ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN CRITERIA	ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN CONSTRAINTS	
	PERMITTING	
<ol> <li>City of Reno Special Use Permit         <ul> <li>City of Reno to confirm if required</li> </ul> </li> <li>USACE 408 Permit         <ul> <li>application required to be completed/submitted before 404 permit application.             <ul></ul></li></ul></li></ol>	1. Conditions and schedule -City of Reno Special Use Permit – conditions/schedule TBD (by City of Reno) -408 – per CTWCD 18 month schedule -per USACE, 408 needs to precede 404 permit – USACE will work with CTWCD and USACE civil works	-408 and 404 permittin -access to river bed for -need to determine who -USACE will have to d -the river is a traditiona Colony – need to deter documented and mitiga -per CTWCD, model s bridge structure (e.g., r flood season (Nov thru - determine 100-year V
	HISTORIC (SECTION 106)	
<ol> <li>Bridges are not eligible for any registers</li> <li>Confirm purpose and need for Programmatic Agreement</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Define Area of Potential Effects         <ul> <li>Direct and Indirect Effects</li> </ul> </li> <li>Identify and document resources</li> <li>Determine effects         <ul> <li>If adverse, produce agreement document</li> <li>Implement monitoring program</li> </ul> </li> <li>Implement mitigation</li> <li>Proceed with Project</li> <li>Programmatic Agreement</li> </ol>	Standard Section 106 p Programmatic Agreem -need to confirm (with eligible for registers -confirm (with NDOT, PA -direct and indirect (e.g effects need to be evalu

#### NOTES

- ing process can proceed in parallel.
- or debris removal is very important
- ho is lead federal agency (USACE or FHWA)
- do their own Sect. 106 consultation w/ tribes
- nal cultural property (TCP) for Reno Sparks Indian ermine how the TCP is evaluated and adverse effects gated
- survey/LiDAR sufficient for bathymetry beneath the no survey needed); construction prohibited during ru Jun) or flows over 14K cfs
- WSEL/cfs and confirm OHWM w/ TRFMA

process should be appropriate for Project

ment – needed if no adverse effects (direct or indirect)

h NDOT, USACE/NV SHPO) that bridges are not

Γ, USACE/NV SHPO) the need for and purpose of the

e.g., viewshed of surrounding historic properties) luated to complete section 106

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN CRITERIA	ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN CONSTRAINTS	
	SECTIONS 4(f) and 6(f)	
<ol> <li>Section 4(f) provides for consideration of park and recreation lands, wildlife and waterfowl refuges, and historic sites during transportation project development         <ul> <li>Applies to U.S. DOT and implemented by FHWA</li> <li>Section 6(f) Land and Water Conservation Fund (LWCF) preserves, develops, and assures accessibility to outdoor recreation resources</li> <li>Provides funds and authorizes federal assistance for planning, acquisition, and development of land, water areas and facilities</li> <li>Provides funds for federal acquisition and development of lands and other areas</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Section 4(f) includes publicly-owned recreational and historic properties         <ul> <li>Truckee River Trail detours during construction</li> <li>Pedestrian traffic detours</li> <li>Impacts to property features, attributes or characteristics</li> </ul> </li> <li>Section 6(f) includes public &amp; private properties that have received LWCF funding         <ul> <li>Impacts to properties or property elements purchased using LWCF</li> <li>Includes temporary closures during construction</li> <li>Applies to Truckee River Greenbelt, Wingfield Park and Reno Whitewater Park</li> <li>Potentially applies to Barbara Bennett Park</li> <li>If yes, mitigate by replacing property or property element</li> <li>If work enhances property feature/attribute and is part of property management plan, can be covered under Enhance Exception</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	-per City of Reno Park parks used LWCF fun

### NOTES

ks Dept. (Jeff Mann, Parks Manager) none of the nding – mitigation per Section 6(f) not required

ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN CRITERIA	ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN CONSTRAINTS	
	Hazardous material assessment did not reveal any sites that would pose a risk to the Project	Adjacent buildings an presence of asbestos-
	<ul> <li>Bridge structure could have asbestos or lead, requiring surveys and abatement (as needed)</li> <li>1. Inspections for ACM and LBP will be required for structures, utilities, and guards prior to demolition – could require special handling, abatement and</li> </ul>	-petroleum contamina with Virginia St. bridg (NDEP could be cons water course.
	disposal	
BIOLOGICAL / NATURAL RESOURCES		
1. Natural Resources	1. Natural Resources - Protected special status (state or Federal) species	-the 11 species based
2. Waters of the U.S. (WOUS / Wetlands)	a. 11 species with some potential to occur within/adjacent to Project	-environmental memo
	b. Biological surveys and monitoring during construction	report
	c. Minimize adverse effects to birds, bats and fisheries	-need concurrence fro through Jurisdictional
	2. WOUS / Wetlands - Perennial waterway (Truckee River)	
	a. Highly modified (fully cemented / riprap/cement fill banks)	
	b. Implement mitigation (as-needed) for adverse effects	
	3. Wetlands/Riparian	
	a. Wetlands/riparian delineation	
	b. Streambank modification/alteration	

#### NOTES

nd structures were not inspected for the possible containing materials (ACM) or lead-based paint (LBP)

ated soil (PCS) detected and managed in connection lge – need to evaluate potential for PCS at AAB sulted) and/or may have been remedied with white

on a 2 mile radius search – likely less than 11 species extents

os are being prepared and will be appended to FS

om USACE on ordinary high water mark (OHWM) l Determination (JD) - takes 8-10 months

ENGINEERING DESIGN CRITERIA	ENGINEERING DESIGN CONSTRAINTS	
	BRIDGE / ROADWAY	
<ol> <li>Access vehicular (including rescue vehicles), pedestrian, &amp; bicycles, as well as access to existing park)</li> <li>Design hydraulic event and associated freeboard</li> <li>Flood conveyance</li> <li>Scour</li> <li>Alignment</li> <li>Design Speed (vertical curves, sight distance, etc.) currently signed for 15 mph</li> <li>Meet NDOT and ASHTO design standards</li> <li>Evaluate existing drainage structures and out-falls</li> <li>Evaluate superstructure for lighting and impacts to view shed</li> <li>Evaluate superstructure for potential aesthetic and architectural treatments</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>BRIDGE / ROADWAY</li> <li>1. Cost</li> <li>2. Constructability (including construction access)</li> <li>3. Foundation Type (including permitting implications of foundation type)</li> <li>4. Bridge Type (including material type i.e. steel vs. concrete, style and aesthetic treatments) <ul> <li>a. Accommodate numerous special events</li> <li>b. Provide access to Wingfield Park and Truckee River</li> <li>c. Accommodate numerous pedestrians on, surrounding and beneath bridge structure</li> </ul> </li> <li>5. Surrounding property impacts? <ul> <li>a. Floodwalls, right-of-way, drainage, infrastructure, park improvements, etc.</li> <li>b. Roadway profile</li> </ul> </li> <li>6. Maintenance of Traffic (Staged construction vs. Full closure vs. New Alignment) primarily during construction <ul> <li>a. events</li> <li>b. Island Avenue access</li> </ul> </li> <li>7. Bridge superstructure access for ease of future biennial inspections.</li> <li>8. Channel access for maintenance and debris removal during flood events (and before)</li> </ul>	
	9. Superstructure height impacting view shed	
RIGHT-OF-WAY / ACCESS		

## NOTES

ENGINEERING DESIGN CRITERIA	ENGINEERING DESIGN CONSTRAINTS	
<ol> <li>ROW impacts to adjacent properties</li> <li>Public access to adjacent properties</li> <li>Future maintenance access for river, while maintaining existing white water features (downstream)</li> <li>Maintain/improve whitewater rescue access</li> <li>Maintain access to river during winter for debris removal</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Permanent ROW acquisitions from adjoining properties         <ul> <li>Wingfield Park or other properties</li> <li>Temporary construction easements on adjoining properties</li> <li>Duration and intensity of adjacent property access during construction</li> <li>Property access changes post-construction</li> </ul> </li> <li>Construction staging and access</li> </ol>	-access to river chann -whitewater rescue fro -incl. ROW/access co -incl. input from CoR
	<b>BIKE / PEDESTRIAN USE</b>	
<ol> <li>ADA and/or Public Right-of-Way Access Guidelines (PROWAG) requirements</li> </ol>	Compliance with RTC Bicycle and Pedestrian Master Plan Pedestrian and bicycle safety	-incl. lighting design pedestrian/bicycle saf
	LAND USE	
Compatible with local and regional plans	<ol> <li>Reimagine Reno (City of Reno 2017)</li> <li>Washoe County Master Plan, Land Use and Transportation (Washoe County Department of Community Development 2011)</li> <li>Bicycle and Pedestrian Master Plan (Regional Transportation Commission 2017)</li> <li>Complete Streets Master Plan (Regional Transportation Commission 2016)</li> <li>2012 Truckee Meadows Regional Plan (Truckee Meadows Regional Planning Agency 2017)</li> </ol>	Project is not expecte downtown mixed-use existing land uses are Project will continue along the river, with r economic investment safety of recreational -Research One Truck

#### NOTES

nel required during and post construction

rom Whitewater Park – access cannot disturb park

onsiderations for stormwater outfalls

R Fire Dept. on park and river rescue

criteria separately for 1) events and 2) fety

ed to change existing or future land use in the area, with e properties dominating the surrounding area and e expected to remain generally unchanged in the future

to support and provide access to the recreational areas roadway and pedestrian improvements supporting c, redevelopment and improving accessibility and users and the public

kee River Management Plan for use/reference

ENGINEERING DESIGN CRITERIA	ENGINEERING DESIGN CONSTRAINTS	
	6. City of Reno Sustainability Plan	
	7. Downtown Action Plan (City of Reno 2017)	
	8. Downtown Streetscape Master Plan (First Street intersection), view shed	
	TRAFFIC	
	1. Year 2015 Field Daily Traffic Volume (from NDOT) along/near Arlington	-consider non-standar
	Avenue Bridge = 8,800 vehicles per day (vpd)	-consider RTP update
	<ol><li>Year 2040 volumes developed using the RTC Washoe's travel demand model and according to NDOT's Traffic Forecasting Guidelines</li></ol>	-consider future RTC
	<ol> <li>Year 2040 Forecast Daily Traffic Volume along/near the Arlington Avenue Bridge = 10,900 vpd</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Used Transportation Research Board's (TRB) Highway Capacity Manual (HCM) 6th Edition to determine a planning-level automobile Level of Service (LOS) for the roadway segment on the bridge</li> </ol>	
	5. Planning-level automobile LOS likely to be experienced on the bridge by year 2040 is LOS E	
	a. Constrained by Arlington Avenue north and south of the Truckee River	
	UTILITIES	
Existing utilities (electricity, natural gas, water)	Include constraints for future utilities (fiber-optic for 5G networks)	-confirm existing (and
Existing utilities (stormwater)	Evaluate and consider prior rights	Sprint, etc. and City o
Future utilities (fiber-optic / 5G network)		

## NOTES

rd vehicle traffic weight/load

e elements, updated traffic model (2050 plan)

bus types

d future) utility network with NV Energy, Verizon, of Reno

ENGINEERING DESIGN CRITERIA	ENGINEERING DESIGN CONSTRAINTS	
Acronym definitions:		-confirm existing (an
NVSHPO – Nevada State Historic Preservation office		Sprint, etc. and City
FHWA – Federal Highways Administration		
USACE – US Army Corp of Engineers		
NDOT – Nevada Department of Transportation		
CTWCD - Carson-Truckee Water Conservancy District		
ASHTO – the American Association of State Highway Transportation Officials		

## NOTES

nd future) utility network with NV Energy, Verizon, of Reno