley - 8th/Leon         533,064         -         533,064         -           Sun Valley Corridor Multi-Modal         1,465,964         7,164,686         8,630,650         868,850           Sun Valley - Spanish Springs         50,063         -         50,063         -         50,063         -           Sutro - 9th/McCarran Blvd.         1,606,380         -         1,606,380         -         1,606,380         -           Sutro Complete St Mill/McCarran         1,785,808         -         1,785,808         -         -           Tahoe-Pyramid link         183,716         -         183,716         -         -         183,716         -         -         183,716         -         -         183,716         -         -         183,716         -         -         183,716         -         183,716         -         -         183,716         -         -         183,716         -         -         183,716         -         -         225,718         -         225,718         -         -         225,718         -         -         225,718         -         -         -         -         12,105         -			-		-
Sun Valley - 8th/Leon         533,064         -         533,064         -           Sun Valley Corridor Multi-Modal         1,465,964         7,164,686         8,630,650         868,850           Sun Valley - Spanish Springs         50,063         -         50,063         -           Sutro - 9th/McCarran Blvd.         1,606,380         -         1,606,380         -           Sutro Complete St Mill/McCarran         1,785,808         -         1,785,808         -           Tahoe-Pyramid link         183,716         -         183,716         -           Tahoe-Pyramid link - I-80/Mt. Rose         99,989         -         99,989         -         99,989         -           Tanburg Dr 7th/Mineral         225,718         -         225,718         -         -           Taylor - Virginia/Holcomb/Kirman         33,557         -         33,557         -         -           Terminal - Gentry/Mill Street         2,291,418         -         2,291,418         -         -           Terminal - Plumb/Mill Street         12,105         -         12,105         -         -           Traffic Management 1/2/2A/2B(2)         3,134,478         165,716         3,300,194         59,233           Traffic Management 4			_		
Sun Valley Corridor Multi-Modal       1,465,964       7,164,686       8,630,650       868,850         Sun Valley - Spanish Springs       50,063       -       50,063       -         Sutro - 9th/McCarran Blvd.       1,606,380       -       1,606,380       -         Sutro Complete St Mill/McCarran       1,785,808       -       1,785,808       -         Tahoe-Pyramid link       183,716       -       183,716       -         Tahoe-Pyramid link - I-80/Mt. Rose       99,989       -       99,989       -         Tanburg Dr 7th/Mineral       225,718       -       225,718       -         Taylor - Virginia/Holcomb/Kirman       33,557       -       33,557       -         Terminal - Gentry/Mill Street       2,291,418       -       2,291,418       -         Terminal - Plumb/Mill Street       12,105       -       12,105       -         Thomas Creek - S. Saddlehorn/Evening Song       1,242,478       -       -       1,242,478       -         Traffic Management 1/2/2A/2B(2)       3,134,478       165,716       3,300,194       59,233         Traffic Management 4       -       111,200       111,200       1,638,800         Traffic Management 5       -       -       -			_		_
Sun Valley - Spanish Springs       50,063       -       50,063       -         Sutro - 9th/McCarran Blvd.       1,606,380       -       1,606,380       -         Sutro Complete St Mill/McCarran       1,785,808       -       1,785,808       -         Tahoe-Pyramid link       183,716       -       183,716       -         Tahoe-Pyramid link - I-80/Mt. Rose       99,989       -       99,989       -         Tanburg Dr 7th/Mineral       225,718       -       225,718       -         Taylor - Virginia/Holcomb/Kirman       33,557       -       33,557       -         Terminal - Gentry/Mill Street       2,291,418       -       2,291,418       -         Terminal - Plumb/Mill Street       12,105       -       12,105       -         Thomas Creek - S. Saddlehorn/Evening Song       1,242,478       -       1,242,478       -         Traffic Management 1/2/2A/2B(2)       3,134,478       165,716       3,300,194       59,233         Traffic Management 4       -       111,200       111,200       1,638,800         Traffic Management 5       -       -       1,500,000			7,164,686		868,850
Sutro Complete St Mill/McCarran       1,785,808       -       1,785,808       -         Tahoe-Pyramid link       183,716       -       183,716       -         Tahoe-Pyramid link - I-80/Mt. Rose       99,989       -       99,989       -         Tanburg Dr 7th/Mineral       225,718       -       225,718       -         Taylor - Virginia/Holcomb/Kirman       33,557       -       33,557       -         Terminal - Gentry/Mill Street       2,291,418       -       2,291,418       -         Terminal - Plumb/Mill Street       12,105       -       12,105       -         Thomas Creek - S. Saddlehorn/Evening Song       1,242,478       -       1,242,478       -         Traffic Management 1/2/2A/2B(2)       3,134,478       165,716       3,300,194       59,233         Traffic Management 3       90,060       47,288       137,348       1,462,652         Traffic Management 4       -       111,200       111,200       1,500,000         Traffic Management 5       -       -       -       1,500,000			-		-
Tahoe-Pyramid link       183,716       -       183,716       -         Tahoe-Pyramid link - I-80/Mt. Rose       99,989       -       99,989       -         Tanburg Dr 7th/Mineral       225,718       -       225,718       -         Taylor - Virginia/Holcomb/Kirman       33,557       -       33,557       -         Terminal - Gentry/Mill Street       2,291,418       -       2,291,418       -         Terminal - Plumb/Mill Street       12,105       -       12,105       -         Thomas Creek - S. Saddlehorn/Evening Song       1,242,478       -       1,242,478       -         Traffic Management 1/2/2A/2B(2)       3,134,478       165,716       3,300,194       59,233         Traffic Management 3       90,060       47,288       137,348       1,462,652         Traffic Management 4       -       111,200       111,200       1,500,000         Traffic Management 5       -       -       -       1,500,000		1,606,380	-	1,606,380	-
Tahoe-Pyramid link - I-80/Mt. Rose       99,989       -       99,989       -         Tanburg Dr 7th/Mineral       225,718       -       225,718       -         Taylor - Virginia/Holcomb/Kirman       33,557       -       33,557       -         Terminal - Gentry/Mill Street       2,291,418       -       2,291,418       -         Terminal - Plumb/Mill Street       12,105       -       12,105       -         Thomas Creek - S. Saddlehorn/Evening Song       1,242,478       -       1,242,478       -         Traffic Management 1/2/2A/2B(2)       3,134,478       165,716       3,300,194       59,233         Traffic Management 3       90,060       47,288       137,348       1,462,652         Traffic Management 4       -       111,200       111,200       1,638,800         Traffic Management 5       -       -       -       1,500,000	·		-		-
Tanburg Dr 7th/Mineral       225,718       -       225,718       -         Taylor - Virginia/Holcomb/Kirman       33,557       -       33,557       -         Terminal - Gentry/Mill Street       2,291,418       -       2,291,418       -         Terminal - Plumb/Mill Street       12,105       -       12,105       -         Thomas Creek - S. Saddlehorn/Evening Song       1,242,478       -       1,242,478       -         Traffic Management 1/2/2A/2B(2)       3,134,478       165,716       3,300,194       59,233         Traffic Management 3       90,060       47,288       137,348       1,462,652         Traffic Management 4       -       111,200       111,200       1,638,800         Traffic Management 5       -       -       -       1,500,000			-		-
Taylor - Virginia/Holcomb/Kirman       33,557       -       33,557       -         Terminal - Gentry/Mill Street       2,291,418       -       2,291,418       -         Terminal - Plumb/Mill Street       12,105       -       12,105       -         Thomas Creek - S. Saddlehorn/Evening Song       1,242,478       -       1,242,478       -         Traffic Management 1/2/2A/2B(2)       3,134,478       165,716       3,300,194       59,233         Traffic Management 3       90,060       47,288       137,348       1,462,652         Traffic Management 4       -       111,200       111,200       1,500,000         Traffic Management 5       -       -       -       1,500,000			-		-
Terminal - Gentry/Mill Street       2,291,418       -       2,291,418       -         Terminal - Plumb/Mill Street       12,105       -       12,105       -         Thomas Creek - S. Saddlehorn/Evening Song       1,242,478       -       1,242,478       -         Traffic Management 1/2/2A/2B(2)       3,134,478       165,716       3,300,194       59,233         Traffic Management 3       90,060       47,288       137,348       1,462,652         Traffic Management 4       -       111,200       111,200       1,500,000         Traffic Management 5       -       -       -       1,500,000		,	-		-
Terminal - Plumb/Mill Street       12,105       -       12,105       -         Thomas Creek - S. Saddlehorn/Evening Song       1,242,478       -       1,242,478       -         Traffic Management 1/2/2A/2B(2)       3,134,478       165,716       3,300,194       59,233         Traffic Management 3       90,060       47,288       137,348       1,462,652         Traffic Management 4       -       111,200       111,200       1,500,000         Traffic Management 5       -       -       -       1,500,000			-		
Thomas Creek - S. Saddlehorn/Evening Song       1,242,478       -       1,242,478       -         Traffic Management 1/2/2A/2B(2)       3,134,478       165,716       3,300,194       59,233         Traffic Management 3       90,060       47,288       137,348       1,462,652         Traffic Management 4       -       111,200       111,200       1,503,800         Traffic Management 5       -       -       -       1,500,000			-		-
Traffic Management 1/2/2A/2B(2)       3,134,478       165,716       3,300,194       59,233         Traffic Management 3       90,060       47,288       137,348       1,462,652         Traffic Management 4       -       111,200       111,200       1,638,800         Traffic Management 5       -       -       -       -       1,500,000			-		_
Traffic Management 3       90,060       47,288       137,348       1,462,652         Traffic Management 4       -       111,200       111,200       1,638,800         Traffic Management 5       -       -       -       1,500,000	ŭ ŭ		165,716		59,233
Traffic Management 4       -       111,200       1,638,800         Traffic Management 5       -       -       -       1,500,000	• ,				
	Traffic Management 4	-	111,200	111,200	1,638,800
Traffic Management/LIDAR         83,763         104,445         188,208         261,792		<u>.</u>	-		
	i raπic Management/LIDAR	83,763	104,445	188,208	261,792

# SCHEDULE OF CUMULATIVE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED GENERAL FUND

(Regional Street and Highway Fund)

Taffic signals   Taffic signals   Taffic signals   Taffic signals   Taffic signals   Taffic signal installation 22-01   Taffic Signal Installation 22-01   Taffic Signal Individual			Expenditures				ι	Unexpended	
Traffic Signal Installation 22-01 Traffic Signal Modifications 22-01 Traffic Signal Mo			through	J	uly 1, 2020 through		Total		Balance of Project
Traffic Signal Installation 22-01 Traffic Signal Modifications 22-01 Traffic Signal Mo	Traffic signals	\$	716 583	\$	_	\$	716 583	\$	_
Traffic Signal Modifications 22-01 T/E spot Intersection improvements 10 266,987 21st - Glendale/Greg 286,987 21st - Glendale/Greg 286,987 29,955 21st - Glendale/Greg 286,987 29,955 20,9055		Ψ	7 10,000	Ψ	_	Ψ	7 10,000	Ψ	1 200 000
T/E spot intersection improvements 10         -         129,805         129,805         1,870,195           21st - Glendale/Greg         256,987         -         256,987         -         256,987         -         1,500,000         - </td <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>, ,</td>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_		_		_		, ,
21st - Glendale/Greg         256,987         - 256,987           U.S. 395/S. McCarran Blvd./S. Virginia         394,390         - 394,390           University Terrace         829,055         - 829,055           Victorian Ave Bike Lane			_		129 805		129 805		
U.S. 395/S. McCarran Blvd./S. Virginia University Terrace University Terrace Victorian Ave Bike Lane Victorian Ave Bike Lane Victorian Avenue Ph. I Rock/16th S45,905 S- 545,905 S- 74,905 Victorian Avenue Ph. II Pyramid/McCarran Xillage - Tahoe to Country Club Dr. 1,290,321 Villanova - Harvard/Terminal 1,150,059 S- 1,150,059 Virginia Street Bus Rapid Extension- Plumb/Liberty Virginia Street Bus Rapid Extension- Plumb/Liberty Virginia Street - Truckee/I-80 S- 24,418 S- 24,418 S- 24,418 Virginia Street - Truckee River bridge replacement Virginia Stre	·		256 987		120,000		,		1,070,100
University Terrace    Sep.   S			,		_		,		_
Victorian Ave Bike Lane         -					_				_
Victorian Avenue Ph. II - Rock/16th         545,905         -         545,905           Victorian Avenue Ph. II - Pyramid/McCarran         3,383,103         -         3,383,103         -           Village - Tahoe to Country Club Dr.         1,290,321         -         1,290,321         -         1,290,321         -           Villagor - Tahoe to Country Club Dr.         1,290,321         -         1,150,059         -         1,150,059         -         1,150,059         -         1,150,059         -         1,150,059         -         1,150,059         - <td></td> <td></td> <td>020,000</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>020,000</td> <td></td> <td>_</td>			020,000		_		020,000		_
Victorian Avenue Ph. II - Pyramid/McCarran         3,383,103         - 3,383,103         - 1,290,321         - 1           Village - Tahoe to Country Club Dr.         1,290,321         - 1,290,321         - 1           Villanova - Harvard/Terminal         1,150,059         - 1,150,059         1           Virginia Street Bus Rapid Extension-Plumb/Liberty			545 905		_		545 905		_
Village - Tahoe to Country Club Dr.         1,290,321         - 1,290,321         - 1,150,059           Villanova - Harvard/Terminal         1,150,059         - 1,150,059         - 1,150,059           Virginia Street Bus Rapid Extension- Plumb/Liberty					_				_
Villanova - Harvard/Termínal         1,150,059         -         1,150,059           Virginia Street Bus Rapid Extension- Plumb/Liberty         -         -         -         -           Virginia Street - Truckee/I-80         24,418         -         24,418         -           Virginia Street - Truckee River bridge replacement         2,000,000         -         2,000,000         -           Virginia St. Bus Rapid Transit Extension(2)         63,657,089         15,405,281         79,062,370         4,978,620           Vista - Prater/Barting         1,801,361         -         1,801,361         -         1,801,361         -           Vista - Prater/Barting         1,801,361         -         1,801,361         -         1,801,361         -           Vista - Prater/Barting         1,801,361         -         1,801,361         -         1,801,361         -           Vista - Prater/Barting         1,828,493         -         1,15,848         -         1,15,848         -           Vista - I-80/Prater         1,721,671         -         1,721,671         -         1,721,671         -         1,721,671         -         1,721,671         -         1,721,671         -         1,721,671         -         1,721,671         -         3,83,811					_				_
Virginia Street Bus Rapid Extension-Plumb/Liberty									
Virginia Street - Arroyo/Liberty         -         <			1, 130,039		_		1,130,039		
Virginia Street - Truckee/I-80         24,418         -         24,418         -         2,000,000         -         2,000,000         -         -         2,000,000         -         -         2,000,000         -         -         2,000,000         -         -         2,000,000         -         -         2,000,000         -         -         2,000,000         -         -         2,000,000         -         -         2,000,000         -         -         2,000,000         -         -         2,000,000         -         -         2,000,000         -         -         2,000,000         -         -         2,000,000         -         -         2,000,000         -         -         2,000,000         -         2,000,000         -         2,000,000         -         2,000,000         -         2,000,000         4,978,620         -         2,000,000         4,978,620         -         -         2,000,000         4,978,620         -         -         2,000,000         4,978,620         -         -         2,000,000         4,978,620         -         -         2,000,000         -         2,000,000         -         2,000,000         -         2,000,000         -         2,000,000         -         2,000,000 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td>							_		
Virginia Street - Truckee River bridge replacement         2,000,000         -         2,000,000         -           Virginia St. Bus Rapid Transit Extension(2)         63,657,089         15,405,281         79,062,370         4,978,620           Vista - Prater/Baring         1,801,361         -         1,801,361         -           Vista - Baring/Disc/Los Altos         3,438,894         -         3,438,894         -           Vista - I-80/Prater         1,721,671         -         1,721,671         -           Washington Street - 6th/7th         115,848         -         115,848         -         115,848         -           Washington Street - 6th/7th         115,848         -         115,848         -         115,848         -         115,848         -           Washington Street - 6th/7th         115,848         -         115,848         -         115,848         -         115,848         -         115,848         -         115,848         -         115,848         -         115,848         -         115,848         -         115,848         -         115,848         -         116,281         133,9811         -         339,811         -         527,965         -         597,965         -         597,965         - <td></td> <td></td> <td>2/ /18</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>24 418</td> <td></td> <td>_</td>			2/ /18				24 418		_
Virginia St. Bus Rapid Transit Extension(2)         63,657,089         15,405,281         79,062,370         4,978,620           Vista - Prater/Baring         1,801,361         -         1,801,361         -           Vista - Prater/Baring         1,801,361         -         3,438,894         -           Vista - Insing/Disc/Los Altos         3,438,894         -         3,438,894         -           Vista - Insing/Disc/Los Altos         1,721,671         -         1,721,671         -           Washoe County regional preventive maintenance         1,828,193         -         1,828,193         -           Wedekind Road - Sullivan/McCarran         339,811         -         339,811         -           Wedekind Road - N. McCarran/Mapali         597,965         -         597,965         -           Wedge - De Spain/Mt. Rose         121,430         -         121,430         -           Wells Avenue overpass         3,163,717         -         3,163,717         -           Wells - Casazza/Second         110,438         -         110,438         -           Wells - Stuprili Tybit         1,273,099         -         1,273,099         -           Wells - Virginia/Kuenzli         5,345,136         -         5,345,136         -     <			,		-		,		-
Vista - Prater/Baring         1,801,361         - 1,801,361         - 1,801,361         - 1,801,361         - 1,801,361         - 1,801,361         - 1,721,671         - 3,438,894         - 3,438,894         - 3,438,894         - 1,721,671         - 1,721,472         - 1,721,472         - 1,721,472         - 1,721,472         - 1,721,472         - 1,721,472         - 1,721,472         - 1,721,472         - 1,721,472         - 1,721,472         - 1,721,472         - 1,721,472         - 1,721,472         - 1,721,472         - 1,721,472         - 1,721,472 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>15 405 291</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4 078 620</td>					15 405 291				4 078 620
Vista - Baring/Disc/Los Altos         3,438,894         -         3,438,894         -           Vista - I-80/Prater         1,721,671         -         1,721,671         -           Washington Street - 6th/7th         115,848         -         115,848         -           Washoe County regional preventive maintenance         1,828,193         -         1,828,193         -           Weddekind Road - Sullivan/McCarran         339,811         -         339,811         -           Wedder - De Spain/Mt. Rose         121,430         -         121,430         -           Wedge - De Spain/Mt. Rose         121,430         -         121,430         -           Wells - Osazzza/Second         110,438         -         110,438         -         111,438         -           Wells - Sth/Sutro         889,016         -         889,016         -         889,016         -         889,016         -           Wells - Winginia/Kuerzli         5,345,136         -         5,345,136         -         5,345,136         -         -         5,345,136         -         -         8,159         391,841         W. Th - Madera/NW McCarran         809,706         -         809,706         -         809,706         -         809,706         <					13,403,201				4,970,020
Vista - I-80/Prater         1,721,671         - 1,721,671         - 1,721,671           Washington Street - 6th/7th         115,848         - 115,848         - 115,848           Washoe County regional preventive maintenance         1,828,193         - 1,828,193         - 339,811           Wedekind Road - Sullivan/McCarran         339,811         - 339,811         - 339,811         - 597,965           Wedge - De Spain/Mt. Rose         121,430         - 121,432         - 121,432         - 121,432         - 127,309         - 127,309         - 127,309         - 127,30,99         - 127,30,99         - 127,30,99         - 127,30,99         - 127,345,316         - 127,30,99					-				-
Washington Street - 6th/7th         115,848         -         115,848         -           Washoe County regional preventive maintenance         1,828,193         -         1,828,193         -           Wedekind Road - Sullivan/McCarran         339,811         -         339,811         -           Wedge - De Spain/Mt. Rose         121,430         -         121,430         -           Wells Avenue overpass         3,163,717         -         3,163,717         -           Wells - Casazza/Second         110,438         -         110,438         -           Wells - 9th/Sutro         889,016         -         889,016         -           Wells - Wirginia/Kuerzli         5,345,136         -         1,273,099         -           Wells - Virginia/Kuenzli         5,345,136         -         5,345,136         -           W. 7th - Madera/NW McCarran         809,706         -         809,706         -           W. 7th - Madera/NW McCarran         809,706         -         809,706         -           W. Huffaker - Del Monte/Spring Leaf         909,776         -         909,776         -           W. Moana Lane         188,145         -         12,132         -           West Sun Valley arterial         1					-				-
Washoe County regional preventive maintenance         1,828,193         -         1,828,193         -           Wedekind Road - Sullivan/McCarran         339,811         -         339,811         -           Wedge - De Spain/Mt. Rose         121,430         -         121,430         -           Wells Avenue overpass         3,163,717         -         3,163,717         -           Wells - Casazza/Second         110,438         -         110,438         -           Wells - 9th/Sutro         889,016         -         889,016         -           Wells - Kuenzli/7th St.         1,273,099         -         1,273,099         -           Wells - Virginia/Kuenzli         5,345,136         -         5,345,136         -           W 4th Street         -         8,159         8,159         391,841           W. 7th - Madera/NW McCarran         809,706         -         809,706         -           W. Huffaker - Del Monte/Spring Leaf         909,776         -         909,776         -           W. Moana Lane         188,145         -         188,145         -           West Sun Valley arterial         12,132         -         12,132         -           Whites Creek-Zolezzi/S. Virginia Street         2,37					-				-
Wedekind Road - Sullivan/McCarran         339,811         -         339,811         -           Wedge - De Spain/Mt. Rose         121,430         -         597,965         -           Wells Avenue overpass         3,163,717         -         3,163,717         -           Wells - Casazza/Second         110,438         -         110,438         -           Wells - 9th/Sutro         889,016         -         889,016         -           Wells - Kuenzli/7th St.         1,273,099         -         1,273,099         -           Wells - Virginia/Kuenzli         5,345,136         -         5,345,136         -           W 4th Street         -         8,159         8,159         391,841           W. 7th - Madera/NW McCarran         809,706         -         809,706         -           W. Huffaker - Del Monte/Spring Leaf         909,776         -         909,776         -           W. Huges aterial         12,132         -         12,132         -           Whites Creek-Zolezzi/S. Virginia Street         2,376,551         -         2,376,551         -           Whites Creek-Zolezzi/S. Virginia Street         2,376,551         -         2,376,551         -           Woodland Ave./Sugar Pine court         <					-		,		-
Wedekind Road - N. McCarran/Mapali       597,965       -       597,965       -         Wedge - De Spain/Mt. Rose       121,430       -       121,430       -         Wells Avenue overpass       3,163,717       -       3,163,717       -         Wells - Casazza/Second       110,438       -       110,438       -         Wells - 9th/Sutro       889,016       -       889,016       -         Wells - Kuenzli/7th St.       1,273,099       -       1,273,099       -         Wells - Virginia/Kuenzli       5,345,136       -       5,345,136       -         Wells - Virginia/Kuenzli       80,9706       -       80,706       -         W. Huffaker - Del Monte/Spring Leaf       909,776       -       909,776       -         W. Moana Lane       188,145       -       188,145       -         West Sun Valley arterial       12,132       -       12,132       -         Whites Creek-Zolezzi/S. Virginia Street					-				-
Wedge - De Spain/Mt. Rose       121,430       -       121,430       -         Wells Avenue overpass       3,163,717       -       3,163,717       -         Wells - Casazza/Second       110,438       -       110,438       -         Wells - Sturo       889,016       -       889,016       -         Wells - Kuenzli/7th St.       1,273,099       -       1,273,099       -         Wells - Virginia/Kuenzli       5,345,136       -       5,345,136       -         W 4th Street       -       8,159       8,159       391,841         W. 7th - Madera/NW McCarran       809,706       -       809,706       -         W. Huffaker - Del Monte/Spring Leaf       909,776       -       909,776       -         W. Moana Lane       18,145       -       188,145       -         West Sun Valley arterial       12,132       -       12,132       -         Whites Creek-Zolezzi/S. Virginia Street       2,376,551       -       2,376,551       -         White Lake Parkway - Village/Brant       1,048,629       -       1,048,629       -         York Way       1,998,479       -       1,998,479       -         York Way - 18th/4th       116,049       - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>					-				-
Wells Avenue overpass       3,163,717       -       3,163,717       -         Wells - Casazza/Second       110,438       -       110,438       -         Wells - 9th/Sutro       889,016       -       889,016       -         Wells - Kuenzli/7th St.       1,273,099       -       1,273,099       -         Wells - Virginia/Kuenzli       5,345,136       -       5,345,136       -         W 4th Street       -       8,159       8,159       391,841         W. 7th - Madera/NW McCarran       809,706       -       809,706       -         W. Huffaker - Del Monte/Spring Leaf       909,776       -       909,776       -         W. Moana Lane       188,145       -       188,145       -         West Sun Valley arterial       12,132       -       12,132       -         Whites Creek-Zolezzi/S. Virginia Street       2,376,551       -       2,376,551       -         Woodland Ave./Sugar Pine court       -       -       -       -         York Way       1,998,479       -       1,998,479       -         York Way - 18th/4th       116,049       -       1,164,468       -         Zolezzi Lane rehabilitation and widening       1,164,468			,		-		,		-
Wells - Casazza/Second       110,438       -       110,438       -         Wells - 9th/Sutro       889,016       -       889,016       -         Wells - Kuenzli/7th St.       1,273,099       -       1,273,099       -         Wells - Virginia/Kuenzli       5,345,136       -       5,345,136       -         W. 4th Street       -       8,159       8,159       391,841         W. 7th - Madera/NW McCarran       809,706       -       809,706       -         W. Huffaker - Del Monte/Spring Leaf       909,776       -       909,776       -         W. Moana Lane       188,145       -       188,145       -         West Sun Valley arterial       12,132       -       12,132       -         Whites Creek-Zolezzi/S. Virginia Street       2,376,551       -       2,376,551       -         White Lake Parkway - Village/Brant       1,048,629       -       1,048,629       -         Woodland Ave./Sugar Pine court       -       -       -       -         York Way       18,998,479       -       1,998,479       -         York Way - 18th/4th       116,049       -       1,164,468       -         Zolezzi Lane rehabilitation and widening       1,164,468<					-				-
Wells - 9th/Sutro       889,016       -       889,016       -         Wells - Kuenzli/7th St.       1,273,099       -       1,273,099       -         Wells - Virginia/Kuenzli       5,345,136       -       5,345,136       -         W 4th Street       -       8,159       8,159       391,841         W. 7th - Madera/NW McCarran       809,706       -       809,706       -         W. Huffaker - Del Monte/Spring Leaf       909,776       -       909,776       -         W. Moana Lane       188,145       -       188,145       -         West Sun Valley arterial       12,132       -       12,132       -         Whites Creek-Zolezzi/S. Virginia Street       2,376,551       -       2,376,551       -         White Lake Parkway - Village/Brant       1,048,629       -       1,048,629       -         Woodland Ave./Sugar Pine court       -       -       -       -         York Way       1,998,479       -       1,998,479       -         York Way - 18th/4th       116,049       -       1,164,468       -         Zolezzi Lane rehabilitation and widening       1,164,468       -       1,164,468       -	·				-				-
Wells - Kuenzli/7th St.       1,273,099       -       1,273,099       -         Wells - Virginia/Kuenzli       5,345,136       -       5,345,136       -         W 4th Street       -       8,159       8,159       391,841         W. 7th - Madera/NW McCarran       809,706       -       809,706       -         W. Huffaker - Del Monte/Spring Leaf       909,776       -       909,776       -         W. Moana Lane       188,145       -       188,145       -         West Sun Valley arterial       12,132       -       12,132       -         Whites Creek-Zolezzi/S. Virginia Street       2,376,551       -       2,376,551       -         White Lake Parkway - Village/Brant       1,048,629       -       1,048,629       -         Woodland Ave./Sugar Pine court       -       -       -       -         York Way       18,446       -       1,998,479       -         York Way - 18th/4th       116,049       -       1,164,468       -         Zolezzi Lane rehabilitation and widening       1,164,468       -       1,164,468       -					-				-
Wells - Virginia/Kuenzli       5,345,136       -       5,345,136       -       5,345,136       -         W 4th Street       -       8,159       8,159       391,841         W. 7th - Madera/NW McCarran       809,706       -       809,706       -         W. Huffaker - Del Monte/Spring Leaf       909,776       -       909,776       -         W. Moana Lane       188,145       -       188,145       -         West Sun Valley arterial       12,132       -       12,132       -         Whites Creek-Zolezzi/S. Virginia Street       2,376,551       -       2,376,551       -         White Lake Parkway - Village/Brant       1,048,629       -       1,048,629       -         Woodland Ave./Sugar Pine court       -       -       -       -         York Way       1,998,479       -       1,998,479       -         York Way - 18th/4th       116,049       -       1,164,468       -         Zolezzi Lane rehabilitation and widening       1,164,468       -       1,164,468       -					-				-
W 4th Street       -       8,159       8,159       391,841         W. 7th - Madera/NW McCarran       809,706       -       809,706       -         W. Huffaker - Del Monte/Spring Leaf       909,776       -       909,776       -         W. Moana Lane       188,145       -       188,145       -         West Sun Valley arterial       12,132       -       12,132       -         Whites Creek-Zolezzi/S. Virginia Street       2,376,551       -       2,376,551       -         White Lake Parkway - Village/Brant       1,048,629       -       1,048,629       -         Woodland Ave./Sugar Pine court       -       -       -       -         York Way       1,998,479       -       1,998,479       -         York Way - 18th/4th       116,049       -       116,049       -         Zolezzi Lane rehabilitation and widening       1,164,468       -       1,164,468       -					-		, ,		-
W. 7th - Madera/NW McCarran       809,706       -       809,706       -         W. Huffaker - Del Monte/Spring Leaf       909,776       -       909,776       -         W. Moana Lane       188,145       -       188,145       -         West Sun Valley arterial       12,132       -       12,132       -         Whites Creek-Zolezzi/S. Virginia Street       2,376,551       -       2,376,551       -         White Lake Parkway - Village/Brant       1,048,629       -       1,048,629       -         Woodland Ave./Sugar Pine court       -       -       -       -         York Way       1,998,479       -       1,998,479       -         York Way - 18th/4th       116,049       -       116,049       -         Zolezzi Lane rehabilitation and widening       1,164,468       -       1,164,468       -			5,345,136		0.450				204.044
W. Huffaker - Del Monte/Spring Leaf       909,776       -       909,776       -         W. Moana Lane       188,145       -       188,145       -         West Sun Valley arterial       12,132       -       12,132       -         Whites Creek-Zolezzi/S. Virginia Street       2,376,551       -       2,376,551       -         White Lake Parkway - Village/Brant       1,048,629       -       1,048,629       -         Woodland Ave./Sugar Pine court       -       -       -       -         York Way       1,998,479       -       1,998,479       -         York Way - 18th/4th       116,049       -       116,049       -         Zolezzi Lane rehabilitation and widening       1,164,468       -       1,164,468       -			-		8,159				391,841
W. Moana Lane       188,145       -       188,145       -         West Sun Valley arterial       12,132       -       12,132       -         Whites Creek-Zolezzi/S. Virginia Street       2,376,551       -       2,376,551       -         White Lake Parkway - Village/Brant       1,048,629       -       1,048,629       -         Woodland Ave./Sugar Pine court       -       -       -       -         York Way       1,998,479       -       1,998,479       -         York Way - 18th/4th       116,049       -       116,049       -         Zolezzi Lane rehabilitation and widening       1,164,468       -       1,164,468       -			,		-				-
West Sun Valley arterial       12,132       -       12,132       -         Whites Creek-Zolezzi/S. Virginia Street       2,376,551       -       2,376,551       -         White Lake Parkway - Village/Brant       1,048,629       -       1,048,629       -         Woodland Ave./Sugar Pine court       -       -       -       -       -         York Way       1,998,479       -       1,998,479       -       -       116,049       -         York Way - 18th/4th       116,049       -       116,049       -       -       1,164,468       -         Zolezzi Lane rehabilitation and widening       1,164,468       -       1,164,468       -       -			,		-				-
Whites Creek-Zolezzi/S. Virginia Street       2,376,551       -       2,376,551       -         White Lake Parkway - Village/Brant       1,048,629       -       1,048,629       -         Woodland Ave./Sugar Pine court       -       -       -       -       -         York Way       1,998,479       -       1,998,479       -       -       116,049       -         York Way - 18th/4th       116,049       -       116,049       -       -       1,164,468       -         Zolezzi Lane rehabilitation and widening       1,164,468       -       1,164,468       -       -			,		-				-
White Lake Parkway - Village/Brant       1,048,629       -       1,048,629       -         Woodland Ave./Sugar Pine court       -       -       -       -       -         York Way       1,998,479       -       1,998,479       -         York Way - 18th/4th       116,049       -       116,049       -         Zolezzi Lane rehabilitation and widening       1,164,468       -       1,164,468       -			,		-		,		-
Woodland Ave./Sugar Pine court       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       1,998,479       -       -       1,998,479       -       -       116,049       -       -       116,049       -       -       1,164,468       -       -       1,164,468       - <td>Whites Creek-Zolezzi/S. Virginia Street</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Whites Creek-Zolezzi/S. Virginia Street				-				-
York Way       1,998,479       -       1,998,479       -         York Way - 18th/4th       116,049       -       116,049       -         Zolezzi Lane rehabilitation and widening       1,164,468       -       1,164,468       -			1,048,629		-		1,048,629		-
York Way - 18th/4th       116,049       -       116,049       -         Zolezzi Lane rehabilitation and widening       1,164,468       -       1,164,468       -	•		-		-		-		-
Zolezzi Lane rehabilitation and widening 1,164,468 - 1,164,468 - 1,164,468 -					-				-
					-				-
\$ 1,017,241,160       \$ 62,811,384       \$ 1,080,052,544       \$ 206,746,529	Zolezzi Lane rehabilitation and widening		1,164,468		-		1,164,468		-
		\$ 1,	017,241,160	\$	62,811,384	\$ 1	,080,052,544	\$	206,746,529

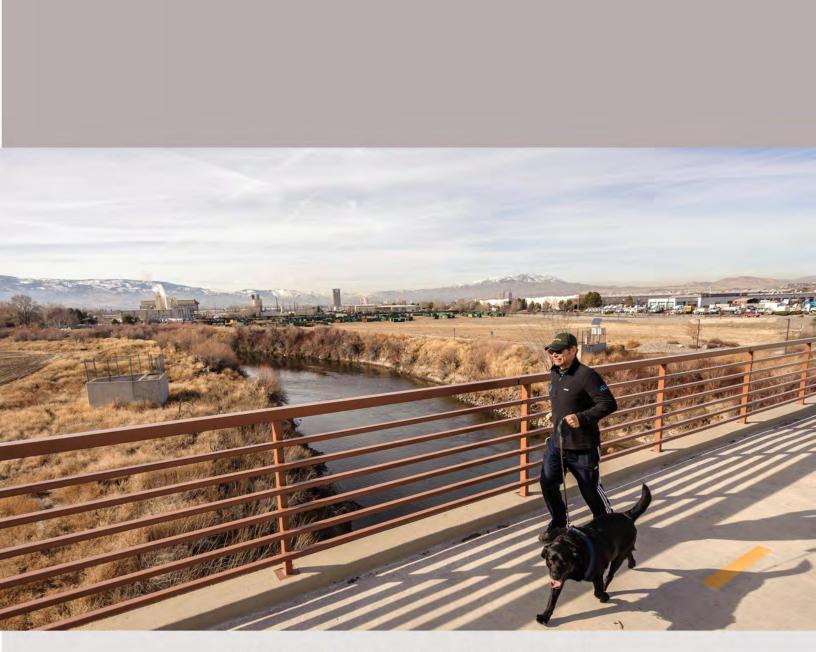
# SCHEDULE OF CUMULATIVE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT EXPENDITURES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (Regional Road Impact Fee Fund)

(Regional Road Impact I ce I und)

			Expenditures			Unexpended
	J	uly 1, 1965	July 1, 2020			Balance of
	Ju	through ine 30, 2020	through June 30, 2021	<u> </u>	Total	Project Appropriations
Arrowcreek Parkway	\$	2,981,540	\$ -	\$	2,981,540	\$ -
Bicycle/Pedestrian improvements	,	2,554,093	-	•	2,554,093	-
Damonte Ranch/Double R intersection		437,940	-		437,940	-
Farnsworth		61	-		61	-
Geiger Grade realignment		932,412	-		932,412	-
Geiger Grade/Toll Road		1,762,624	-		1,762,624	-
Golden Valley Road I580 northbound widening		1,615,421 20,000,000	-		1,615,421 20,000,000	-
Intersection improvement - Veterans/Geiger Grade		5,294,747	-		5,294,747	-
Intersection improvements 97 - all districts		434,168	-		434,168	-
Intersection improvements 98 - all districts		965,019	_		965,019	_
Intersection improvements 02 - all districts		277,711	_		277,711	_
Intersection improvements 03 - all districts		2,944,528	-		2,944,528	-
Intersection improvements 04 - all districts		4,595,415	-		4,595,415	-
Intersection improvements 05 - all districts		271,527	-		271,527	-
Intersection improvements 07 - all districts		283,468	-		283,468	-
Lemmon Drive - Military realignment		3,044,517	-		3,044,517	-
Lemmon Drive - US395 /N. Virginia		182,424	-		182,424	-
Lemmon Drive - Memorial / US 395		360,331	-		360,331	-
Lincoln Way - Marina/Sparks Blvd.		13,200	-		13,200	-
Longley - McCarran/Moana McCarran - Kietzke/Lakeside		1,386,833 645,172	-		1,386,833 645,172	-
McCarran - Prater/I-80		208,467	-		208,467	-
McCarran Blvd sidewalk improvement -		200,407	_		200,407	_
Nichols/Prater		149,881	_		149,881	_
S.E. McCarran Blvd widening - Longley/Greg(1)		14,858,157	-		14,858,157	-
Moana Lane extension - Longley/Neil		22,756,313	-		22,756,313	-
Moana Lane widening - S. Virginia/Neil		35,932,930	-		35,932,930	-
Neil/Kietzke roundabout		1,404,622	-		1,404,622	-
N. McCarran/N. Virginia intersection		2,450,082	-		2,450,082	-
North Valleys Safety Improvements(all phases)		3,912,522	29,260		3,941,782	2,094,718
Plumb/Terminal ITS		937,133	-		937,133	-
Pyramid Hwy La Posada/Eagle Canyon		8,829,283	-		8,829,283	-
Pyramid/McCarran intersection(1) Pyramid/McCarran southbound right turn lane		4,090,380	-		4,090,380 86,413	-
Pyramid Hwy./US 395 connector(1)		86,413 7,596,949			7,596,949	-
Red Rock - Moya/U.S. 395		710,254	_		710,254	_
Signal coordination project		1,492,556	_		1,492,556	_
Signal - Mt. Rose/Thomas Creek		324,961	-		324,961	-
Sky Vista		293,133	723,437		1,016,570	15,783,430
Southeast connector alignment study		1,182,383	-		1,182,383	-
Southeast connector phase 1 - Greg/Clean						-
Water Way(1)		30,199,524	-		30,199,524	-
Southeast connector phase 2 - Clean Water						-
Way/ Veterans Pkwy.(1)		18,810,426	-		18,810,426	-
Sparks Blvd Pyramid/Los Altos		4,402,862	-		4,402,862	-
Sun Valley/Clearacre		363,043	-		363,043	-
Sun Valley/Eagle Canyon Sun Valley/Lemmon Drive		7,604 531 108	-		7,604 531,198	-
Sun Valley/W. 7th Avenue		531,198 364,407	-		364,407	<b>-</b>
Can valicy/vv. / iii /ivoliuc		504,407	-		554,407	-

# SCHEDULE OF CUMULATIVE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (Regional Road Impact Fee Fund)

		Expenditures		Unexpended
	July 1, 1965	July 1, 2020		Balance of
	through	through		Project
	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	Total	Appropriations
		•	•	<del></del>
System corridor studies	\$ 1,132,593	\$ -	\$ 1,132,593	\$ -
Traffic and pedestrian signal safety upgrade	44,903	-	44,903	-
T/E spot intersection improvements(all phases)	10,384,070	4,076,594	14,460,664	9,378,946
Traffic management center	268,948	-	268,948	-
Traffic management fiber optic connectivity	-	-	-	-
Traffic signals	103,692	-	103,692	-
U.S. 395 NB and SB/Clearacre/Sun Valley	54,632,326	-	54,632,326	-
U.S. 395/Meadowood interchange	15,079,961	-	15,079,961	-
Virginia St Peckham/Moana	5,000	-	5,000	-
Virginia Street transit Q-jump	1,069,169	-	1,069,169	-
Virginia Street transit signal priority	1,066,499	-	1,066,499	-
Vista/Baring northbound left turn lane	461,633	-	461,633	-
Vista Blvd. corridor study	136,708	-	136,708	-
Vista/Pah Rah/Disc/Los Altos	2,723,274	-	2,723,274	-
Vista Blvd. widening - Los Altos/Wingfield Springs	9,821,787	-	9,821,787	-
Vista Blvd/Sparks Blvd at Los Altos	763,018	-	763,018	-
White Lake Parkway	46,049	-	46,049	-
Zolezzi Ln./I-580 interchange	62,076	-	62,076	-
Zolezzi Ln. rehabilitation and widening	1,949,394	-	1,949,394	-
Impact fee credits/waivers issued:				-
	41,127,091	1,014,228	42,141,319	-
	74,982,099	-	74,982,099	-
	88,572,036	-	88,572,036	-
	\$ 517,310,960	\$ 5,843,519	\$ 523,154,479	\$ 27,257,094



**STATISTICAL SECTION - (***Unaudited***)** 

#### **STATISTICAL SECTION - Unaudited**

This part of Regional Transportation Commission's (RTC) annual comprehensive financial report presents historical perspective, context, and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information to understand and assess the RTC's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help understand how the RTC's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Net Position by Component - Last ten fiscal years Changes in Net Position - Last ten fiscal years Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	104 105 107 108
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help assess the factors affecting the RTC's ability to generate revenue.	
Revenues By Source, Governmental Funds Revenues By Source, Proprietary Funds Principal Regional Road Impact Fee Credit Recipients Vehicle Miles Traveled Direct & Overlapping Tax Rates	109 110 111 112 113
Debt Capacity  These schedules present information to help assess the affordability of the RTC's current levels of outstanding debt and the RTC's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Ratios Of Outstanding Debt By Type Computation Of General Obligation Direct And Overlapping Debt Pledged Revenue Bond Coverage And Limitations	114 115 116
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help understand the environment within which the RTC's financial activities take place.	
Demographic And Economic Statistics Principal Employers - Current Year And Ten Years Ago	117 118
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help understand how the information in the RTC's financial report relates to the services the RTC provides and the activities it performs.	
Full Time Equivalent Government Employees By Department RIDE Operating Statistics ACCESS Operating Statistics Capital Asset Information	119 120 121 122

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

#### **NET POSITION BY COMPONENT**

#### Last ten fiscal years (Accrual basis of accounting) (Amounts expressed in thousands)

		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012
Governmental activities	\$	7 522	\$	9 506	\$	6 922	¢	6 200	¢	7 267	ф.	7 1 1 6	¢	4 222	\$	E 029	\$	E 002	\$	5.010
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	Ф	7,532 159,804	Ф	8,596 136,113	Ф	6,822 133,571	\$	6,290 115,138	Ф	7,367 142,133	Ф	7,146 170,601	Ф	4,323 189,812	Ф	5,028 203,703	Ф	5,882 259,684	Ф	5,919 131,269
Unrestricted		(360,285)	_	(372,506)		(391,330)	_	(424,725)		(422,778)		(433,608)		(438,024)		(433,877)		(439,896)		(262,933)
Total governmental activities <sup>1</sup>	\$	(192,949)	\$	(227,797)	\$	(250,937)	\$	(303,297)	\$	(273,278)	\$	(255,861)	\$	(243,889)	\$	(225,146)	\$	(174,330)	\$	(125,745)
Business-type activities	•	101 117	•	07.000	•	04.004	•	00.405	•	70 500	•	70.000	_	74 505	•	70 500	•	70 505	•	70.005
Net Investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$	101,417 27,832	\$	97,669 17,569	\$	94,094 13,522	\$	89,135 14,020	\$	79,533 19,225	\$	73,696 17,539	\$	74,505 16,178	\$	78,598 15,053	\$	79,595 15,817	\$	78,095 17,703
Total business-type activities	\$	129,249	\$	115,238	\$	107,616	\$	103,155	\$	98,758	\$	91,235	\$	90,683	\$	93,651	\$	95,412	\$	95,798
· ·		<u> </u>		·		·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· ·		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>
Primary government																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	108,949	\$	106,265	\$	100,916	\$	,	\$	,	\$	,	\$	78,828	\$	83,626	\$	85,477	\$	84,014
Restricted Unrestricted		159,804 (332,453)		136,113 (354,937)		133,571 (377,808)		115,138 (410,705)		142,133 (403,553)		170,601 (416,069)		189,812 (421,846)		203,703 (418,824)		259,684 (424,079)		131,269 (245,230)
Total primary government	\$	(63,700)	\$	(112,559)	\$	(143,321)	\$	(200,142)	\$	(174,520)	\$	(164,626)	\$	(153,206)	\$	(131,495)	\$	(78,918)	\$	(29,947)
rotal pilitary government	Ψ	(00,700)	Ψ	(112,000)	Ψ	(170,021)	Ψ	(200, 172)	Ψ	(177,020)	Ψ	(107,020)	Ψ	(100,200)	Ψ	(101,700)	Ψ	(10,010)	Ψ	(20,071)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Note O for explanation of negative balances.

#### **CHANGES IN NET POSITIONS**

#### Last ten fiscal years (Accrual basis of accounting) (Amounts expressed in thousands)

		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012
Program revenues																				
Governmental activities Charges for services																				
Street and highway	\$	1,516	\$	1,198	\$	8,443	\$	3,787	\$	2,482	\$	274	\$	194	\$	619	\$	713	\$	1,792
Transportation services	Ψ	282	Ψ	367	Ψ	423	Ψ	426	Ψ	414	Ψ	639	Ψ	651	Ψ	636	Ψ	693	Ψ	682
Regional Road Impact Fees		7,999		7,366		4,834		5,550		4,492		2,690		3,979		-		-		-
Operating grants and contributions		17,689		27,422		9,226		30,324		30,525		18,184		17,826		18,251		8,145		2,848
Capital grants and contributions		40		2,249		210		745		228		3,462		25		7		1,563		6,792
Total governmental activities		27,527		38,602		23,136		40,832		38,140		25,249	_	22,675		19,513		11,114		12,114
Business-type activities																				
Charges for services																				
Passenger fares		3,044		3,973		5,108		5,615		5,717		5,909		5,978		6,176		5,959		5,917
Bus advertising		178		246		262		264		190		181		206		216		277		347
Rental income		401 19,484		400 9,949		357 4,320		435 4,088		458 4,826		455 3,618		421		460		460 3,989		434 3,483
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions		17,028		9,949 8,398		12,935		7,848		9,882		3,813		3,404 980		3,499 4,147		5,463		3,463 4,580
Total business-type activities		40,135		22,966		22,982	_	18,250		21,073	_	13,976		10,989	_	14,498		16,148		14,761
Total business-type activities	_	40,100	-	22,900	_	22,902		10,230		21,073		13,370		10,909		14,430		10,140		14,701
Total program revenues	\$	67,662	\$	61,568	\$	46,118	\$	59,082	\$	59,213	\$	39,225	\$	33,664	\$	34,011	\$	27,262	\$	26,875
Expenses																				
Governmental activities																				
Street and highway	\$	70,200	\$	85,664	\$	39,637	\$	118,730	\$	101,901	\$	83,266	\$	67,542	\$	,	\$	91,016	\$	85,851
Transportation services		9,806		10,258		9,949		10,348		9,279		8,136		7,403		7,372		7,387		6,894
Regional Road Impact Fees Metropolitan planning		6,373 2,893		3,545 2,794		2,727 2,653		5,154 2,226		6,515 2,519		3,036 3,221		2,067 2,707		3,759		2,803		3,452
Interest and fiscal charges		2,093 14,112		2,794 12,947		2,653 18,685		19,284		19,586		19,867		2,707		20,351		2,003 14,066		3,452 12,584
Total governmental activities		103,384		115,209		73,652		155,743		139,802		117,526		99,853		138,468		115,272		108,781
Total governmental delivities		100,004	. —	110,200		70,002	_	100,140		100,002	_	117,020	_	00,000		100,400	_	110,212		100,701
Business-type activities																				
Public transportation		40,717		40,541		39,282		31,465		31,251		30,307	_	30,202		30,411		30,110		29,761
Total expenses	\$	144,101	\$	155,750	\$	112,934	\$	187,208	\$	171,053	\$	147,833	\$	130,055	\$	168,879	\$	145,382	\$	138,542
Net expenses																				
Governmental activities	\$	(75,857)	\$	(76,606)	\$	(50 515)	\$	(114,910)	\$	(101,661)	\$	(92,277)	\$	(77,178)	\$	(118,955)	\$	(104,158)	\$	(96,667)
Business-type activities	<u> </u>	(581)		(17,575)	_	(16,300)	_	(13,215)	_	(10,178)	_	(16,331)	_	(19,213)	_	(15,913)	_	(13,962)	_	(15,000)
Total net expense	\$	(76,439)	\$	(94,181)	\$	(66,815)	\$	(128,125)	\$	(111,839)	\$	(108,608)	\$	(96,391)	\$	(134,868)	\$	(118,120)	\$	(111,667)
·	<u> </u>		-	<del></del>	=		_	• • /	=	· · /	_	· · /				· · /		·	=	<u> </u>

#### **CHANGES IN NET POSITION - CONTINUED**

#### Last ten fiscal years (Accrual basis of accounting) (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	2021	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	2014	2013		2012
General revenues and other changes in																
net position																
Governmental activities																
Motor vehicle fuel tax	\$ 92,080	\$ 85,471	\$	86,738	\$	81,180	\$	75,058	\$	,	\$	58,934	\$ 49,575	\$ 41,828	\$	35,319
Public transportation tax	18,037	8,769		11,650		9,806		8,989		9,932		8,414	8,786	8,459		7,726
Regional Road Impact fees	-	-		-		-		-		-		-	8,165	8,598		-
Unrestricted investment earnings	52	4,304		3,266		465		235		1,971		779	909	207		1,085
Miscellaneous revenue	162	692		990		162		(260)		193		12	246	3		55
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	-	252		19		8		4		9		-	2	10		-
Transfers	 375	 11,479		210		300		218		184		188	 308	 (561)		338
Total governmental activities	110,706	 110,968		102,874		91,922		84,244		80,304		68,327	67,991	58,544		44,523
Business-type activities																
Public transportation tax	21,074	24,751		20,274		21,278		17,837		16,661		16,270	14,231	12,927		12,472
Investment earnings	43	608		545		65		34		304		134	172	35		321
Miscellaneous revenue	74	98		134		30		43		114		18	44	15		30
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(6,224)	-		18		-		6		(12)		10	14	38		3
Transfers	 (375)	 (260)		(210)		(300)		(218)		(184)		(188)	 (308)	 561		(338)
Total business-type activities	 14,592	 25,198		20,762		21,074		17,701		16,883		16,244	 14,153	 13,576		12,488
			_		_		_		_		_				_	
Total primary government	\$ 125,299	\$ 136,166	\$	123,636	\$	112,996	\$	101,945	\$	97,187	\$	84,571	\$ 82,144	\$ 72,120	\$	57,011
Change in net position																
Governmental activities	\$ 34,849	\$ 34,359	\$	52,359	\$	(22,989)	\$	(17,417)	\$	(11,973)	\$	(8,851)	\$ (50,964)	\$ (45,614)	\$	(52,144)
Business-type activities	 14,011	 7,622		4,461		7,859		7,523		552		(2,969)	 (1,760)	 (386)		(2,512)
Total primary government	\$ 48,861	\$ 41,981	\$	56,820	\$	(15,130)	\$	(9,894)	\$	(11,421)	\$	(11,820)	\$ (52,724)	\$ (46,000)	\$	(54,656)

#### **FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### Last ten fiscal years (Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	2012
General fund Nonspendable Restricted	\$ 246 114,854	\$ 246 94,433	\$ 307 87,463	\$ 304 58,704	\$ 271 88,510	\$ 221 112,912	\$ 170 136,930	\$ 192 153,058	\$ 182 215,711	\$ 201 93,225
Total general fund	\$ 115,100	\$ 94,679	\$ 87,770	\$ 59,008	\$ 88,781	\$ 113,133	\$ 137,100	\$ 153,250	\$ 215,893	\$ 93,426
All other governmental funds Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	\$ 241 44,950 8,532	\$ 205 41,679 4,382	\$ 218 46,108 2,767	\$ 374 56,434 1,543	\$ 384 53,622 2,234	\$ 133 57,689 381 (541)	\$ 124 52,882 2,914	\$ 199 50,645 2,360	\$ 157 43,973 1,074	\$ 219 38,044 535 (274)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 53,722	\$ 46,267	\$ 49,093	\$ 58,351	\$ 56,240	\$ 57,662	\$ 55,920	\$ 53,204	\$ 45,204	\$ 38,524

#### **CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### Last ten fiscal years (Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	2021		2020	2019	2018	2017		2016	2015		2014		2013	2012
Revenues														
Motor vehicle fuel tax	\$ 92,080	\$	85,471	\$ 86,738	\$ 81,180	\$ 75,058	\$	68,015	\$ 58,934	\$	49,575	\$	41,828	\$ 35,319
Public transportation tax	18,037	•	8,769	11,650	9,806	8,989		9,932	8,414		8,786		8,459	7,726
Impact fees	7,999	)	7,366	4,831	5,550	4,492		2,690	3,979		8,165		8,598	596
Passenger fares	282	2	367	423	426	413		639	651		636		693	683
Investment income	52	<u> </u>	4,304	3,266	465	235		1,971	779		909		207	1,085
Reimbursements	1,436	;	2,121	7,628	3,605	2,467		233	161		644		716	1,168
Planning, operating and capital grants	17,433		30,390	9,982	34,534	28,970		19,928	18,711		17,919		12,125	5,866
Miscellaneous income	179		439	1,005	237	(160)		340	253		531		213	263
Total revenues	137,498		139,227	125,523	135,803	120,465	_	103,748	 91,882	_	87,165		72,839	52,706
Expenditures														
Street and highway	75,344		87,620	51,626	124,837	107,873		85,286	69,386		106,872		90,760	85,533
Transportation services	8,882		8,713	8,659	9,032	7,817		7,158	6,700		6,526		6,247	5,945
Metropolitan planning	2,893		2,794	2,653	2,226	2,402		3.167	2,649		3,672		2,725	3,357
Capital outlay	(97		3,362	1,856	242	1,663		3,841	43		9		1,898	124
Debt service	(37	,	3,302	1,000	242	1,000		3,041	43		9		1,030	124
Principal	7,185	5	6,626	2,303	7,603	6,604		6,309	6,096		5,997		5,788	5,438
Interest	15,765	5	15,555	19,446	19,790	20,059		20,362	20,584		19,156		12,497	13,223
Debt service fees & fiscal charges	25	5	35	1,022	45	42		42	46		34		36	22
Total expenditures	109,997		124,706	87,566	163,776	146,459		126,165	105,504		142,266		119,951	113,642
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE	ES													
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	27,501		14,521	 37,957	 (27,973)	 (25,994)		(22,417)	 (13,622)		(55,101)		(47,112)	 (60,936)
Other financing sources (uses)														
Transfers in (out)	375	;	260	210	300	217		184	188		308		225	338
Debt issuance 1			56,235	183,235	-	-		-	-		-		165,000	_
Bond premium			12,272	22,507	-	-		-	-		-		11,023	_
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent			(79,456)	(224,426)	-	-		-	-		-		´ -	_
Sale of capital assets			252	19	8	4		9	-		2		10	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	375	5	(10,437)	 (18,455)	308	221		193	188	_	310	_	176,258	338
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 27,876	<u>\$</u>	4,085	\$ 19,503	\$ (27,664)	\$ (25,773)	\$	(22,224)	\$ (13,434)	\$	(54,791)	\$	129,146	\$ (60,598)
DEBT SERVICE AS A PERCENTAGE														
OF NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES	20.99	<u>6</u>	18.3%	 26.6%	 16.8%	 18.4%	_	21.8%	 25.3%		17.7%		15.5%	 16.5%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Proceeds from the issuance of debt are detailed in Note I & J.

#### REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## Last ten fiscal years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	 Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax	 Regional Road Impact Fee Credits <sup>1</sup>	Regional Road Impact Fees	Tr	Public ansportation Tax	 Total
2021 2020	\$ 92,079,885 85,470,620	\$ -	\$ 7,999,041 7.365.705	\$	18,037,154 8,769,484	\$ 118,116,080 101,605,809
2019	86.738.311	-	4.830.616		11.650.266	101,003,009
2018	81,179,894	714,512	4,835,052		9,805,973	96,535,431
2017	75,058,070	452,098	4,039,431		8,989,017	88,538,616
2016	68,015,031	-	2,690,468		9,932,269	80,637,768
2015	58,934,179	953,787	3,025,633		8,414,074	71,327,673
2014	49,574,968	6,790,658	1,374,381		8,786,166	66,526,173
2013	41,827,886	7,470,788	1,126,781		8,459,319	58,884,774
2012	35,318,650	346,025	249,938		7,726,463	43,641,076
<u>Change</u>						
2012-2021	160.7%	-100.0%	3100.4%		133.4%	170.7%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Regional Road Impact Fee Credits are non-cash revenue

#### **REVENUES BY SOURCE, PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

## Last ten fiscal years (Accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Tra	Public ansportation Tax	Passenger Fares		Federal Operating Sovernment Grant	-	A	Bus dvertising	 Investment Income	Mis	scellaneous <sup>4</sup>	 Total
2021	\$	21,074,309	\$ 3,044,093	1	\$ 19,484,023	3	\$	178,240	\$ 42,819	\$	(5,749,141)	\$ 38,074,343
2020		24,750,890	3,972,632	1	9,949,185	3		245,866	607,728		498,152	40,024,453
2019		20,274,451	5,108,047		4,320,161			261,659	544,930		508,491	31,017,739
2018		21,278,436	5,614,832	2	4,088,110			264,091	65,488		465,798	31,776,755
2017		17,836,832	5,716,864		4,825,788			190,455	33,843		505,727	29,109,509
2016		16,661,346	5,908,612		3,618,038			181,404	303,719		556,570	27,229,689
2015		16,270,368	5,977,902		3,403,457			206,391	134,063		448,611	26,440,792
2014		14,230,831	6,175,971		3,498,641			216,345	172,261		517,092	24,811,141
2013		12,926,595	5,959,133		3,989,322			277,131	35,051		512,661	23,699,893
2012		12,472,313	5,916,656		3,482,964			347,714	320,859		466,834	23,007,340
Change												
2012-2021		69.0%	-48.6%		459.4%			-48.7%	-86.7%		-1331.5%	65.5%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The reduction in fares is due to significant loss of ridership due to COVD-19.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> October 6, 2018 Passenger Fare Changes:

<sup>\*</sup> All U.S. Veteran riders qualify for reduced fare; Single ride disabled decreased from \$1.00 to \$0.75; 7-Day full fare pass decreased from \$19.50 to \$14.50; 7-Day regular fare pass decreased from \$9.75 to \$6.00; Single ride RTC ACCESS ID increased from \$0.50 to \$0.75; Transfers were eliminated;

<sup>31-</sup>Day Disabled pass increased from \$26.00 to \$32.50; 24-Hour pass discontinued; One Day pass expires at midnight.

<sup>\*</sup> Effective 7/1/2014, RTC RIDE and RTC RAPID prepaid passes were reduced by 7%. RTC INTERCITY fare was increased by 25%. RTC Sierra Spirit implemented a 25-cent regular fare and 10-cent reduced fare. RTC ACCESS on RTC RIDE 10-ride pass was reduced form \$5 to \$4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes CARES act funding used for operating expenses.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Includes rental income and gain (loss) on sale of assets.

### PRINCIPAL REGIONAL ROAD IMPACT FEE CREDIT RECIPIENTS<sup>1</sup> YEARS 2021 AND 2012

Last ten fiscal years

			2021			2012	
Certificate Holders	Valu	ue of Waivers Issued <sup>3</sup>	Rank	% of Total Value	le of Credits Issued <sup>2</sup>	Rank	% of Total Value
Lennar Reno, LLC Sierra Nevada Corporation RTM-HRCF Sky Vista, LLC	\$	1,014,228 - -	1 - -	100.0% 0.0% 0.0%	\$ 237,915 108,110	1 2	68.8% 31.2%
Total Ten Largest Credit Recipients	\$	1,014,228		100.0%	\$ 346,025		100.0%
Total Impact Fee Credits Issued	\$	1,014,228		100.0%	\$ 346,025		100.0%

- Any person, except a unit of government, who constructs all or part of a capital improvement included in the Regional CIP or offers a dedication of land may apply for a Regional Road Impact Fee Credit/Waiver. RRIF Credits measured in Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) were issued prior to 3/2/2015. RRIF Waivers, replaced the RRIF Credit program in 2015, and are measured in dollars. The RTC RRIF Administrator determines which capital improvements and/or right-of-way dedications are eligible for Credits/Waivers. RRIF Credits and Waivers are managed in an online RRIF Automation account.
- 2 RRIF Credits may be used by the original Developer of Record to pay up to 100% of the impact fees owed within the Benefit District where they were earned. RRIF Credits transferred to a 3rd Party can be used to pay up to 100% of impact fees owed within the Development of Record where they were earned and up to 50% of the impact fees owed outside the Development of Record, but within the Benefit District. RRIF Credits may not be used outside the Benefit District where the RRIF Credits were earned. Unused RRIF Credits expire twenty years from the date of approval of the Capital Contribution Front Ending Agreement (CCFEA). In 2017, a one-time offer to extend the expiration date for an additional 10 years was given to existing credit holders.
- RRIF Waivers may be used by the original Developer of Record to pay up to 100% of the impact fees owed within the Development of Record and do not expire. RRIF Waivers transferred to a 3rd Party can be used to pay up to 100% of the impact fees owed within the Development of Record where they were earned. RRIF Waivers may not be used outside the Development of Record. The impact fees owed using RRIF Waivers are based on the fee schedule in effect at the time of the RRIF Offset Agreement for the land uses identified in the agreement. Impact fees owed for any changes to the original land use will be assessed at the current impact fee rate.

#### VEHICLE MILES TRAVELED (VMT) UNITS1

#### Last ten fiscal years

_	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016³	2015	2014	2013	2012
Total VMT units issued in Reno <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	2,135	1,546	-	6,885	21,440	27,454	500
Total VMT units issued outside Reno	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,984	27,018	1,047
Total VMT units				2,135	1,546		6,885	39,424	54,472	1,547

Any person, except a unit of government, who constructs all or part of a capital improvement included in the Regional CIP or offers a dedication of land may apply for a Regional Road Impact Fee Credit/Waiver. RRIF Credits measured in Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) were issued prior to 3/2/2015. RRIF Waivers, replaced the RRIF Credit program in 2015, and are measured in dollars. The RTC RRIF Admistrator determines which capital improvements and/or right-of-way dedications are eligible for Credits/Waivers. RRIF Credits and Waivers are managed in an online RRIF Automation account.

Prior to 2014, impact fees were slightly lower in the City of Reno. Impact Fees were discounted to account for additional payments made by new development within the City of Reno to pay for outstanding debt on Reno's 1985 and 1989 bond issues which were used for road capital improvements and improvements on existing roadways. The City of Sparks and Washoe County had no outstanding debt for road improvements. Beginning 2014, the bonds were paid off.

Beginning 2016, VMTs shown represent the RRIF Waivers issued. RRIF Waivers are issued in dollars and are converted to Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMTs) based on the impact fee rate in effect as of the date of the RRIF Offset Agreement.

#### **DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX RATES**

#### Last ten fiscal years

Fiscal Year	RTC Direct Sales Tax Rate <sup>1</sup>	Washoe County Sales Tax Rate		RTC Direct Vehicle Fuel Tax Rate <sup>2</sup>	۱	nual RTC Direct /ehicle uel Tax dex Incr. <sup>3</sup>		Washoe County Vehicle Fuel Tax Rate		nnual Washoe County Vehicle Fuel Tax Index Incr. <sup>3</sup>	RTC Direct Impact Fee in Reno Rate <sup>4</sup>	RTC Direct Impact Fee Outside Reno Rate	RTC Direct Impact Fee in North Area Rate <sup>5</sup>	RTC Direct Impact Fee in South Area Rate <sup>5</sup>
2021	0.375%	8.265%	\$	0.4087	\$	0.0160	\$	0.5308	\$	0.0185	N/A	N/A	\$328.34/VMT	\$320.63/VMT
2020	0.375%	8.265%	Ψ	0.3927	Ψ	0.0098	Ψ	0.5123	Ψ	0.0103	N/A	N/A	320.71/VMT	313.18/VMT
2019	0.375%	8.265%		0.3829		0.0145		0.5010		0.0168	N/A	N/A	267.58/VMT	303.11/VMT
2018	0.375%	8.265%		0.3684		0.0155		0.4842		0.0179	N/A	N/A	262.69/VMT	297.58/VMT
2017	0.375%	7.725%		0.3529		0.0239		0.4663		0.0403	N/A	N/A	262.69/VMT	297.58/VMT
2016	0.375%	7.725%		0.3289		0.0348		0.4386		0.0403	N/A	N/A	258.20/VMT	292.50/VMT
2015	0.375%	7.725%		0.2942		0.0378		0.3983		0.0438	N/A	N/A	253.39/VMT	287.05/VMT
2014	0.375%	7.725%		0.2564		0.0366		0.3546		0.0423	\$216/VMT	\$227/VMT		
2013	0.375%	7.725%		0.2198		0.0323		0.3123		0.0374	216/VMT	227/VMT		
2012	0.375%	7.725%		0.1875		0.0264		0.2749		0.0305	216/VMT	227/VMT		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The RTC's sales tax rate may only be changed with the approval of the Board of County Commissioners and enacted State legislation. Effective November 1, 1982, the Board of County Commissioners imposed a sales tax of 1/4 cent for mass transit or the construction of public roads. Effective July 1, 2003, the Board of County Commissioners imposed an additional 1/8 cent sales tax.

Source: Nevada Department of Taxation and Regional Transportation Commission

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The RTC's motor vehicle fuel tax rate may only be changed with the approval of the Board of County Commissioners and enacted State legislation. In 1965, a \$0.01 per gallon fuel tax was levied for the purpose of constructing and improving the street and highway transportation facilities within Washoe County. In 1971, it was increased to \$0.02 per gallon and in 1982 to \$0.04 per gallon. In April of 1994, a temporary additional \$0.05 per gallon was approved then made permanent in September of 1995. Reference note 3 below. Annual rates reflect year-to-year cumulative indexing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Effective October 1, 2003, the Board of County Commissioners approved fuel tax indexing which imposed additional new taxes on motor vehicle fuel. On the first day of each fiscal year, motor vehicle fuel tax was increased by (i) the lesser of 4.5 percent or (ii) the average percentage of the increase in the Consumer Price Index for West Urban Consumers for the preceding 5 years. At the November 2008 election, County voters approved RTC5 and the State Legislature enacted the bill which revised the indexing provisions for the 9-cent motor vehicle fuel tax. The county was thereby authorized to impose additional taxes on motor vehicle fuel and special fuels for the benefit of the Commission, and provided for annual increases in such taxes to be calculated using a formula based on (i) the lesser of 7.8% or (ii) a rolling 10-year average of the changes in the Producer Price Index for Street and Highway Construction. The PPI adjustments were imposed on the CPI adjusted rate of 10.5621 cents per gallon. The PPI adjusted rate went into effect with April 2010 fuel tax collections. Rates shown reflect the annual change in the index.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The imposition of an impact fees for the construction of new roads and to make capacity improvements is established by State legislation. RTC impact fee rates may only be changed with the approval of ordinances adopted by all participating local governments. The 2003 passage of WC-2 allowed for the indexing of impact fee and NRS 278B.225 was established to allow automatic inflationary adjustments to the fees. Rates shown are based on a single-family detached home.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Effective December 1, 2020 the 6th edition of the Regional Road Impact Fee (RRIF) System General Administrative Manual (GAM) was revised to increase Impact fee rates by 2.38% for inflation indexing.

#### RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

## Last ten fiscal years (Amounts expressed in thousands)

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	_	2016	2015	_	2014	_	2013	_	2012
Governmental activities Revenue bonds	\$	312,215	\$ 319,400	\$ 346,612	\$ 390,732	\$ 398,335	\$	404,939	\$ 411,248	\$	417,344	\$	423,341	\$	264,129
Less Deferred amounts Bond Premium Bond Discount		31,551	33,055	22,016 (9)	9,180 (25)	9,558 (41)		9,937 (56)	10,316 (72)		10,694 (88)		11,137 (103)		308 (119)
Total primary government	\$	343,766	\$ 352,455	\$ 368,619	\$ 399,887	\$ 407,852	\$	414,820	\$ 421,492	\$	427,950	\$	434,375	\$	264,318
Percentage of personal income	_	1.1507%	1.2689%	 1.4424%	 1.7733%	 1.9179%		2.0571%	 2.2094%		2.2724%		2.2131%		1.4157%
Per capita	\$	0.72	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.79	\$ 0.86	\$ 0.89	\$	0.92	\$ 0.95	\$	0.98	\$	1.00	\$	0.61

Details regarding the RTC's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 116 for personal income and population data.

## COMPUTATION OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT

## As of June 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Name of Governmental Unit		Debt utstanding	Presently Self-Supporting Debt		Percent Applicable to Washoe County <sup>1</sup>	Applicable Net Debt	
Direct <sup>2</sup>							
Regional Transportation Commission							
Revenue bonds <sup>3</sup>	\$	280,664	\$	280,664	0%	\$	280,664
Total Direct Debt		280,664		280,664			280,664
Overlapping							
Washoe County School District		1,128,974		-	100%		1,128,974
Reno-Sparks Convention & Visitors Authority		80,297		80,297	100%		-
City of Reno		35,963		-	100%		35,963
City of Reno supported by specific revenue		346,347		346,347	100%		-
City of Reno - Special Assessment bonds <sup>4</sup>		6,801		6,801	100%		-
City of Sparks		13,264		-	100%		13,264
City of Sparks - Sewer and Utility bonds		2,701		2,701	100%		-
Incline Village General Improvement District		4,404		4,404	100%		-
State of Nevada		1,210,570		323,512	13.84%		124,986
Total Overlapping Debt		2,829,321		764,062			1,303,187
Total Direct and Overlapping debt	\$	3,109,985	\$	1,044,726		\$	1,583,851

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on FY 2020-21 assessed valuation in the respective jurisdiction.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes all governmental debt activities and amounts are net of related discounts, premiums and deferred refunding charges.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Revenue bonds are not general obligation, but are special limited obligation of the County payable solely from the pledged revenue.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Special assessment bonds are not general obligations of Washoe County, or of the Cities of Reno and Sparks. If however, the special assessments collected, with all other available resources were insufficient to meet debt service requirements on these bonds, the respective bond ordinances require that the deficiency be made up with the governments' general funds.

#### PLEDGED REVENUE BOND COVERAGE AND LIMITATIONS

#### Last ten fiscal years

	Debt Se	arvico		Mot	or Vehicle Fuel	Tav <sup>1</sup>	Public Transportation Tax <sup>3</sup>	Limitations <sup>4</sup>		3ond Coverage⁵	
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service	RTC 9¢ + Index²	Washoe County 5.35¢ + 1¢	Total Net Pledged Fuel Tax Revenues	Total Net Pledged Public Transportation Tax Revenues	Revenues in Excess of Debt Service	Bond Coverage Actual	Bond Coverage Required	Excess Coverage
2021	\$ 7,185,000	\$ 15,764,784	\$ 22,949,784	\$ 92,079,885	N/A	\$ 92,079,885	\$ 13,037,154	\$ 82,167,255	401%	200%	201%
2020	6,626,000	15,554,662	22,180,662	85,470,620	N/A	85,470,620	11,077,938	74,367,896	385%	200%	185%
2019	2,303,000	19,445,659	21,748,659	86,738,311	N/A	86,738,311	10,450,532	75,440,184	399%	200%	199%
2018	7,603,000	19,789,748	27,392,748	81,179,894	N/A	81,179,894	10,211,947	63,999,093	296%	125%	171%
2017	6,604,000	20,058,757	26,662,757	75,058,070	N/A	75,058,070	9,378,033	57,773,346	282%	125%	157%
2016	6,309,000	20,362,279	26,671,279	68,015,031	N/A	68,015,031	8,864,538	50,208,290	255%	125%	130%
2015	6,096,000	20,584,244	26,680,244	58,934,179	N/A	58,934,179	8,228,147	40,482,082	221%	125%	96%
2014	5,997,000	19,156,381	25,153,381	49,574,968	N/A	49,574,968	7,672,332	32,093,919	197%	125%	72%
2013	5,788,000	12,496,721	18,284,721	41,827,886	N/A	41,827,886	7,128,638	30,671,803	229%	125%	104%
2012	5,438,000	13,222,764	18,660,764	35,318,650	N/A	35,318,650	6,732,925	23,390,811	189%	125%	64%

- The amounts of these taxes have increased over the years. In 1977, the rates were 2¢ and 1½¢. In 1982, these were raised to 4¢ and 1½¢. In 1983, they were increased again to the level of 4¢ and 3¢. In 1986 the 3¢ motor vehicle fuel tax previously distributed to the RTC for bond covenant provisions was distributed by the State of Nevada directly to Washoe County and the Cities of Reno and Sparks, as provided for in Chapter 365 of the Nevada Revised Statutes. The 3¢ rate was increased to 4.28¢ in 1988 and 5.35¢ in 1989. In April 1994, the 4¢ was raised to 9¢. In 1983, the 1¢ rate was implemented for Washoe County roads.
- The bond covenant provisions of the 2018, 2019 and 2010 Series E and F revenue bonds identify as net pledged revenues motor vehicle fuel taxes consisting of the 9¢ per gallon motor vehicle fuel tax together with prior annual increases to that base rate calculated as the lesser of: (i) 4.5% increase or (ii) the average percentage of the increase in the Consumer Price Index for West Urban Consumers for the preceding 5 years. Pursuant to a ballot measure in November 2008 and subsequent enactment of Chapter 501 at the State Legislature, additional taxes were imposed on motor vehicle fuel and special fuels for the benefit of the RTC which provided for annual increases using a formula based on the lesser of (i) 7.8% or (ii) a rolling 10-year average of changes in the Producer Price Index (PPI) for Street and Highway Construction. The PPI rate went into effect January 1, 2010 and is adjusted on July 1, annually.
- <sup>3</sup> The bond covenant provisions of the 2010 Series H revenue bonds identify as net pledged revenues sales taxes imposed at a rate of one-eighth of one percent (.0125%) and income derived from any additional Sales Tax imposed by the County should the RTC Board choose to include the additional tax in pledged revenues. The RTC Board may elect to include additional taxes in pledged revenues for the remaining term of the 2010H bonds by adoption of a resolution or ordinance to include such tax.
- <sup>4</sup> The following limitations on bond coverage are calculated in these columns:
  - a. Nevada Revised Statutes 373.130 states that revenues from vehicle fuel tax must be adequate to meet the payment of outstanding debt as it becomes due.
  - b. Washoe County Bond Ordinance requires that the net pledged revenues derived in any twelve consecutive months of the last eighteen months of fiscal year immediately preceding the date of the issuance of such additional parity securities shall have been at least sufficent to pay an amount equal to 200% of the combined maximum annual principal and interest requirements of the outstanding bonds and any other outstanding parity securities of the County and the parity securities proposed to be issued (excluding any reserves therefore).
- <sup>5</sup> The Actual Bond Coverage and Excess Coverage are calculated as follows:
  - a. Bond Coverage Actual is equal to the Total Net Pledged Fuel Tax Revenues divided by Total Debt Service.
  - b. Excess Coverage is equal to the difference between Bond Coverage Actual and Bond Coverage Required.

#### **DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS**

## Last ten fiscal years (Dollars Expressed in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	Population <sup>1</sup>	 Personal Income <sup>2</sup>	Per Capita Personal Income <sup>2</sup>	Median Age³	Total Labor Force⁴	Unemployment Rate (Percent) <sup>4</sup>	onstruction Activity - otal Value <sup>5</sup>	Number of New Family Units <sup>5</sup>
2021	478,355	\$ 29,875,442	63	38.6	265,182	4.9%	\$ 719,607	692
2020	472,069	27,776,003	60	38.1	255,915	3.2%	450,868	617
2019	464,630	25,556,498	55	38.0	250,005	3.6%	458,823	572
2018	460,237	22,549,907	48	37.9	239,119	4.2%	345,710	481
2017	459,142	21,265,239	46	37.5	223,409	4.0%	301,127	378
2016	451,248	20,164,911	45	37.5	213,923	6.4%	231,742	320
2015	444,008	19,077,494	43	37.4	213,773	6.4%	246,628	255
2014	436,647	18,832,669	43	37.6	206,624	7.2%	203,086	120
2013	433,731	19,627,834	45	37.6	219,550	9.8%	126,468	74
2012	429,079	18,656,484	43	37.0	222,532	12.3%	95,876	83

#### Sources:

<sup>1</sup> FY 2012 through FY 2013 Annual population, Data Analysis 2010 US Census-Nevada Per Governor Certified Population of Nevada's Counties, Cities and Towns 2000 to 2013 FY 2014: Washoe County Community Development, with projected growth rate applied to the 2010 US Census FY 2015 - FY 2021 data source: Nevada State Demographer's Office-NV Small Business Development Center

FY 2012 and prior: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) FY 2013 - FY 2014: Washoe County Community Development Demographic Information FY 2014 - FY 2021: BEA 2012 Estimate with Compound Annual Growth Rate applied

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> FY 2012 - FY 2013: Center for Regional Studies, University of Nevada, Reno FY 2014 - FY 2018: Trend applied to U.S. Census Bureau 2008-2012 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates FY 2019 - FY 2021: United States Census Bureau

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Total represents the average labor force during the fiscal year. Nevada State Department of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation (DETR)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Washoe County Building and Safety Department

#### PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

#### Current year and nine years ago

December, 2020 December, 2011 Percentage Percentage of Total of Total County County **Employer** Employees<sup>1</sup> Rank Employment Employees<sup>1</sup> Rank Employment 8.750 Washoe County School District 1 3.47% 8.250 1 4.49% Renown Medical Center 4,750 2 1.88% 2.750 4 1.50% 3 2 University of Nevada - Reno 4,750 1.88% 4,250 2.31% Peppermill Hotel Casino-Reno 3,000 4 1.19% 2,250 5 1.22% Grand Sierra Resort & Casino 3,000 5 1.19% Silver Legacy Resort Casino 3,000 6 1.19% 8 0.95% 1,750 Harrah's Reno Casino 3,000 7 1.19% Eldorado Hotel & Casino 3,000 8 1.19% St. Mary's Regional Medical Center 3,000 9 1.19% 1,750 10 0.95% Washoe County 2.800 10 1.11% 2.750 3 1.50% 9 Atlantis Casino Resort 1,750 0.95% International Game Technology PLC<sup>2</sup> 2.250 6 1.22% Integrity Staffing Solutions 7 1.22% 2,250 **Total Washoe County Covered** Employment 252,295 183,770

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Nevada Revised Statutes Chapter 612 stipulates that actual employment for individual employers may not be published. The Nevada Department of Employment Training and Rehabilitation outsources the publication of this information to Inforgroup. Inforgroup publishes employee counts in ranges of 5000. The number of employees are estimated using the midpoint.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> International Game Technology was acquired by Gtech in 2015 becoming International Game Technology PLC.

#### FULL TIME EQUIVALENT GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY DEPARTMENT

#### Last ten fiscal years

Department	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Executive	4.50	4.50	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	6.50
Administrative services	7.25	7.25	6.75	6.75	6.75	6.75	7.25	6.50	7.50	10.50
Marketing/Communications <sup>3</sup>	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.00
Finance	13.50	13.50	13.50	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	14.00	12.00	16.00
Engineering/Facilities maintenance <sup>2</sup>	17.50	17.50	17.50	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	20.00
Metropolitan Planning Organization	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	15.00	12.00	9.00
Public transportation and Operations <sup>1</sup>	25.00	26.00	24.50	24.50	24.38	24.88	21.88	15.50	20.50	24.50
Total Budgeted Employees <sup>4</sup>	80.25	81.25	78.75	77.75	77.63	78.13	73.63	70.00	71.00	92.50
Total Actual Employees <sup>5</sup>	67.50	70.00	70.60	65.60	64.48	65.00	65.75	59.25	64.00	66.50

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In FY2012, Public Transportation department became known as Public Transportation and Operations department.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In FY 2012, Facilities Maintenance moved from Engineering to Public Transportation and Operations department.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> In FY 2012, Marketing department was dissolved. Staff moved to Planning and Public Transportation and Operations department.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Source: RTC Finance Department Budget documents.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Source: Payroll FTE count as of June 30th.

#### RIDE OPERATING STATISTICS

#### Last ten fiscal years

Full Time Equivalent Employees (FTE)

Fiscal Year	Fleet Size <sup>1</sup>	Revenue Miles	Revenue Hours	Passengers	Bus Operators	Maintenance Personnel	Other	Total FTE's
2021	84	2,839,671	265,543	5,184,734	145.0	28.0	20.0	193.0
2020	77	3,403,183	308,593	8,185,326	170.0	35.0	21.5	226.5
2019	77	2,837,771	256,326	7,197,386	134.1	28.9	15.6	178.6
2018	75	2,825,116	247,779	7,396,590	136.6	28.0	19.0	183.6
2017	69	2,875,232	253,097	7,416,158	141.0	27.0	19.0	187.0
2016	72	2,887,039	252,943	7,715,419	164.0	38.0	20.0	222.0
2015	81	2,888,968	252,515	8,140,908	160.0	29.0	19.0	208.0
2014	82	2,871,913	251,899	8,165,335	160.0	31.0	18.5	209.5
2013	82	2,817,697	249,569	8,050,950	168.0	29.0	18.5	215.5
2012	82	2,851,407	252,827	7,973,480	153.5	25.0	19.0	197.5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes Peak, Spares, and Contingency.

#### ACCESS OPERATING STATISTICS

#### Last ten fiscal years

Full Time Equivalent Employees (FTE)

Fiscal Year	Fleet Size <sup>1</sup>	Revenue Miles	Revenue Hours	Passengers	Van Operators	Maintenance Personnel	Operations Personnel	Total FTE's
2021	43	1,019,354	77,010	121,468	48.0	5.0	17.0	70.0
2020	50	1,368,087	91,349	182,556	42.0	4.0	13.0	59.0
2019	45	1,697,800	104,718	226,913	54.4	5.0	19.3	78.7
2018	45	1,593,665	101,872	251,461	57.5	5.0	19.0	81.5
2017	54	1,376,682	85,025	231,438	40.5	4.0	14.5	59.0
2016	63	1,383,323	83,112	224,812	47.5	3.0	17.0	67.5
2015	50	1,362,329	82,869	227,060	50.0	3.0	13.0	66.0
2014	50	1,378,237	84,165	239,457	43.0	5.0	12.0	60.0
2013	50	1,341,109	82,637	232,776	42.0	5.0	12.0	59.0
2012	45	1,281,359	81,119	222,593	42.0	5.0	12.0	59.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes Peak and Spares.

#### CAPITAL ASSET INFORMATION 1

#### As of June 30, 2021

	Year <sup>2</sup>	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
<u>Facilities</u>									· ·		
2050 Villanova Drive, Reno NV 89502	1984	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
600 Sutro Street, Reno NV 89512	1993	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1105 Terminal Way, Reno NV 89502	2000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1421 Victorian Avenue, Sparks NV 89432	2009	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
200 East 4th Street, Reno NV 89501	2011	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Other assets											
Number of RIDE Passenger Shelters <sup>3</sup>		110	113	132	121	117	116	115	113	111	111
Number of RIDE revenue vehicles (fleet) <sup>4</sup>		84	77	77	75	69	72	81	82	82	81
Number of ACCESS revenue vehicles (fleet) <sup>4</sup>		46	50	45	45	54	63	50	50	50	45
Number of Maintenance & Operation staff vehi	icles <sup>5</sup>	12	20	20	24	24	25	27	27	29	31

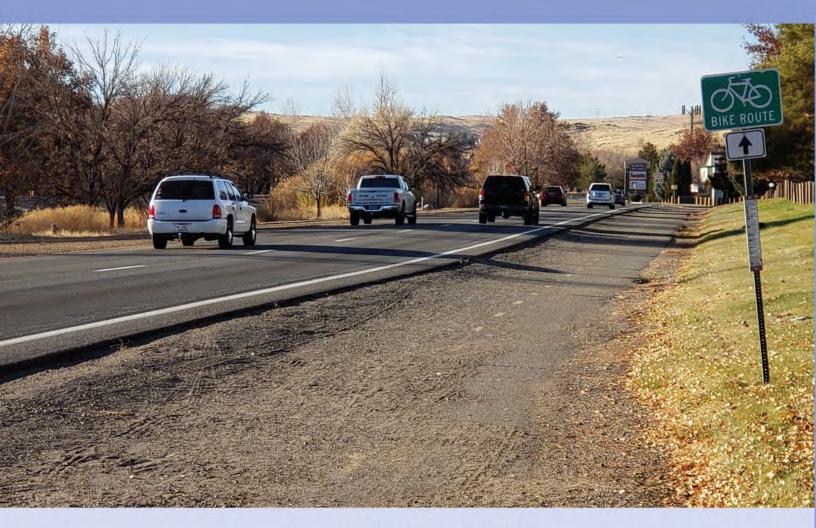
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> More information about capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Fiscal year facility was acquired or construction completed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Shelter information includes only installed shelters and RAPID stations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Revenue vehicles include active fleet only. Active fleet consists of Peak, Spares, and Contingency vehicles.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Staff vehicles include RIDE, ACCESS, and RTC support vehicles.



**COMPLIANCE SECTION** 



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Commissioners
Regional Transportation Commission
Reno, Sparks and Washoe County, Nevada

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Regional Transportation Commission, Reno, Sparks, and Washoe County, Nevada (RTC) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise RTC's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 24, 2021.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered RTC's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of RTC's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of RTC's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether RTC's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California November 24, 2021



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Commissioners
Regional Transportation Commission
Reno, Sparks and Washoe County, Nevada

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Regional Transportation Commission's, Reno, Sparks and Washoe County, Nevada (RTC's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of RTC's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. RTC's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of RTC's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about RTC's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of RTC's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, RTC complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of RTC is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered RTC's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of RTC's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California November 24, 2021

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Grant / Agreement Number	Grant Award Amount	Federal Expenditures 2021	Amounts Passed through to Subrecipients
U. S. Department of Transportation					
Federal Transit Administration					
Direct Award					
Federal Transit Cluster					
Federal Transit - Capital Investment Grants	20.500	#NV-2019-016 Total Capital Investment	\$ 40,387,863 <b>40,387,863</b>	\$ 6,873,416 <b>6,873,416</b>	
		•		<del></del>	
Direct Award					
Federal Transit - Urbanized Area Formula Grant	20.507	#NV-90-0078	5,775,854	51,982	-
Federal Transit - Urbanized Area Formula Grant	20.507	#NV-2016-006	6,120,979	52,898	-
Federal Transit - Urbanized Area Formula Grant	20.507	#NV-2017-010	12,248,635	481,234	-
Federal Transit - Urbanized Area Formula Grant	20.507	#NV-2017-013	6,375,105	2,240	-
Federal Transit - Urbanized Area Formula Grant	20.507	#NV-2018-012	6,619,530	127,294	-
Federal Transit - Urbanized Area Formula Grant	20.507	#NV-2019-001	7,477,500	7,477,500	-
Federal Transit - Urbanized Area Formula Grant	20.507	#NV-2019-018	7,117,512	371,333	-
Federal Transit - Urbanized Area Formula Grant	20.507	#NV-2019-020	7,750,000	3,657,248	-
Federal Transit - Urbanized Area Formula Grant	20.507	#NV-2019-021	7,025,000	15,707	-
Federal Transit - Urbanized Area Formula Grant Federal Transit - Urbanized Area Formula Grant	20.507	#NV-2020-018	7,297,750	194,069	-
Federal Transit - Orbanized Area Formula Grant Federal Transit - Urbanized Area Formula Grant	20.507 20.507	#NV-2020-019 #NV-2020-022	1,350,000 3,366,799	271,953	-
Federal Transit - Orbanized Area Formula Grant Federal Transit - Urbanized Area Formula Grant	20.507	#NV-2020-022 #NV-2020-024	5,700.000	1,134,932 3.408.717	-
COVID-19 - Federal Transit - Urbanized Area Formula Grant (CARES Act)	20.507	#NV-2020-024 #NV-2020-005	20.828.544	12.485.294	-
COVID-19 - Federal Transit - Orbanized Area Formula Grant (CARES ACt)	20.507	#NV-2020-005 #NV-2021-005	5,411,552	5,411,552	-
COVID-19 - Federal Transit - Urbanized Area Formula Grant (CRRCAA)	20.507	#NV-2021-003 #NV-2021-012	19,942,473	6,270,240	
OOVID-10-1 cacial maisir-ofbanized Alea Folinda Grant (Alta A)		al Urbanized Area Formula	130,407,233	41,414,193	
			· · ·		
Direct Award					
Federal Transit - Bus & Bus Facilities Formula Grant	20.526	#NV-2016-011	616,642	16,757	-
Federal Transit - Bus & Bus Facilities Formula Grant	20.526	#NV-2017-014	647,857	1,200	-
Federal Transit - Bus & Bus Facilities Formula Grant	20.526	#NV-2018-011	896,474	501,269	
	Total Bu	is & Bus Facilities Formula	2,160,973	519,226	
	Т	otal Federal Transit Cluster	172,956,069	48,806,835	

(continued)

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Grant / Agreement Number	Grant Award Amount	Federal Expenditures 2021	Amounts Passed through to Subrecipients
Direct Award					
Transit Services Programs Cluster					
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities	20.513	#NV-2018-013	688,863	219,956	219,956
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities (ARP)	20.513	#NV-2021-016	66,563	7,066	7,066
	Total Transit Se	ervices Programs Cluster	755,426	227,022	227,022
	Total Feder	al Transit Administration	173,711,495	49,033,857	227,022
Office of the Secretary of Transportation					
Direct Award					
State and Local Government Data Analysis Tools for Roadway Safety	20.935	69A34520501080620	298,600	145,000	-
•	Total Office of the Se	cretary of Transportation	298,600	145,000	-
	Total United States Depa	rtment of Transportation	174,010,095	49,178,857	227,022
Federal Highway Administration					
Passed through State of Nevada Department of Transportation					
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster					
Highway Planning and Construction Grant	20.205	#PR285-17-063	2,660,000	133,353	-
Highway Planning and Construction Grant	20.205	#PR333-20-063	1,150,000	932,350	-
Highway Planning and Construction Grant	20.205	#PR216-20-063	34,000	12,445	-
Highway Planning and Construction Grant	20.205	#P461-07-063	9,568,569	850	-
Highway Planning and Construction Grant	20.205	#PR195-19-804	1,746,081	1,024,992	-
Highway Planning and Construction Grant	20.205	#P356-16-063	246,106	9,493	
	Total Highway Planning a	and Construction Cluster	15,404,756	2,113,483	
	Total Federal	Highway Administration	15,404,756	2,113,483	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS:			\$ 189,414,851	\$ 51,292,340	\$ 227,022

The notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this schedule.

#### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the Regional Transportation Commission (RTC) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the RTC, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the RTC.

RTC received federal awards both directly from federal agencies and indirectly through pass-through entities. Federal financial assistance provided to a subrecipient is treated as an expenditure when it is paid to the subrecipient.

#### **NOTE B - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Governmental fund types account for the RTC's federal grant activity. Therefore, expenditures in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting. The RTC's summary of significant accounting policies is presented in Note A in the RTC's basic financial statements.

The RTC has not elected to use the 10% de minimis cost rate.

Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments or the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION RENO, SPARKS AND WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year ended June 30, 2021

#### <u>Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results</u>

Financial Statements							
Type of auditor's report issued on wheth financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	ner the ired	Unmodified					
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?			_Yes	X	_ No		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified		_Yes	X	_ None reported			
Noncompliance material to financial state	tements noted?		Yes	X	_ No		
Federal Awards							
Internal control over major programs:							
Material weakness(es) identified?		_Yes	X	_ No			
Significant deficiency(ies) identified		_Yes	X	_ None reported			
Type of auditors' report issued on comp major federal programs:	liance for	Unmodi	fied				
Any audit findings disclosed that are rec Reported in accordance with 2 CFR 20			_Yes	X	_ No		
Identification of major programs:							
Assistance Listing Number	Name of Federal Pro	gram or (	<u>Cluster</u>				
20.500 / 20.507 / 20.526	Federal Transit Clus	ter					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish betwand type B programs:	veen type A	<u>\$1,538,</u>	<u>770</u>				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X	_Yes		_ No		
Section II – Financial Statement Find	<u>ings</u>						

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Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None noted.



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