Feasibility Study for







ARLINGTON AVENUE BRIDGES REPLACEMENT

Technical Advisory Committee Meeting #2 | Bridge and Roadway Elements | August 31, 2020

Meeting Purpose



- Discuss bridge and roadway elements for the project
- Explain evaluation attributes
- Review alternative-specific
 - Qualitative attributes and concept evaluation
 - Concept scoring results
- Recommend Alternatives to carry forward

Meeting Agenda

ARLINGTON A V E N U E BRIDGES PROJECT

- Technical Advisory Committee Members
- Project Scope and Process
- Project Purpose & Need, Schedule and Background
- TAC-1 Permitting/Regulatory Meeting Recap
- Review Qualitative Attributes and Concept Evaluation
- TAC Scoring and Results
- Discussion Summary, Concurrence & Agreements

Technical Advisory Committee Members



- Nevada Department of Transportation (NDOT) Bridge Division
- Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Nevada Division
- Regional Transportation Commission (RTC)
 - Engineering
 - Planning
- City of Reno (CoR) Departments
 - Public Works Capital Projects
 - Public Works Maintenance
 - Parks, Recreation & Community Services
 - Public Works Traffic
 - Stormwater
 - Fire Department

Project Scope



- Complete a feasibility study to define scope of future phases
- Future Phases
 - ► National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and Design (2021-2025)
 - Construction (2026)
- Goal Reduce the range of possible bridge type and aesthetic themes through engineering analysis and by conducting public outreach
- Outcome have a bridge type and aesthetic package identified to carry forward into NEPA clearance and design
 - Document decisions using Planning and Environmental Linkages (PEL) process & NDOT PEL Checklist

Project Process

Modeled after Virginia Street Bridge process



- Bridge/Roadway Elements
- 1 Additional Public Meeting

ROJECT

Project Purpose and Need

- Address Structurally Deficient Arlington Avenue Bridges
- Provide Safe and ADA compliant Multimodal improvements
- Address hydraulic capacity needs
- Respond to regional and community plans







Project Schedule



	2019	2020	2021-2025	2026
Public Kickoff	*			
Identify and Analyze Bridge and Aesthetic Concepts				
Public Meeting			*	
Complete Feasibility Study				
Environmental (NEPA)				
Design and Permitting				
Construction Start				*

TAC-1 Meeting Recap



- FHWA will be lead agency and STBG (federal) funds have been allocated for the next phase of the Project
- Permitting includes Federal (404, 408) and State (NDSL encroachment: NDEP 401, construction stormwater, working in waterways, groundwater discharge)
- River access for channel debris and sediment removal equipment will be required by CTWCD
- Conclusion Elevated Bridge and Tied Arch concepts will be more challenging

Construction Cost

- In relative terms, how does construction cost compare to the cost of other Alternates. Greater complexity in design and/or construction and greater bridge deck area will typically lead to increased cost.
- Are construction techniques expected to be common and familiar to a large pool of contractors and lead to more competitive bidding?

Construction Schedule and Cost Risks

- Does the Alternate increase the potential for unforeseen issues to arise during construction affecting schedule and/or cost?
- Will materials and/or fabrication require long lead times for delivery and installation and impact schedule?
- Could unexpected delays lead to construction activities being adversely impacted during periods of high flood flow?

Existing Infrastructure Impacts

- Can the Alternate be accommodated on the Arlington Avenue alignment with minimal change in roadway profile?
- Is a deep superstructure (deck and supporting components) required which could lead to a rise in roadway profile which could then affect adjacent properties?
- Will impacts to the potentially historic floodwalls be greater for an Alternate compared to others?
- Does the Alternate readily provide means for carrying utilities across the river (power, water, communications, etc.)

Maintenance and Inspection Access

- Will the Alternate inhibit access or require unique equipment to inspect and maintain the structure or utilities it may carry?
- Will the Alternate inhibit access for flood debris removal in an emergency situation?
- Will the Alternate permit equipment access for sediment removal and routine channel maintenance activities? The preferred Alternate will need to retain or improve existing channel access (currently from Barbara Bennet Park).

Long Term Maintenance Costs

- Will the Alternate require more or less frequent maintenance to ensure its long-term performance (protective painting, for example)

Environmental Impacts

Will construction of the Alternate have greater direct or indirect impacts on the river when compared to others?

River Recreation Impacts

- Will the Alternate contribute to or detract from the river recreation experience?
- Will the Alternate inhibit river recreation access?
- Will the Alternate adversely affect access to Wingfield Park?

Bridge Aesthetics

- How well does the Alternate represent your vision for the "look" of the structure?
- Does the Alternate compliment its surroundings, or does it detract from the visual experience in the river and/or downtown corridor?
- Should a signature structure be considered? Or is a more traditional structure with aesthetic enhancements (color and texture) more appropriate?

<u>Attributes Y and Z</u>

 Placeholders to allow the reviewer to add an attribute if the reviewer feels strongly the current attribute list does not capture an impact or concern. If an additional attribute is identified, note it on the scoring card. Proposed additions will be discussed with the group during the TAC meeting, and added/scored as may be appropriate based on the group discussion.

Existing Conditions

North Bridge, View Looking East



South Bridge, View Looking East





Some things to consider when evaluating the Single Pier Concept:

- 1) In-river center pier shortens span lengths and allows for thinner deck section.
- 2) Thin overall deck section with uniform depth optimizes ability to accommodate flood flows without raising roadway profile.
- 3) Relatively short spans can be accommodated using precast concrete beams, steel I-girders, or cast-in-place concrete construction.
- 4) An "open soffit" system (discrete steel I-girders or precast concrete beams) may increase the potential to snag flood debris under the bridge.
- 5) A cast-in-place concrete box girder with a "closed soffit" may eliminate the potential to snag flood debris under the bridge but requires temporary shoring/falsework in the river to support construction.
- 6) A single in-river pier versus two existing in-river piers reduces the potential for river debris to snag and collect on the structure.
- 7) A single in-river pier may reduces the number of obstructions for river activities.
- 8) River diversions required for abutment and pier removal and construction.
- 9) All three bridge types (precast, CIP and steel) involve common construction methods familiar to many contractors, increasing competition during bidding which could lead to lower costs.









Some things to consider when evaluating the Clear Span Concept (Rigid Frame):

- 1) Thickened deck section near abutments allows for thickness at mid-span span to be comparable to the uniform depth of the Single Pier Concept.
- 2) Thickened deck section near abutments may impact the ability to provide freeboard above flood flows over the full length of the structure.
- 3) Potential for flood debris to collect is reduced with no in-river pier but may not be eliminated with the thickened deck at the abutments.
- 4) Structure type does not easily accommodate precast elements; temporary shoring/falsework will be required in the river to support construction.
- 5) A "closed soffit" may eliminate the potential to snag flood debris under the bridge.
- 6) No in-river center pier to obstruct recreation activities.
- 7) River diversions required for abutment and pier removal and for abutment construction.
- 8) Common construction methods familiar to many contractors, but perceived risk with the need to erect temporary falsework in the river may lead to higher bid prices.









Some things to consider when evaluating the Underdeck Arch Concept:

- 1) Could be considered "more interesting" aesthetically when viewed from the river or park areas.
- 2) Low arch elements, especially near the abutments, will have a greater tendency to collect flood debris.
- Low arch elements near abutments may make it difficult to provide freeboard above flood flows over the full length of the structure and may be prone to collecting debris.
- 4) No in-river center pier to obstruct recreation activities, but low arch elements at abutment may make it difficult to accommodate the existing path beneath the structure. The structure may also adversely impact existing access points.
- 5) River diversions required for abutment and pier removal and for abutment construction.
- 6) Complexities in design and construction will drive costs higher than for more common structure types.
- 7) Complexities in construction may increase cost and schedule risks.
- 8) Atypical construction methods may limit the pool of contractors with appropriate expertise and drive up bid prices.









Some things to consider when evaluating the Tied Arch Concept:

- 1) Could be considered "more interesting" aesthetically when viewed at street level from nearby and distant vantage points.
- 2) Deck supported from above, relatively thin deck section optimizes ability to accommodate flood flows without raising roadway profile.
- 3) No in-river center pier to obstruct recreation activities.
- 4) Above-deck arch supports will inhibit equipment access for bridge maintenance and inspection.
- 5) River diversions required for abutment and pier removal and for abutment construction.
- 6) Complexities in design and construction will drive costs higher than for more common structure types.
- 7) Complexities in construction likely to increase cost and schedule risks.
- 8) Specialty construction methods may limit the pool of contractors with appropriate expertise and drive up bid prices.









Some things to consider when evaluating the Elevated Bridge Concept:

1) Thin overall deck section, longer spans and wider river openings may improve flood conveyance.

- 2) Spans can be accommodated using precast concrete or cast-in-place concrete construction.
- An "open soffit" system (discrete steel I-girders or precast concrete beams) increase the potential to snag flood

debris under the bridge.

 A cast-in-place concrete box girder with a "closed soffit" may eliminate the potential to snag flood debris under

the bridge but requires temporary shoring/falsework in the river to support construction.

- 5) Longer north and south bridges require reconfiguring some portions of Wingfield Park. More park area may be useable under the longer bridges, but new embankment on elevated profile between bridges would impact existing park facilities.
- 6) Improved in-river pier configuration may reduce the potential for river debris to snag and collect on the





ELEVATION

Concept Evaluation

							Name:					
		Attribute	Construction Cost	Construction Schedule and Cost Risks	Existing Infrastructure Impacts	Maintenance and Inspection Access	Long Term Maintenance Costs	Environmental Impacts	River Recreation Impacts	Bridge Aesthetics	Attribute Y	Attribute Z
	ID	Alternative Description				1	Attribute	e Score (a)				
		Single Pier Concept										
	SP-N1	Precast Concrete Girders										
ge	SP-N2	Cast-in-Place Concrete Box										
Brid	SP-N3	Steel I-Girders										
orth		Clear Span Concept										
ž	CS-N1	Underdeck Arch										
	CS-N2	Rigid Frame										
	CS-N3	Tied Arch										
ses		Elevated Bridge Concept										
Bridg	EB-NS1	Precast Concrete Girders										
ζS Ε	EB-NS2	Cast-in-Place Concrete Box										
ĩ	EB-NS3	Steel I-Girders										
(a)	Attribu	te Score: Excellent = 10; Good	= 7; Fai	r=4; Pc	oor = 1							
	See "Qu	ualitative Attribute Guidelines'	' and "Co	ncept Ev	valuatior	n" summ	aries for	additior	nal infori	mation		



Concept Evaluation – Y&Z Attributes

- Three Attributes Suggested:
 - Permitting and Ancillary Impacts to Park (Scope Creep)
 - All Clear Span concepts rated nearly "excellent"
 - ► All Single Pier concepts rated "good"
 - All Elevated concepts rated "fair"
 - Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design
 - Clear Span Rigid Frame rated "excellent"
 - ► All Single Pier concepts rated "good"
 - Clear Span Tied Arch rated "fair"
 - Clear Span Deck Arch rated "poor"
 - All Elevated concepts rated "poor"

ROJECT

Concept Evaluation – Y&Z Attributes

- Three Attributes Suggested:
 - Homeless Camps/Graffiti/Illicit Activity
 - All Clear Span concepts rated nearly "good"
 - ► All Single Pier concepts rated "fair"
 - All Elevated concepts rated nearly "poor"
- Added Attributes currently not included in the Scoring Results
- Including individuals' scores for added attributes results in subtle change in overall ranking

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Concept Evaluation – Scoring Results

Rank

Score



	Single Pier Concept			0	10	20	30	40
	SP-N1 Precast Concrete Girders	50	2					
e	SP-N2 Cast-in-Place Concrete Box	46	4					
Bridg	SP-N3 Steel I-Girders	45	5					
lorth	Clear Span Concept							
2	CS-N1 Underdeck Arch	47	3					
	CS-N2 Rigid Frame	58	1					
	CS-N3 Tied Arch	38	6					
es	Elevated Bridge Concept							
3ridg	EB-NS1 Precast Concrete Girders	36	7					L
I&S I	EB-NS2 Cast-in-Place Concrete Box	34	8					
Z	EB-NS3 Steel I-Girders	33	9					

Concept Evaluation – Scoring Results



			Score	Rank	Α	В	С	D	Ε	F	G	н	I
	S	Single Pier Concept											
	SP-N1	Precast Concrete Girders	50	2	2	7	2	7	1	2	3	3	2
e	SP-N2	Cast-in-Place Concrete Box	46	4	1	8	1	9	2	2	5	5	7
Bridg	SP-N3	Steel I-Girders	45	5	2	9	4	8	4	2	4	4	4
lorth	C	Clear Span Concept											
2	CS-N1	Underdeck Arch	47	3	6	4	5	1	5	6	2	2	2
	CS-N2	Rigid Frame	58	1	4	5	3	1	2	1	1	1	1
	CS-N3	Tied Arch	38	6	5	6	6	3	5	5	6	6	5
es	E	Elevated Bridge Concept											
3ridg	EB-NS1	Precast Concrete Girders	36	7	8	1	8	4	5	6	7	7	6
RS F	EB-NS2	Cast-in-Place Concrete Box	34	8	7	2	7	5	8	6	8	9	9
Z	EB-NS3	Steel I-Girders	33	9	8	3	9	6	9	6	8	7	8

Concept Evaluation – Y&Z Attributes

			Score	Rank
		Single Pier Concept		
	SP-N1	Precast Concrete Girders	50	2
e	SP-N2	Cast-in-Place Concrete Box	46	4
Bridg	SP-N3	Steel I-Girders	45	5
orth		Clear Span Concept		
z	CS-N1	Underdeck Arch	47	3
	CS-N2	Rigid Frame	58	1
	CS-N3	Tied Arch	38	6
SS		Elevated Bridge Concept		
3ridg(EB-NS1	Precast Concrete Girders	36	7
&S E	EB-NS2	Cast-in-Place Concrete Box	34	8
Z	EB-NS3	Steel I-Girders	33	9



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Sco	Scoring		Details	Construction Cost			Co Scł C	ction e and sks	
				L	н	Avg	L	н	Avg
			Single Pier Concept						
		SP-N1	Precast Concrete Girders	4	10	7.6	3	10	6.8
	ge	SP-N2	Cast-in-Place Concrete Box	2	10	6.6	2	8	5.6
	Brid	SP-N3	Steel I-Girders	4	10	6.8	3	9	5.8
	lorth		Clear Span Concept						
	2	CS-N1	Underdeck Arch	1	7	4.6	3	7	5.3
		CS-N2	Rigid Frame	4	10	6.4	4	10	7.1
		CS-N3	Tied Arch	1	4	2.4	1	5	2.5
	es		Elevated Bridge Concept						
	EB-NS1		Precast Concrete Girders	1	7	4.3	1	8	5.0
	I&S	EB-NS2	Cast-in-Place Concrete Box	1	6	3.8	1	8	4.1
	2	EB-NS3	Steel I-Girders	1	6	3.5	1	8	4.3



Sco	Scoring Details				Existing Infrastructure Impacts			Maintenance and Inspection Access			Long Term Maintenance Costs		
1				L	н	Avg	L	н	Avg	L	н	Avg	
			Single Pier Concept										
	Bridge	SP-N1	Precast Concrete Girders	5	9	7.0	5	9	6.9	4	10	6.5	
		SP-N2	Cast-in-Place Concrete Box	4	9	6.6	4	9	6.6	3	10	6.5	
		SP-N3	Steel I-Girders	5	9	7.0	4	9	6.5	3	10	5.3	
	Vorth		Clear Span Concept										
	2	CS-N1	Underdeck Arch	1	9	5.8	4	8	5.8	4	7	5.8	
		CS-N2	Rigid Frame	6	10	7.5	5	10	7.9	6	10	7.9	
		CS-N3	Tied Arch	4	9	6.3	1	7	3.5	1	7	3.5	
	ន្ល Elevated Bridge Cond		Elevated Bridge Concept										
	Bridg	EB-NS1	Precast Concrete Girders	1	7	2.9	1	8	5.0	1	8	5.0	
	I&S I	EB-NS2	Cast-in-Place Concrete Box	1	7	2.8	1	9	4.8	1	7	4.8	
	2	EB-NS3	Steel I-Girders	1	7	2.9	1	7	4.9	1	7	3.8	



Scoring	Details
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North Bridge

Bridges

N&S

ng	Details	Environmental Impacts			River Recreation Impacts			Bridge Aesthetics		
		L	н	Avg	L	н	Avg	L	н	Avg
Single Pier Concept										
SP-N1	Precast Concrete Girders	2	7	5.0	2	10	5.8	1	7	4.7
SP-N2	Cast-in-Place Concrete Box	2	7	4.5	2	10	5.4	1	8	4.4
SP-N3	Steel I-Girders	2	7	4.1	2	10	5.7	1	7	4.3
Clear Span Concept										
CS-N1	Underdeck Arch	4	7	6.0	1	8	6.3	1	9	6.8
CS-N2	Rigid Frame	4	10	6.8	5	10	8.4	3	10	6.8
CS-N3	Tied Arch	4	7	5.3	4	10	7.3	4	9	6.9
	Elevated Bridge Concept									
EB-NS1	Precast Concrete Girders	1	7	4.0	1	10	6.1	1	7	3.7
EB-NS2	Cast-in-Place Concrete Box	1	7	3.8	1	10	5.9	1	7	4.1
EB-NS3	Steel I-Girders	1	6	3.9	1	10	6.1	1	7	3.4



Identify Concepts to Carry Forward



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Discussion Summary, Concurrence & Agreements



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Thank you for Participating!



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